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January 1970

Radio Navigation Coordinate Corrections for Excess Phase Accumulation Over Irregular, Inhomogeneous Terrain

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Technical Memorandum ERLTM-ITS 220

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE / ENVIRONMENTAL SCIENCE SERVICES ADMINISTRATION

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FOREWORD

This work was completed as part of interagency work order F3361567M5010, amendment P002, dated September 13, 1968, for the United States Air Force (AFSC), Loran Programs Office (ASD), Wright-Patterson AF Base, Ohio 45433. It represents part of the theoretical work performed under this order.

It should be emphasized that numerical examples given in this report are cases of extreme roughness over the entire propagation path, intended to give physically possible bounds. These results are not necessarily appropriate to data obtained in the flight test program. In fact, the latter data are to be analyzed in separate reports, based on both the exact approach given in ESSA Technical Report ERL 121-ITS 85 and the approximate methods outlined in ESSA Technical Report ERL 116-ITS 63 and in this report.

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ABSTRACT

Radio navigation systems such as Loran C, D operate on ground waves over distances up to 3000 or 4000 km from the transmitters. If the ground is inhomogeneous and irregular, the wave propagation may be considerably different from the classical smooth, spherical ground behavior. In addition to local perturbations in the field resulting from mountains and ground geological structure, an excess phase accumulation as a function of distance from the transmitter can be theoretically demonstrated. In this paper, the effect of a surface wave, excited by uniform roughness of the ground, on the navigation coordinate calculation is used to calculate large but physically possible excess phase accumulations. A computer program based on simplified and more general rough ground concepts is presented. Time differences, gradients, latitude, longitude, and distances along a geodetic line can be calculated with this program. Various indexes of roughness can be introduced for each propagation path calculated.

Key Words: Ground impedance, ground wave, ground wave propagation, LF ground wave, Loran, Loran C, Loran D, low frequencies, propagation, propagation over rough terrain, radio navigation.

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1. INTRODUCTION

In a previous paper (Johler and Berry, 1967), the procedure for calculating the effects of arbitrary two-dimensional rough terrain on the radio navigation signal was presented. More recently (Johler, 1969b), a theory based on simplified and more general impedance concepts was introduced as a computer program for calculating phase corrections. While calculations with this technique ordinarily pertain to uniformly rough surfaces, considerable generalization of the impedance concept to almost any type of geological structure seems to be possible. Calculations of the phase corrections over almost any type of terrain can then be made within the framework of classical theory. This greatly simplifies the computer program, compared with the tedious numerical integration required in the more rigorous integral equation solution (Johler and Berry, 1967).

Previously (Johler, 1969b), it was found that a surface wave could be excited over uniformly rough terrain at 100 kHz. Under such circumstances an excess phase accumulation as a function of distance from the transmitter was noted. Thus, the phase lag was considerably greater than the phase lag possible over smooth, spherical ground. This phase accumulation was also noted by Johler and Berry (1967), since the phase perturbations caused by a single ridge or hill caused an apparent permanent phase offset after the hill was passed. This paper demonstrates the effect of excess phase accumulation on a Loran C, D coordinate calculation.

A radio navigation fix is usually obtained as the intersection of two hyperbolic lines of position. These hyperbolic lines are synthesized (fig. 1) from a set of three transmitters comprising a master (M) and two slaves (S_1 and S_2) separated by convenient baseline lengths, d_{b_1} and d_{b_2} . The radio navigator's line of position is expressed as a constant time difference,

$$\Delta t = \text{constant} , \quad (1)$$

where

$$\Delta t = \frac{\eta_1}{c} [d_b + d_s - d_m] + t_c (d_b) + t_c (d_s) - t_c (d_m) + C_s . \quad (2)$$

In (2),

η_1 = index of refraction of air, $\eta_1 = 1.0001$ to 1.0003 .

c = speed of light, $c \sim 2.997925(10^8)$ m/s.

d_b = length of a geodetic line from the master to a slave, i. e., the baseline.

d_m = length of a geodetic line from an observation point to the master transmitter.

d_s = length of a geodetic line from an observation point to a slave transmitter.

C_s = coding delay or the retransmission time of the slave signal.

t_c = phase correction for propagation over a path of length $d = d_m, d_s, d_b$, seconds. This correction is usually expressed in microseconds.

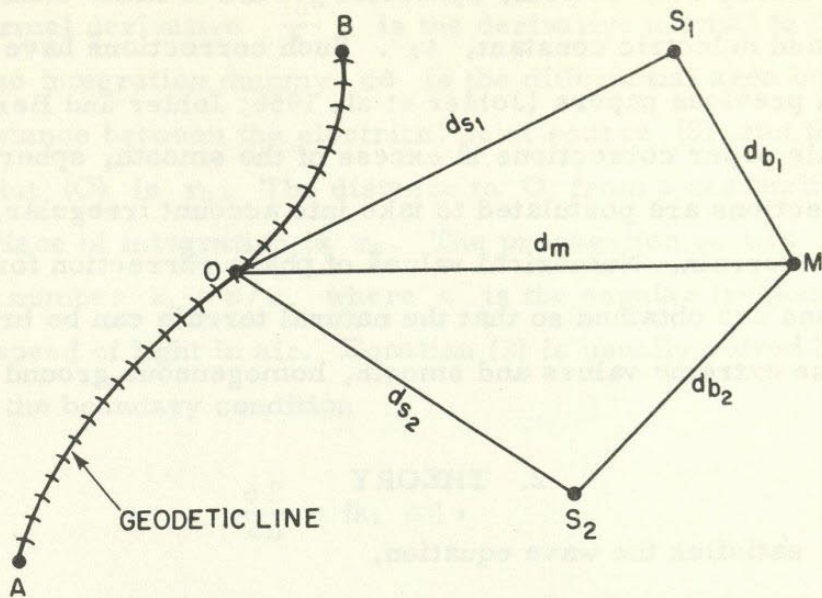


Figure 1. Loran C,D system configuration for calculating time-difference at the point O on a geodetic line AB.

All distances are calculated as the shortest distance on the Clarke spheroid of 1866 (Clarke, 1880). Methods for calculating geodetic lines have been given by Clarke (1880), U. S. Coast and Geodetic Survey (1933), and Lewis (1963). A computer program developed by Crary (1965) is based on the Lewis (1963) method for the geodesic curve. This method was adapted to the analysis presented in this paper.

Two hyperbolic lines of position Δt_1 and Δt_2 defined by (1) determine a radio navigation fix at the intersection point. If the latitude and longitude of the master and slave transmitters are known, the latitude and longitude of the intersection point can be calculated with a computer. The phase corrections t_c given in (2) must be known to accomplish this calculation with the precision required by modern navigation systems. The first order correction involves the classical

propagation theory over smooth, spherical ground of finite conductivity, σ mhos/m, and dielectric constant, ϵ_2 . Such corrections have been presented in previous papers (Johler et al, 1956; Johler and Berry, 1967). In this paper corrections in excess of the smooth, spherical ground corrections are postulated to take into account irregular, inhomogeneous terrain. Numerical values of phase correction for extreme cases are obtained so that the natural terrain can be bracketed between these extreme values and smooth, homogeneous ground values.

2. THEORY

If Π satisfies the wave equation,

$$(\nabla^2 + k^2) \Pi = 0, \quad (3)$$

where k is the wave number, we concluded in a previous paper (Johler and Berry, 1967) that inhomogeneous, irregular ground effects at a point O can be found from an evaluation of $\Pi(O)$ and a set of points $\Pi(Q)$ - where the set (Q) exist on the surface S_0 of the irregular, inhomogeneous ground - to satisfy the integral equation

$$\begin{aligned} \Pi(O) = & 2 \exp[-ik_1 r_0] / r_0 \\ & + \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{S_0} \left[\Pi(Q) \frac{\partial}{\partial n} \left(\exp[-ik_1 r_2] / r_2 \right) - \left(\exp[-ik_1 r_2] / r_2 \right) \right. \\ & \left. \times \frac{\partial}{\partial n} \Pi(Q) \right] dA. \end{aligned} \quad (4)$$

The normal derivative $\frac{\partial}{\partial n}$ is the derivative normal to the surface S_0 . The integration dummy dA is the differential area on the surface. The distance between the electrical point source (S) and the observation point (O) is r_0 . The distance to O from a scattering point on the surface of integration is r_2 . The propagation occurs in air with a wave number $k_1 = \omega/c$, where ω is the angular frequency and c is the speed of light in air. Equation (2) is usually solved by introducing the boundary condition

$$\frac{\partial \Pi}{\partial n} = ik_1 \Delta \Pi, \quad (5)$$

where

$$\Delta = Z/Z_0, \quad (6)$$

the local surface impedance relative to free space ($Z_0 = 377$ ohms) at the point Q. For vertically polarized waves,

$$\Delta = \frac{k_1}{k_2} \sqrt{1 - \frac{k_1^2}{k_2^2}}, \quad (7)$$

where

$$k_2 = \frac{\omega}{c} \sqrt{\epsilon_2 - i \frac{\sigma}{\epsilon_0 \omega}}, \quad (8)$$

and where ϵ_2 is the dielectric constant, σ the conductivity, mhos/m, and ϵ_0 the permittivity of space. If the medium were homogeneous, except for the boundary S_0 over which the integration is performed, σ would be adequately described by the d-c conductivity measurement of the medium k_2 . In general, the natural ground is not homogeneous, and a radio frequency value for σ must be found locally

by measurements of the type described by Frishknecht (1967), Johler Lilley (1961), and Johler (1969a). In the presence of such inhomogeneities as ground stratification, σ may be a complex number. If in the measurement of σ , for example, the mutual impedance of loop antennas (Wait, 1953, 1955, 1956) near the ground is used, the impedance measurement in general depends upon the entire surface S_0 . However, only local conditions affect the mutual impedance (not to be confused with the ground impedance) of the two loops to any significant extent when the loops consisting of a transmitter and a receiver are close together and close to the ground. The loop technique described in a previous paper (Johler, 1969b) therefore determines the quantity σ or indeed the complex conductivity

$$\sigma_{\text{eff}} \approx i\omega \epsilon_0 \left[\frac{\epsilon_1^2}{\Delta^2} - \epsilon_2 \right], \quad (9)$$

where ϵ_1 and ϵ_2 are the assumed dielectric constants of air and the ground. If the transmitter and receiver are far apart, as is ordinarily the case in Loran C, D phase measurements, the entire surface S_0 determines the effective complex impedance at any point O. This is a consequence of contributions from (Q), the set of local points spread over the surface S_0 . Each point Q scatters a field to O. The most important values of Q might be expected to lie on the geodetic line connecting S to O (transmitter to receiver) on a reference sphere with a radius of ~ 6360 km. Such a conclusion can be reached by applying Kelvin's principle of stationary phase. Then the off-path points would be expected to make a contribution that would be expected to diminish as the distance of Q from the geodetic line is increased. Nevertheless, in the case of natural ground, strong off-path scatterers can be found that may contribute to the impedance or a point on the geodetic line.

The question naturally arises: Can we ascribe an impedance Δ to describe the field, $\Pi(O)$ within the framework of classical theory?

In a previous paper (Johler and Berry, 1967) it was established theoretically and numerically that classical theory could be recovered by evaluating (2) for a smooth, homogeneous sphere. In the notation of this paper, $\delta = \Delta$.

In another paper (Johler, 1969b), an impedance $\Delta = \Delta_2$ was described to represent uniformly rough terrain of finite conductivity in the context of classical theory. The transverse magnetic or vertical electric ordinarily dominates as a propagated field because the transverse electric field or the vertical magnetic field is usually attenuated severely over finitely conducting ground. Thus, if we assume $|\Delta_1| \gg 1$ and $|\Delta_2| \ll 1$, where Δ_1 is the impedance for the transverse electric or TE-propagation mode and Δ_2 is the impedance for the transverse magnetic or TM-propagation mode, we can neglect the TE-propagation mode $\Pi^m(O)$. Then the TM-mode, $\Pi^e(O)$ as an attenuation function $W^e(O)$, is given by

$$W^e(O) = \frac{\Pi^e(O)}{2\Pi_{pri}(O)}, \quad (10)$$

or

$$W^e(O) \cong \sqrt{-2\pi i(k_1 a)^{\frac{1}{3}} \frac{d}{a}} \sum_{s=0}^{\infty} \frac{\exp[-i(k_1 a)^{\frac{1}{3}} \frac{d}{a} \tau_s]}{2\tau_s + (k_1 a)^{2/3} \Delta_2^2}, \quad (11)$$

where $\tau = \tau_s$ are the roots of

$$\frac{d\delta_0}{d\tau} - 2\delta_0^2 \tau + 1 = 0, \quad (12)$$

and

$$\delta_0 = \frac{-i}{(k_1 a)^{\frac{1}{3}} \Delta_2}, \quad (13)$$

and

$$\Pi_{pri}(O) = \exp[-ik_1 r_0] / r_0. \quad (14)$$

The phase correction φ_c is the quantity of importance to Loran C, D navigation:

$$\varphi_c \sim (k_1 a)^{\frac{1}{3}} \tau_o \frac{d}{a}, \quad (15)$$

where the first and dominant term of the series (11) is used, $s = 0$.

Suppose the measured value of the phase correction is φ_c' . Over smooth spherical ground, $\varphi_c' = \varphi_c$. But as a result of inhomogeneous, irregular ground,

$$\varphi_c' = \varphi_c + \xi, \quad (16)$$

where ξ is the excess phase accumulation. From Johler et al.(1959) and Johler et al.(1956),

$$\tau_o \sim \tau_{o, \infty} - \frac{1}{2 \tau_{o, \infty} \delta_o}, \quad (17)$$

where

$$\tau_{o, \infty} = 0.808 \exp \left[-i \frac{\pi}{3} \right],$$

provided $\delta_o \rightarrow \infty$ or $\sigma \rightarrow \infty$. Using (13), (16), and (17), and noticing that

$$\frac{\varphi_c + \xi}{(k_1 a)^{\frac{1}{3}} \frac{d}{a}} - \tau_{o, \infty} = \frac{(k_1 a)^{\frac{1}{3}}}{2 i \tau_{o, \infty}} \Delta_2$$

and

$$\frac{\varphi_c}{(k_1 a)^{\frac{1}{3}} \frac{d}{a}} - \tau_{o, \infty} = \frac{(k_1 a)^{\frac{1}{3}}}{2 i \tau_{o, \infty}} \Delta,$$

we can conclude that

$$\Delta_2 \approx \frac{1 + \frac{\xi(d)}{\varphi_c(d)} - \frac{\tau_{o, \infty} (k_1 a)^{\frac{1}{3}} \frac{d}{a}}{\varphi_c(d)}}{1 - \frac{\tau_{o, \infty} (k_1 a)^{\frac{1}{3}} \frac{d}{a}}{\varphi_c(d)}} \Delta. \quad (18)$$

Similarly, for $\delta_o \rightarrow 0$, $\sigma \rightarrow 0$ or Δ_2 large,

$$\Delta_2 \approx \frac{1 - \frac{\tau_{o,o} (k_1 a)^{\frac{1}{3}} \frac{d}{a}}{\varphi_c(d)}}{1 + \frac{\xi(d)}{\varphi_c(d)} - \frac{\tau_{o,o} (k_1 a)^{\frac{1}{3}} \frac{d}{a}}{\varphi_c(d)}} \Delta, \quad (19)$$

where Δ (7) is the smooth, homogeneous impedance for average ground and where

$$\tau_{o,o} = 1.856 \exp \left[-i \frac{\pi}{3} \right].$$

The time correction in microseconds for the radio navigation system is given by

$$t_c = \frac{\varphi_c}{\omega} (10^6), \quad (20)$$

or, at 100 kHz,

$$t_c = 1.592 \varphi_c. \quad (21)$$

It is, of course, obvious that this solution can be accomplished in a more exact manner by using (11), which gives

$$\varphi_c'' = \text{Arg } \Pi^*(O). \quad (22)$$

This implies that Δ_2 is calculated with the approximate formula (17) and iterated until

$$\varphi_c'' = \varphi_c' = \varphi_c + \xi, \quad (23)$$

with inclusion of all the terms, $s = 0, 1, 2, 3 \dots$ of the series (11) necessary to obtain the required accuracy. This can be accomplished, for example, by using the Miller (1956) iterative procedure to solve (23).

Usually three approximations are required to start the iterations. For this purpose (18), (19), and (7) can be used. Measurement of $\varphi_c'(d)$ uniquely determines an impedance and a field amplitude because the set $\varphi_c'(d_1), \varphi_c'(d_2), \varphi_c'(d_3) \dots$ are known, i. e., the phase is known as a function of distance. In effect, then, the $\varphi_c'(d)$ measurement has provided a numerical evaluation of the integral equation (4) for each point O, with account taken of scatter fields arising from the set (Q), the latter of which is spread over the surface S_0 . The impedance Δ_2 is then a generalized impedance and will be different as the point O is moved, which implies that

$$\Delta_2 = \Delta_2(d) . \quad (24)$$

This means that we could find a different Δ_2 at each distance d from the transmitter. Only in the case of a smooth, homogeneous spherical ground would Δ_2 be constant and equal to Δ . As pointed out in the previous paper, Δ_2 belongs to the set

$$-\frac{\pi}{2} \leq \arg \Delta_2 \leq \frac{\pi}{2} . \quad (25)$$

Also, the magnitude $|\Delta_2|$ belongs to a set:

$$0 \leq |\Delta_2| < M ,$$

where at 100 kHz the upper bound $M \sim 10^{-1}$ can be applied. Clearly, M is bounded at worst by the right half of the complex plane, since negative real Δ_2 are physically impossible. Quite naturally the analysis given above suggests mapping an area by reconnaissance. The maps would be impedance maps instead of topographic maps, showing the amplitude and phase of the impedance Δ_2 or the complex conductivity $\sigma_{\bullet, f}$ (9). Once such data are generated for an area, the behavior of

the Loran C, D system can be calculated with the aid of simplified computer programs of the type given in the appendix for arbitrary flight plans over the area.

The loss into the TE-mode can be treated in a more exact mathematical form. In a previous paper (Johler, 1969b), the vertical electric field E_r of a source dipole current moment $I_0 \ell$ ampere-meters is given by

$$E_r = \left[\frac{-\pi i \mu_0 c I_0 \ell}{2 k_1^2 r^2 b^2} \right] \sum_{s=0}^{\infty} \frac{\nu_s (\nu_s^2 - \frac{1}{4}) P_{\nu_s - \frac{1}{2}}(-\cos \theta) f_s(h_1) f_s(h_2)}{\cos(\nu_s \pi) \left[\frac{\partial}{\partial \nu} D_\nu \right]_{\nu=\nu_s}}, \quad (26)$$

where μ_0 is the permeability of space, and

$$D_\nu = \left\{ \left[-\ell n' \left(\zeta_{1r}^{(2)} \right) + i \Delta_1 \right] \left[-\ell n' \left(\zeta_{1r}^{(2)} \right) + i \Delta_2 \right] \right\}_{r=a}, \quad (27)$$

and $\nu = \nu_s$ is a solution of

$$D_\nu = 0. \quad (28)$$

The abbreviations

$$\zeta_{1a}^{(1,2)} = \zeta_n^{(1,2)}(k_2 a) = \sqrt{\frac{\pi k_1 a}{2}} H_{n+\frac{1}{2}}^{(1,2)}(k_1 a) \quad (29)$$

are used with $n = \nu - \frac{1}{2}$. The well-known Hankel functions $H_n^{(1,2)}(z)$ are of order n , argument z , and may be of the first or second kind. The logarithmic derivative $\ell n'$ is defined at $r=a$:

$$\ell n' \left(\zeta_{1r}^{(1,2)} \right) = \left. \frac{\zeta_{1r}^{(1,2)'}}{\zeta_{1r}^{(1,2)}} \right]_{r=a}, \quad (30)$$

where

$$\zeta_{1r}^{(1,2)'} = \frac{\partial}{\partial z} \zeta_n^{(1,2)}(z = k_1 r). \quad (31)$$

The function $P_n(z)$ is a Legendre function of order n and argument (z) . The height gain functions are given by

$$f_s(h_1) f_s(h_2) = \frac{\zeta_{1b}^{(1)} \zeta_{1r}^{(2)}}{\zeta_{1a}^{(1)} \zeta_{1a}^{(2)}}, \quad (r > b) \quad (32)$$

where $b = a + h_1$, $r = a + h_2$, and h_1 and h_2 are the altitude of the transmitter and receiver above the ground level, $r = a$.

After making the usual approximations to (26), one can deduce an attenuation function similar to (11),

$$W^e(O) \cong \sqrt{-2\pi i (k_1 a)^{\frac{1}{3}} \frac{d}{a}} \sum_{s=0}^{\infty} \frac{\exp\left[-i (k_1 a)^{\frac{1}{3}} \frac{d}{a} \tau_s^e\right]}{2 \tau_s^e + (k_1 a)^{2/3} \Delta_2^2} F_s, \quad (33)$$

where $F_s = F_s(s)$ and can be written

$$F_s = \frac{-\ln'(\zeta_{1a}^{(1)}) + i \Delta_1}{-\ln'(\zeta_{1a}^{(2)}) + i \Delta_1}. \quad (34)$$

If $|\Delta_1| \gg 1$, $F_s \sim 1$. This, of course, was assumed in (11).

The TE-mode does not propagate as readily as the TM-mode, but a similar attenuation function, $W^m(O)$, can be written for the TE-mode:

$$W^m(O) \cong \sqrt{-2\pi i (k_1 a)^{\frac{1}{3}} \frac{d}{a}} \sum_{s=0}^{\infty} \frac{\exp\left[-i (k_1 a)^{\frac{1}{3}} \frac{d}{a} \tau_s^m\right]}{2 \tau_s^m + (k_1 a)^{2/3} \Delta_1^2} F_m, \quad (35)$$

where $F_m = F_m(s)$ and can be written

$$F_m = \frac{-\ln'(\zeta_{1a}^{(1)}) + i \Delta_2}{-\ln'(\zeta_{1a}^{(2)}) + i \Delta_2}. \quad (36)$$

The order of the spherical wave functions v has been approximated by

$$v_s \cong k_1 a + (k_1 a)^{\frac{1}{3}} \tau_{s, m}^{\frac{1}{3}}, \quad (37)$$

where $\tau_{s, m}^{\frac{1}{3}}$ is evaluated as the root $\tau^{\frac{1}{3}}$ of

$$\frac{d \delta_{s, m}}{d \tau} - 2 \delta_{s, m}^2 \tau + 1 = 0, \quad (38)$$

and

$$\delta_{s, m} = \frac{-i}{(k_1 a)^{\frac{1}{3}} \Delta_{2, 1}}. \quad (39)$$

The following are typical values of F_s and F_m together with Δ_1 and Δ_2 at $f = 100$ kHz for various modes, $s = 0, 1, 2, 3, \dots$, (26):

s	$ F_s $	$\text{Arg } F_s$	$ F_m $	$\text{Arg } F_m$	$R_s \Delta_1$	$\text{Im } \Delta_1$	$R_s \Delta_2$	$\text{Im } \Delta_2$
0	0.9996	$-3.08(10^{-4})$	222.4	$-2.18(10^{-2})$	-0.216	-9.107	$8.19(10^{-3})$	$-6.20(10^{-2})$
1	0.9980	$-4.17(10^{-4})$	456.0	$3.03(10^{-1})$	-0.216	-9.107	$8.19(10^{-3})$	$-6.20(10^{-2})$
2	0.9960	$-5.59(10^{-4})$	236.3	$4.44(10^{-1})$	-0.216	-9.107	$8.19(10^{-3})$	$-6.20(10^{-2})$
3	0.9946	$-6.54(10^{-4})$	143.7	$5.12(10^{-1})$	-0.216	-9.107	$8.19(10^{-3})$	$-6.20(10^{-2})$

Here Δ_1 and Δ_2 are impedances for a bossy surface of the type described by Johler (1969b); uniform roughness of 300-m bosses with $3(10^{-7})$ bosses per square meter are used. This is a highly reactive impedance surface that excites a surface wave. It is apparent that the assumptions $F_s = 1$ and $\Delta_1 \gg \Delta_2$ are excellent assumptions at 100 kHz.

Of course, the vertical electric field E_r is of primary concern; hence (33) should be used for Loran C, D, unless the equipment is not measuring a strictly vertically polarized field (vertical transmitting and receiving antenna).

3. EXCESS PHASE ACCUMULATION

The application of the concepts of section 2 to field measurements of Loran C, D signals is complicated, and this task is reserved for future work. In this section we shall demonstrate the principle of excess phase accumulation (positive or negative) by introducing uniform roughness, and we shall describe the effect of such uniform roughness as though the actual ground wave over natural terrain gave the characteristic behavior to be discussed. We shall describe a hypothetical case that will give physically possible numerical values for natural ground that are not necessarily appropriate to the region described by the geographical coordinates. Extreme or very high values of roughness were selected, so that ultimately natural roughness could be bracketed between these values of roughness and smooth ground. Thus, the natural terrain values of impedance and phase correction will be bracketed between such extremes when data become available.

Consider navigating along the geodetic line AB, i. e., the shortest distance from A to B in figure 1. Suppose the area of concern could be represented by a rough surface that included departures from the sea-level spheroid for all propagation paths to the arbitrary point O on the geodetic line. It is a comparatively simple matter with the aid of the computer program presented in the appendix to calculate the Loran C, D time differences when the geodetic line AB corresponds to a radial from the transmitter (M) in figure 1, for example. Instead of calculating the time difference between the master (M) and slave ($S_{1,2}$) signals, the time difference between the master (M) and a stable oscillator carried by the observer can be made. This will give the phase accumulation as a function of distance along the geodesic over a single propagation path. In the presence of smooth, spherical ground an impedance Δ given in (7) is used. The phase accumulation as a

function of distance along the geodesic is obtained if the impedance for rough terrain, Δ_2 , is used. The corresponding calculated phase correction would be φ_c and φ_c' . The excess phase accumulation ξ caused by the rough terrain would then be $\xi = \varphi_c' - \varphi_c$. If we represent the surface with bosses of radii $a_e = 300$ m and number density $N = 3(10^{-7})\text{m}^{-2}$, we can excite a surface wave on the ground and cause considerable excess phase accumulation (Johler, 1969b). Thus, in the computer programs (see appendix) we use numbers $N = \text{ANN}$, $a_e = \text{BORA}$.

If the conductivity of the ground $\sigma = 0.005$ and the dielectric constant $\epsilon_2 = 15$, the impedance $|\Delta| = 0.03336$ and $\text{Arg}\Delta = 0.7765$ over smooth ground, while over rough terrain $|\Delta_2| = 0.06258$ and $\text{Arg}\Delta = 1.440$. The roughness has caused the surface impedance to become more reactive, i. e., the phase angle of Δ_2 is closer to $\frac{\pi}{2}$. Figure 2 illustrates the excess phase accumulation ξ as a function of distance. The direction of increasing distance is toward the transmitter (located at 662 km or $77^\circ 54'$ W longitude). Thus ξ goes to zero at the transmitter. The computer graphical presentation is specific, and the actual geographical path in the North Carolina - Tennessee area displayed by the computer is also shown. In the absence of measured data we have of course made no attempt to simulate an actual measurement over this area, since this task is reserved for future work.

To improve our quantitative physical understanding of this matter, the conductivity is increased to very highly conducting ground, $\sigma = 5$. In the presence of identical roughness and identical geodetic line, the excess phase accumulation has increased (fig. 2). Thus at 662 km from the transmitter the phase ξ has increased from 3.2 to $4.5 \mu\text{s}$. Note that we have expressed ξ in microseconds in (19) and (20), instead of radians. Figures 2, 3, and 4 show the excess phase accumulation for other geodetic lines with similar results, as might be

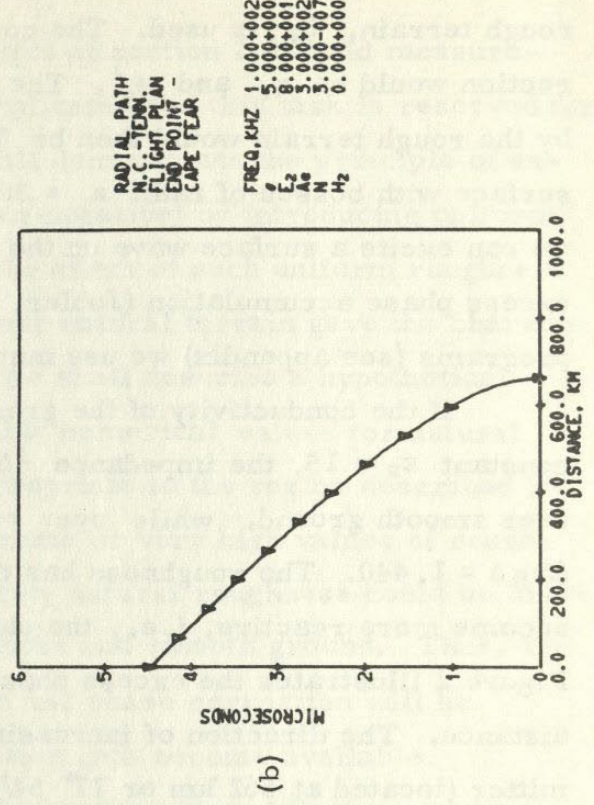
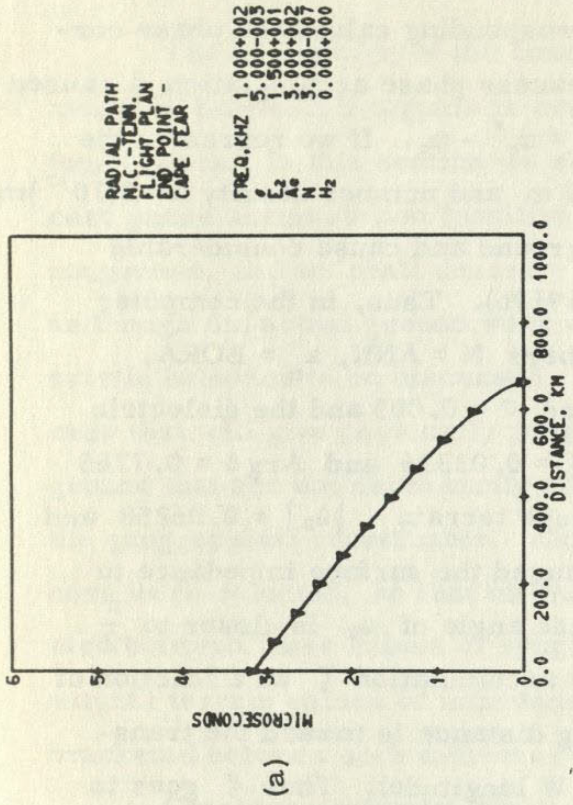
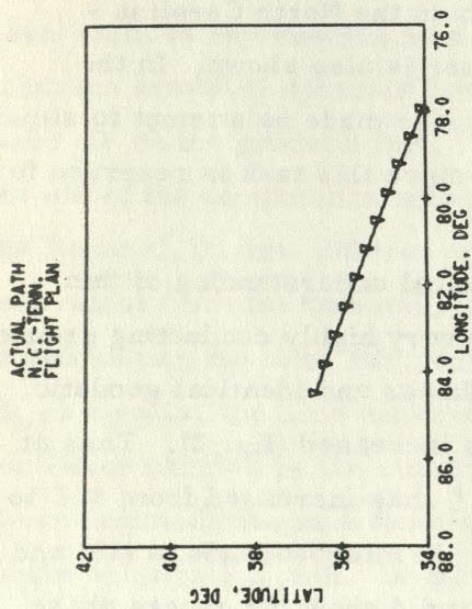
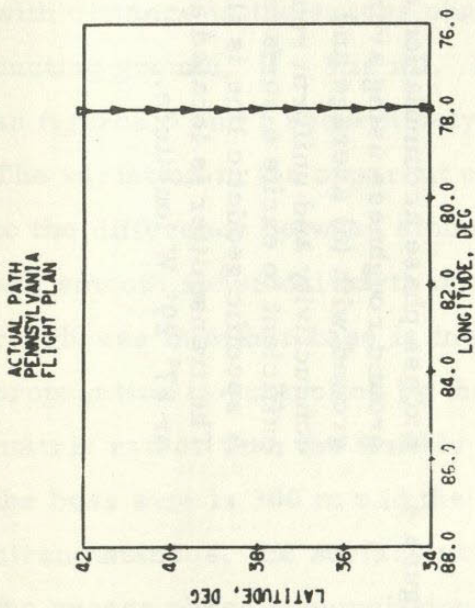
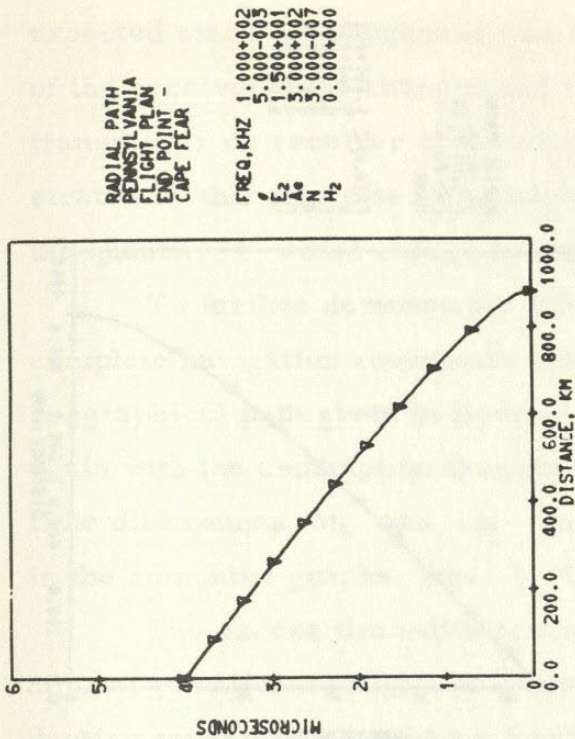


Figure 2. Excess phase accumulation due to ground roughness over ground with (a) average and (b) high conductivity and uniform roughness sufficient to excite a surface wave. A specific geodetic line is illustrated. The transmitter is located at 662 km or 77° 54' W longitude.



(a)



(b)

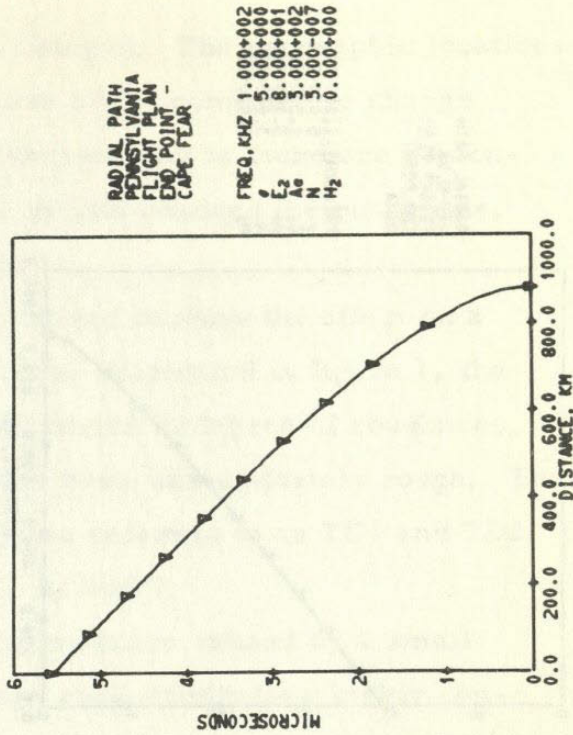
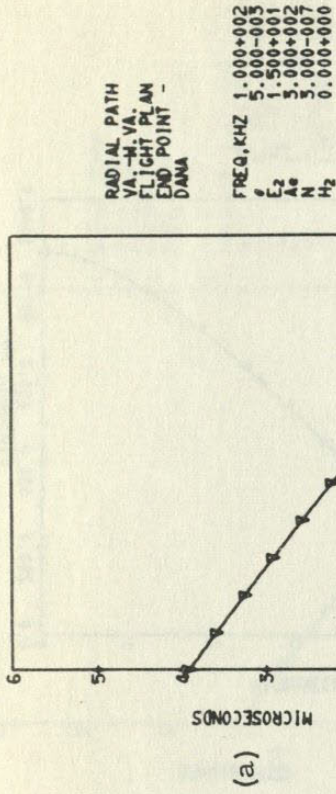
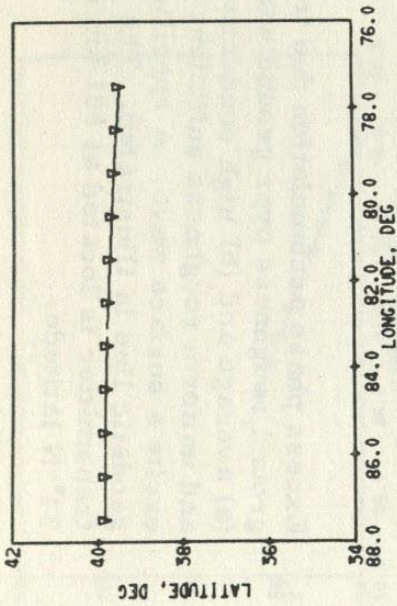
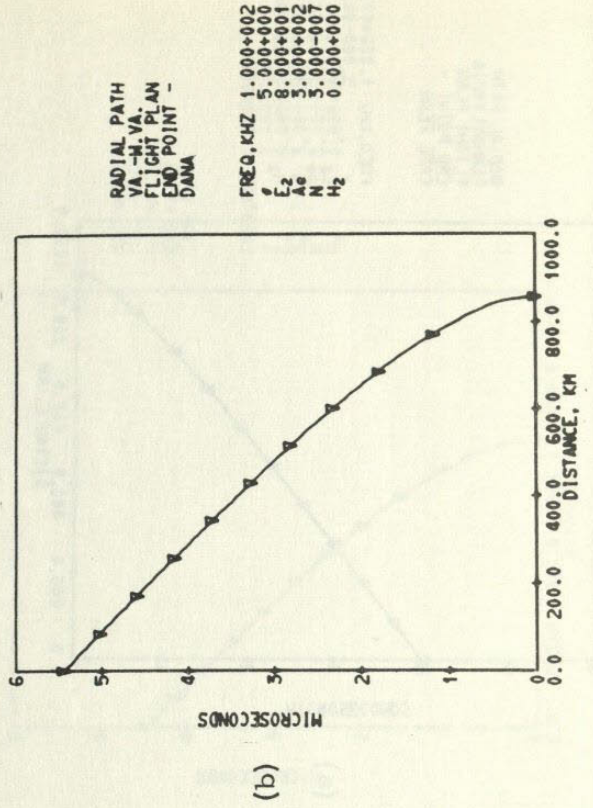


Figure 3. Excess phase accumulation due to ground roughness over ground with (a) average and (b) high conductivity and uniform roughness sufficient to excite a surface wave. A specific geodetic line is illustrated. The transmitter is located at 881 km or 34° N latitude.

ACTUAL PATH
VA - H, VA,
FLIGHT PLAN



(a)



(b)

Figure 4. Excess phase accumulation due to ground roughness using average ground with (a) average and (b) high conductivity and uniform roughness sufficient to excite a surface wave. A specific geodetic line is illustrated. The transmitter is located at 857 km or 87° 29' W longitude.

expected since the roughness was not changed. The geographic locations of the receiver were changed, and the use of the computer to change transmitter or receiver coordinates theoretically is therefore demonstrated by this exercise. If however, we had changed the roughness, the quantity ξ would change accordingly.

To further demonstrate this point and to show the effect on a complete navigation coordinate calculation illustrated in figure 1, the geographical path given in figure 2 was varied in degree of roughness, again with the assumption that the entire area was uniformly rough. The time differences Δt_1 and Δt_2 in (2) are referred to as TD1 and TD2 in the computer graphs, figs. 5, 6, 7, 8, and 9.

The excess time-difference accumulation caused by a small amount of uniform roughness of average conductivity on a highly conducting spherical ground as a function of distance along the specific geodetic line is shown in figure 5. The boss radius $a_e = 300$ m, and the number density $N = 3(10^{-8}) \text{ m}^{-2}$. Only a small variation with distance exists relative to a smooth, spherical earth of conductivity $\sigma = 5$. If the boss size is reduced (fig. 9) so that $a_e = 0.01$ m, the variation with distance in the excess phase accumulation relative to highly conducting ground, $\sigma = 5$, is nil. Figures 7 and 8 illustrate the same cases as figures 5 and 6 respectively, normalized to average ground, $\sigma = 0.005$. The variation in the apparent excess with distance is almost entirely due to the difference between smooth spherical earth of infinite conductivity and smooth spherical earth of finite conductivity, since the degree of roughness in either case is insufficient to excite a surface wave and the propagation is controlled by the assumed highly conducting background matrix rather than the finitely conducting bosses. In figure 9, however, the boss size is 300 m and the number density is $3(10^{-7})$. Under these circumstances, the surface wave is launched, and a drastic change in the excess phase accumulation with distance exists. This produces the large corrections in TD1 and TD2 shown in figure 9.

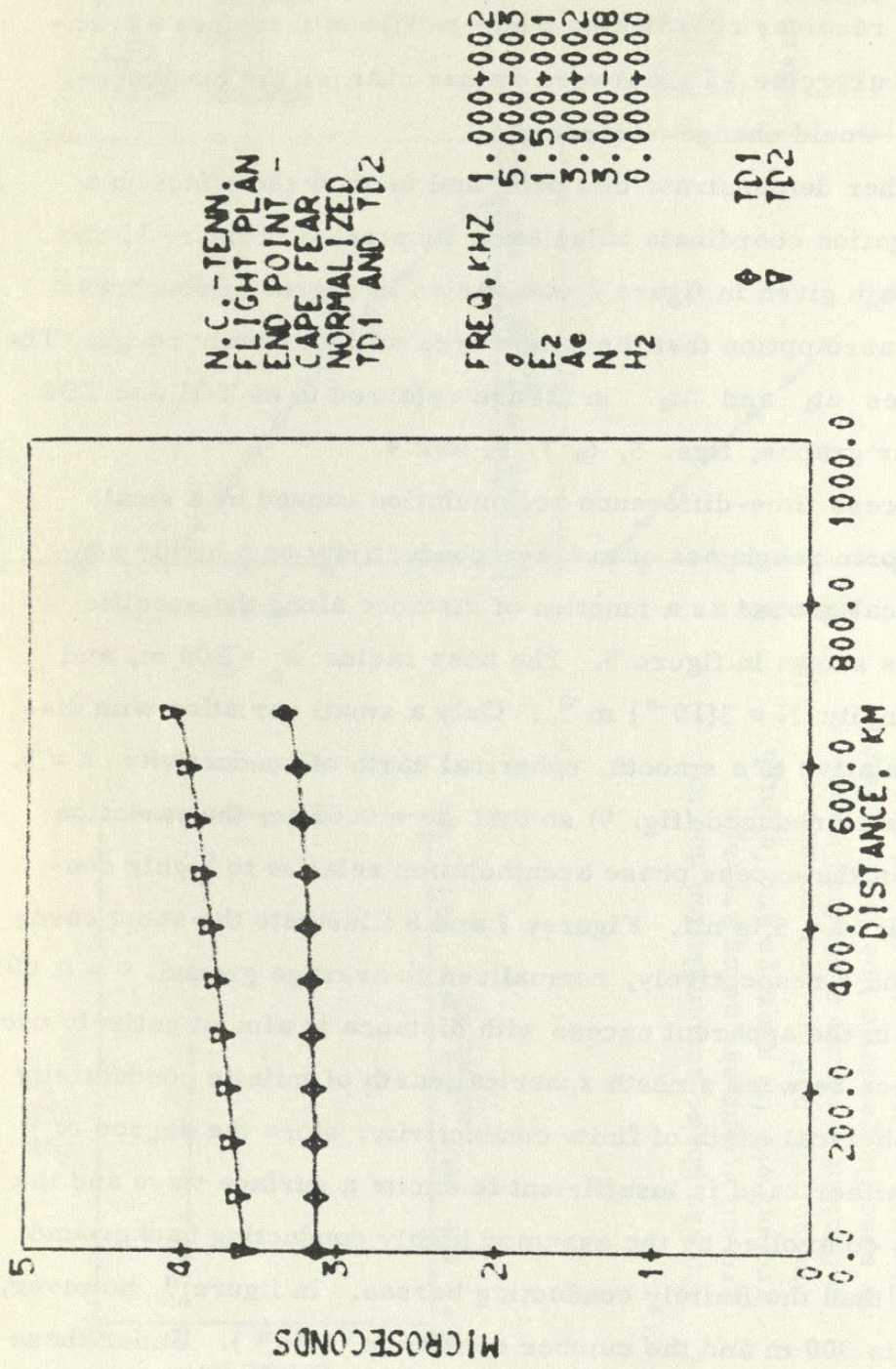


Figure 5. Excess time-difference accumulation caused by a small amount of uniform roughness of average conductivity on a highly conducting spherical ground as a function of distance along a specific geodetic line. The transmitter M (fig. 1) and point B correspond to 662 km or 77° 54' W longitude (fig. 2).

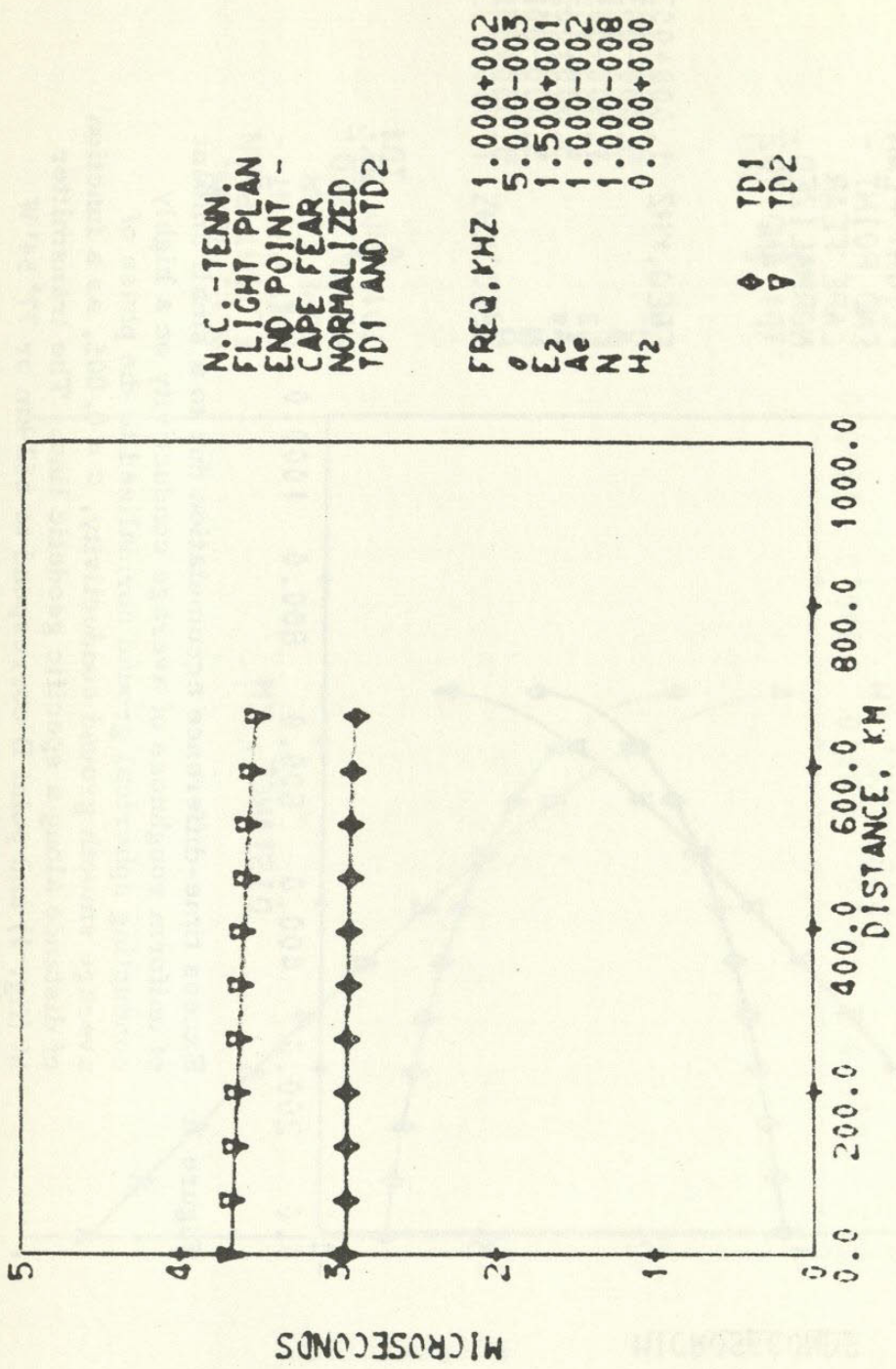


Figure 6. Excess time-difference accumulation due to a very small amount of uniform roughness of average conductivity on a highly conducting spherical ground as a function of distance along a specific geodetic line. The transmitter M (fig. 1) and point B correspond to 662 km or 77° 54' W longitude (fig. 2).

N.C. - TENN.
 FLIGHT PLAN -
 ENDEAVOR
 CAPE FEAR
 NORMALIZED
 TD1 AND TD2

FREQ. KHZ 1.000+002
 5.000-003
 1.500+001
 3.000+002
 3.000-008
 0.000+000

◇ TD1
 ▽ TD2

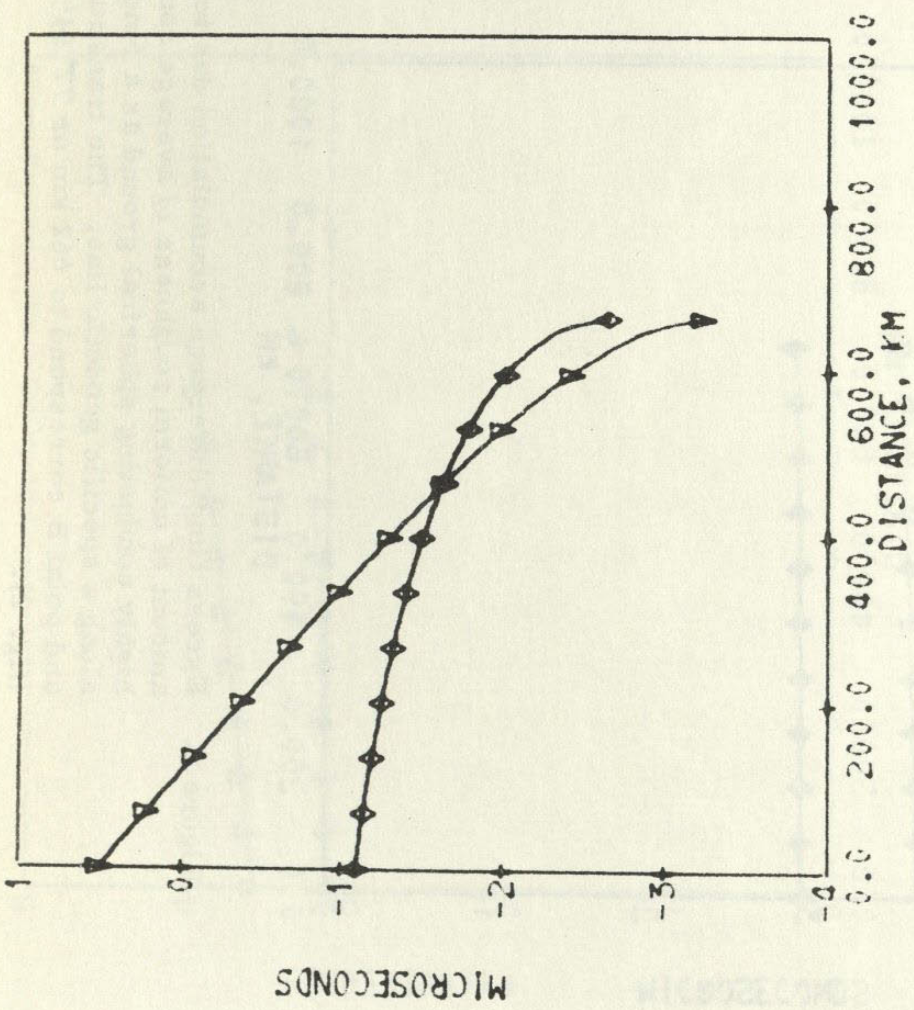


Figure 7. Excess time-difference accumulation due to a small amount of uniform roughness of average conductivity on a highly conducting spherical ground normalized to the phase of average smooth ground conductivity, $\sigma = 0.005$, as a function of distance along a specific geodetic line. The transmitter M (fig. 1) and point B correspond to 662 km or $77^{\circ} 54' W$ longitude (fig. 2).

N.C.-TENN.
 FLIGHT PLAN -
 CAPE FEAR
 NORMALIZED
 TD1 AND TD2

FREQ. KHZ 1.000+002
 ϕ 5.000-003
 E2 1.500+001
 Ae 1.000-002
 N 1.000-008
 H2 0.000+000

\diamond TD1
 ∇ TD2

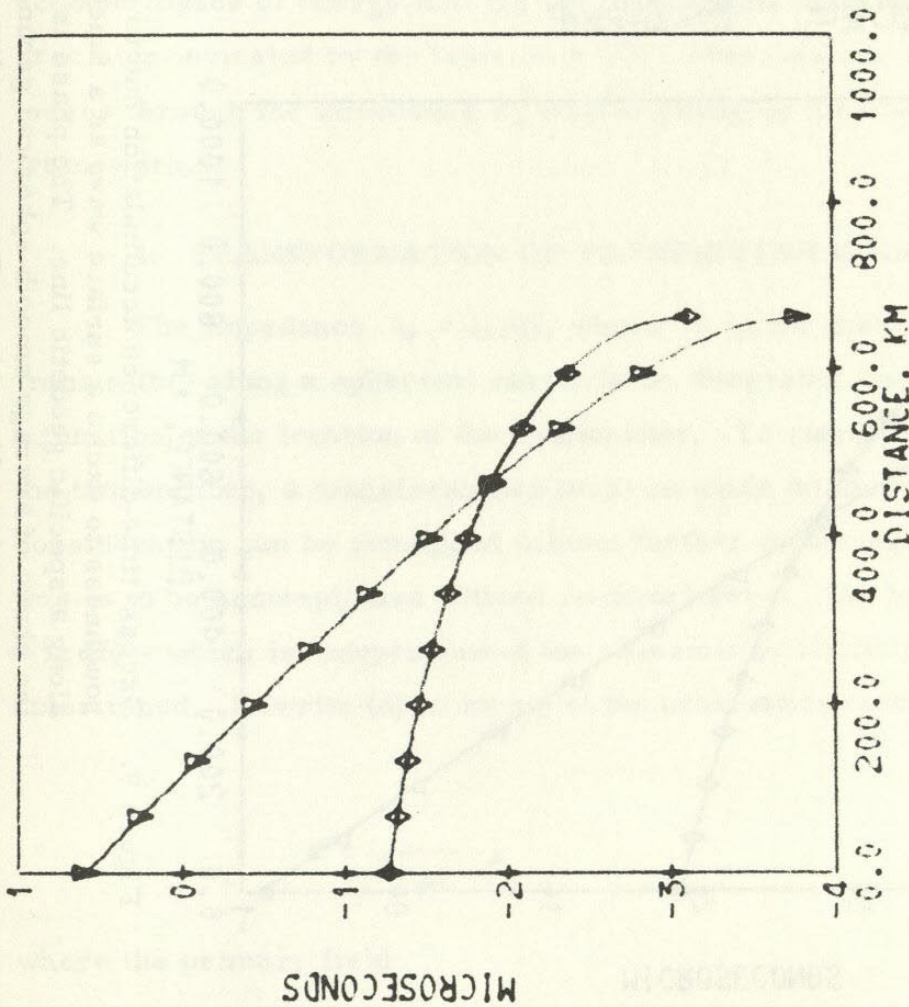


Figure 8. Excess time-difference accumulation due to a very small amount of uniform roughness of average conductivity on a highly conducting spherical ground normalized to the phase of average, smooth ground conductivity as a function of distance along a specific geodetic line. The transmitter M (fig. 1) and point B correspond to 662 km or 77° 54' W longitude.

N.C.-TENN.
 FLIGHT PLAN -
 END POINT -
 CAPE FEAR
 NORMALIZED
 TD1 AND TD2

FREQ, KHZ 1.000+002
 σ 5.000-003
 E2 1.500+001
 Ae 3.000+002
 N 3.000-007
 H2 0.000+000

◇ TD1
 ▽ TD2

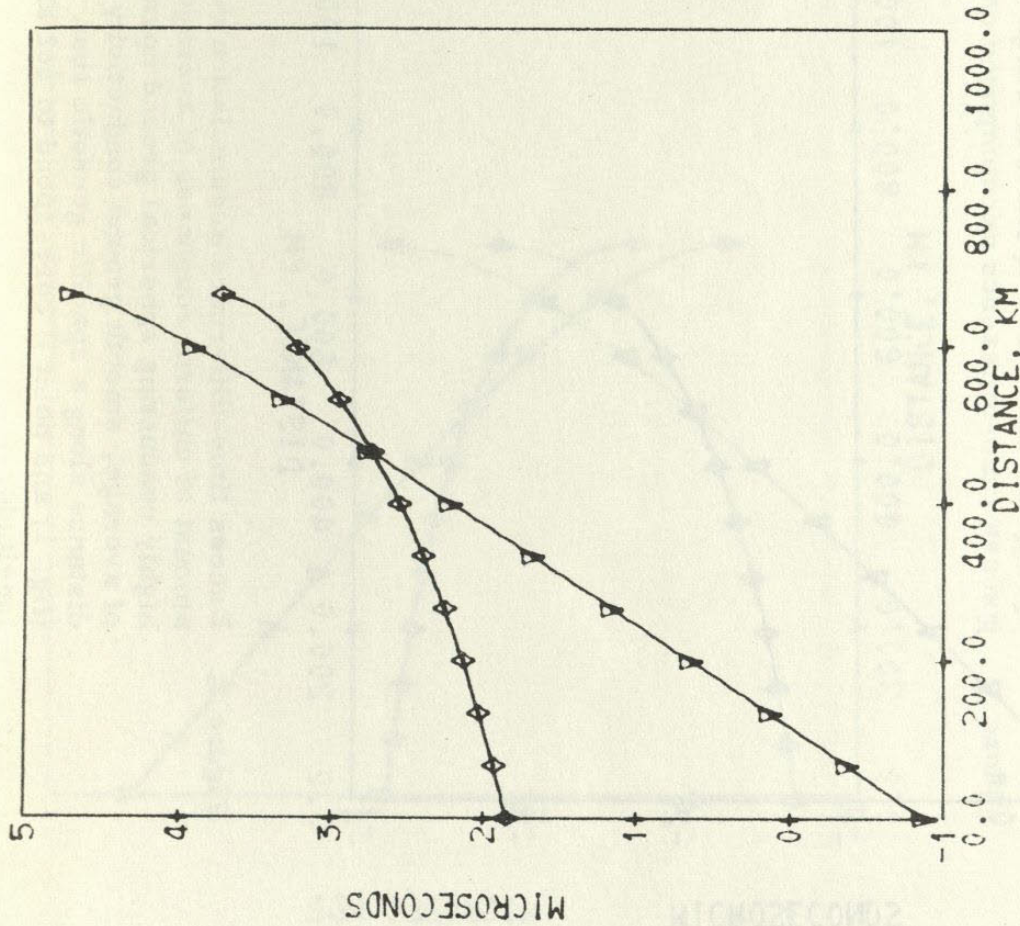


Figure 9. Excess time-difference accumulation due to sufficient roughness to excite a surface wave as a function of distance along a specific geodetic line. The phase is normalized to the phase of average smooth spherical ground. The transmitter M (fig. 1) and point B correspond to 662 km or 77° 54' W longitude.

In view of the generalization of Δ_2 , (26) can be used to evaluate the field over irregular, inhomogeneous terrain in which the roughness is not specified. Thus, with approximations for Δ_2 , such as those given by (18) and (19), together with measured values of $\varphi_c(d)$ and/or $|E_r|$, an iterative procedure on Δ_2 can be used until the measured values of $\varphi_c(d)$ are recovered. A test of this procedure was made with the bosses described above, and the iteration was found to converge rapidly to the desired value of Δ_2 . The approximation $\Delta_2 \ll \Delta_1$ and $F_0 \sim 1$ were used. Note that the general impedance Δ_2 takes into account losses of energy into the TE propagation mode to a degree of precision indicated by the table on p. 13. Thus, we can account for such losses through the impedance Δ_2 without changing the classical analytical framework.

4. TRANSFORMATION OF TRANSMITTER COORDINATES

The impedance $\Delta_2 = \Delta_2(d)$, where d is the distance from the transmitter along a spherical earth, is an integrated impedance that is a function of the location of the transmitter. To change the location of the transmitter, a transformation must be made so that the area under consideration can be remapped without further gathering of data. If this is to be accomplished without reconnaissance, the local impedance, Δ in (6) - which is independent of the transmitter location - must be determined. Rewrite (4) in terms of the attenuation function:

$$W = \frac{\Pi}{2\Pi_{pr1}} \quad , \quad (40)$$

where the primary field

$$\Pi_{pr1} = \exp[-ik_1 r_0] / r_0 \quad , \quad (41)$$

and r_0 is the direct distance between transmitter and receiver. Then,

$$W[\Delta_2(O)] = \left\{ 1 + \frac{-ik_1}{2\pi} \int_{S_0} W[\Delta_2(Q)] \exp[-ik_1(r_1 + r_2 - r_0)] \right. \\ \left. \times \left[\Delta(Q) + \left(1 + \frac{1}{ik_1 r_2} \right) \frac{\partial r_2}{\partial n} \right] \frac{r_0 dS}{r_1 r_2} \right\} A, \quad (42)$$

where

$$A = \begin{cases} 1 & \text{if } Q \text{ is off } S_0, \\ \frac{1}{2} & \text{if } Q \text{ is on } S_0, \end{cases}$$

r_1 is the distance from the transmitter to the scatterpoint, and r_2 is the distance from the scatterpoint to the receiver. Since $\Delta_2(Q)$ and $\Delta_2(O)$ are known from reconnaissance and analysis of the phase data described in sections 2 and 3, $W[\Delta_2(Q)]$ and $W[\Delta_2(O)]$ can be calculated from (11). Hence, (42) can be solved for the set $[\Delta(Q)]$ instead of the set $[W(Q), W(O)]$. Suppose $\Delta_2(d)$ were determined by reconnaissance along a geodetic line or a radial from the transmitter. Then a numerical integration of the two-dimensional form of (41) can be used, i. e.,

$$W[\Delta_2(O)] = \left\{ 1 - \exp\left(i\frac{\pi}{4}\right) \frac{r_0}{x} \sqrt{\frac{k_1}{2\pi}} \int_0^x W[\Delta_2(s)] \exp[-ik_1(r_1 + r_2 - r_0)] \right. \\ \left. \times \left[\Delta(s) + \left(1 + \frac{1}{ik_1 r_2} \right) \frac{\partial r_2}{\partial n} \right] \sqrt{\frac{x}{s(x-s)}} ds \right\} A, \quad (43)$$

where x is the integration surface total distance, and the integration procedure outlined in a previous paper (Johler and Berry, 1967) can be followed with some modifications.

Thus, at the surface, $A = 1$, and

$$W[\Delta_2(O)] = 1 - B \int_0^x W[\Delta_2(s)] [F_1(s) \Delta(s) + F_2(s)] ds, \quad (44)$$

where

$$B = \exp\left(i \frac{\pi}{4}\right) \frac{r_0}{x} \sqrt{\frac{k_1}{4\pi}},$$

$$F_1 = \sqrt{\frac{x}{s(x-s)}},$$

$$F_2 = \left(1 + \frac{1}{ik_1 r_2}\right) \frac{\partial r_2}{\partial n} F_1.$$

If we suppose $\Delta(x_k)$ is known for $k = 1$ through $i-1$, then

$$W[\Delta_2(x_i)] = 1 - B \sum_{k=1}^{i-1} p_k W[\Delta_2(x_k)] [F_1(x_i, x_k) \Delta(x_k) + F_2(x_i, x_k)] - B p_i W[\Delta_2(x_i)] [F_1(x_i, x_i) \Delta(x_i) + F_2(x_i, x_i)], \quad (45)$$

where p_k is the weight assigned to the Gaussian quadrature formula.

Upon solving for the only unknown, $\Delta(x_i)$, we find

$$\Delta(x_i) = \left\{ 1 - B \sum_{k=1}^{i-1} p_k W[\Delta_2(x_k)] [F_1(x_i, x_k) \Delta(x_k) + F_2(x_i, x_k)] - B p_i W[\Delta_2(x_i)] F_2(x_i, x_i) - W[\Delta_2(x_i)] \right\} \times \left\{ B p_i W[\Delta_2(x_i)] F_1(x_i, x_i) \right\}^{-1}. \quad (46)$$

Thus, if the first few values of $\Delta(x_1)$ are known, the solution can be extended step by step. By assuming an initial smooth, average ground as in (7), the first few points can be calculated near the transmitter. Otherwise the iteration procedure is identical to the earlier method (Johler and Berry, 1967).

The physical meaning of the set of points $\Delta(d)$ is an important consideration. This is the local impedance relative to free space (6). By "local" we mean an infinitesimal or small segment of distance along the propagation path over which the wave impedance $\Delta_2(d)$ is changing. To solve for this point, the set of field measurements along the entire path $W[\Delta_2(Q)]$ is employed. This set yields greater computation precision than a set of, say, only two points and indeed yields a large number of local impedances over the propagation path between transmitter and receiver. Since $W[\Delta_2(Q)]$ is measured and is in effect a function of Δ_2 , we concluded that Δ_2 is a measured impedance, the numerical value of which takes into account losses into the TE-propagation mode and the effect of off-path irregularities and inhomogeneities. The local impedance, $\Delta(d)$, calculated from such data by means of (46) therefore implies such losses into the TE-propagation mode and off-path effects due to irregularities and inhomogeneities, notwithstanding the fact that we have interpreted this impedance within the context of two-dimensional theory, since it must by definition recover the original measured fields $W[\Delta_2(Q)]$, $W[\Delta_2(O)]$ when substituted into (42). Exploration of the full theoretical consequences of this assumption is reserved for future work.

We therefore conclude that the available data on $\Delta(d)$ can be used to calculate W-functions for $W[\Delta_2(O)]$ and $W[\Delta_2(Q)]$ after the transmitter has been moved along the radial to a new position. Obviously, with the aid of reconnaissance data over a large number of radials, the transmitter could be relocated to any desired location in

the area for which data are available, and in this manner we can sidestep the evaluation of the three-dimensional integral equation (42). Thus, once measurements have been made in an area, the transmitter can be relocated, and the hyperbolic grid (1) can be recalculated without further reconnaissance.

The set $[\Delta(x_i)]$ in (46) is interesting, since each member of this set is the local impedance relative to free space (6). The equivalent complex conductivity can now be calculated from (9). Equation (46) thus determines a new value of complex conductivity, i.e., it replaces the homogeneous impedance calculation (7), so that inhomogeneities and irregularities in the ground are taken into account. Another implication of (46) is that irregular terrain can be modeled with smooth terrain, in which the impedance is variable with location.

5. CONCLUSIONS

The presence of irregular, inhomogeneous terrain in the vicinity of a Loran C,D navigation system may cause phase accumulation as a function of distance in excess of the phase accumulation of classical theory. A generalization of inhomogeneous, irregular terrain to an impedance surface permits the use of the framework of classical theory to predict excess phase accumulation. The surface impedance can be mapped with reconnaissance over an area, and once such maps are obtained, the Loran C,D navigation over an arbitrary path can be calculated by simplified computer methods. The transmitter coordinates can be transformed, if necessary, by retrieving numerically from the data the local or nonintegrated impedance.

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APPENDIX

Computer Programs

Program LORANCD calculates the time difference (2) for two pairs shown in figure 1, Δt_1 and Δt_2 . These are called TD1 and TD2 in the program. Equation numbers in the computer program refer to Johler (1969b). The program LORANR calculates the phase accumulation over the radial from the transmitter discussed in section 3. Subroutines necessary for the operation of these programs are also given. The sample data with each program listing gave the computer printout listed with each program. Several complete computer runs discussed in section 3 are also given. The calculations shown use the actual geographic coordinates of operational LORAN C transmitters. Field strengths (dB relative to $1 \mu v/m$) as a function of distance are given for an assumed radiated power of 400 kw. The decay of the field with distance, however, is appropriate for the models discussed in section 3. These models do not necessarily represent the geographical area indicated by the geographical coordinates.

Some applications of the computer techniques based on the basic ground wave theory have been discussed in this report. The numerical output data used in the figures 2 through 9 is given in tables 1 through 15 for reference. Considerably more information is given by these computer outputs than was used in the discussion in this report. Each set of computer data is preceded by a listing of the basic parameter of interest. Thus, for example, in table 1, KDEL 0 refers to the smooth ground mode of operation of LORAN CD program. The parameters for DB1 refer to the Cape Fear-Jupiter pair. The parameters for DB2 refer to the Cape Fear-Dana pair. The parameters for DB refer to baseline d_b (fig. 1) for the Cape Fear-Jupiter pair, with time

difference $TD1 = \text{DELTA}(T1)$. The parameters for DB2 refer to the baseline d_b (fig. 1) for Cape Fear-Dana pair with time difference $TD2 = \text{DELTA}(T2)$. $F = \text{frequency, kHz} = 100 \text{ kHz}$. The conductivity of the ground $\sigma = \text{SIGMA} = 0.005 \text{ mhos/m}$. The dielectric constant $\epsilon_2 = E2 = 15$. The vertical lapse of the permittivity factor $\alpha = \text{ALFA} = 1$. The index of refraction of air $\eta = \text{ETA} = 1.0001$. The roughness criterion is $a_e = \text{BORA} = 0$, and $N = \text{ANN} = 0$. means the ground is assumed to be smooth. Finite values for BORA and ANN would introduce roughness, provided $KDEL = 1$. The height (altitude) of the receiver above the ground $h_2 = H2 = 0$. A finite value of H2 (kilometers) would cause the calculation to account for elevated receivers. The set of data labeled "PARAMETERS FOR HOMOGENEOUS CASE" gives the corresponding data for the propagation paths other than the baselines. Since in this report we considered only the uniformly inhomogeneous case, these propagation paths were not sorted out to assign different impedances for the paths, ds_1 , ds_2 , dm_1 , and dm_2 . However, the program can be used to obtain this flexibility with minor modification.

The beginning point of the propagation path A (fig. 1) is specified as "NEW VA-WVA END POINT." The end point B is specified as "DANA." The latitude and longitude of these points are then given. Next, the location of the master "CAPE FEAR" is given. This is the point M in figure 1. The locations of the Slave 1 "JUPITER," point S_1 , and the slave 2 "DANA," point S_2 (fig. 1), are then given. An assumed coding delay for each of these slaves is also given. The radiated power and dipole current moment for the determination of the absolute field amplitude in DB relative to $1 \mu\text{V/m}$, columns 6, 7 and 8, on the second page of table 1, are given. The path A, B under consideration is divided into a specified number of segments, and the distance

to each such point and to the destination are calculated. These numbers are tabulated in columns 1 and 2 on the second page of table 1. The azimuth at each point to the destination is given in column 3. The latitude and longitude of each point is given in columns 4 and 5 respectively. The solution of the time differences in (2) for each pair Δt_1 and Δt_2 are given in columns 9 and 10. The gradients along the geodetic line in $\mu s/km$ are also given in columns 11 and 12. Table 1 therefore gives the average smooth ground time difference and amplitude time differences for the path A to B (fig. 1), together with other pertinent information. Table 2 gives time differences, etc., for another geodetic line, AB (fig. 1), over smooth, homogeneous ground. Finally, the third geodetic line is given in table 3. These geodetic lines are plotted as latitude vs. longitude in figures 2, 3, and 4.

Data from program LORANR are given tables 4 through 15. These data have been presented in figures 2 through 4. Thus, the column marked "time difference, microseconds", table 4 for $BORA = 3(10^2)$, $ANN = 3(10^{-7})$, contains data that were normalized to smooth, homogeneous terrain cases, $BORA = 0.$, $ANN = 0$, to give the curves shown in figure 4. The first 5 columns of these data are the same as previous data in table 1. Since the observer is assumed to be moving on a radial from or toward the transmitter, only the total phase accumulation to each point on such a radial is given in column 7 and the corresponding absolute amplitude in column 6. Since the line is a geodetic line through the transmitter, the gradient along this line is almost constant because the phase correction is almost, but not exactly, a linear function of distance from the transmitter at large distances.

PROGRAM LORANCD

PROGRAM TO CALCULATE THE TIME DIFFERENCES FOR A LORAN C OR D PATH

```

DIMENSION LATBEG(3),LONBEG(3),START(4),LATEND(3),LONEND(3),
1 FINISH(4),LATXMT(3),LONXMT(3),LOCXMT(4),LATSL1(3),LONSL1(3),
2 LOCSL1(4),LATSL2(3),LONSL2(3),LOCSL2(4)
DIMENSION XLAT(105),XLON(105),D(105),BERXMT(105),X(105),RD(105),
1 BEREND(105)
DIMENSION DENTIF(4)
DIMENSION IDENT(2)
COMMON DIS,SIGMA,E2,ALFA,ETA
TYPE INTEGER DSTNCE,REG,START,FINISH,TYPATH
DSTNCE=6HDSTNCE
REG=4HNORM
C=2.997925E8
TWOPI=6.283185307
PI=3.141592654
CON=1.E9/C
CONST=1.E3/TWOPI
1 FORMAT (2(2(A8,A1,1X),4A8/),I3,10X,A5)
2 FORMAT (2(A8,A1,1X),4A8)
3 FORMAT (8E10.0)
4 FORMAT (I10/8E10.0)
5 FORMAT (I10)
6 FORMAT (4A8)
7 FORMAT (1H1,39X,4A8)
8 FORMAT (30X,4A8,* TO *,4A8)
9 FORMAT ( 114X,14HGRADIENT ALONG/
1 8X,11HDISTANCE IN,7X,10HAZIMUTH TO, 2X,
2 19HCOORDINATES OF PATH,6X,20HFIELD STRENGTH IN DB,7X,
3 15HTIME DIFFERENCE,7X,17HTHE GEODETIC LINE/
4 7X,13HKILOMETERS TO,5X,11HDESTINATION, 2X,8HLATITUDE, 2X,
5 9HLONGITUDE,3X,25HRELATIVE TO 1 MICROVOLT/M,7X,
6 12HMICROSECONDS,9X,15HMICROSECONDS/KM/
7 5X,6HORIGIN,2X,11HDESTINATION,3X,7HDEGREES,
8 2(4X,7HDEGREES),5X,6HMASTER,2X,7HSLAVE 1,2X,7HSLAVE 2,3X,
9 9HDELTA(T1),3X,9HDELTA(T2),2X,9HDELTA(T1),1X,9HDELTA(T2))
11 FORMAT (1X,2F11.4,F12.4,2F11.5, 3F9.2 ,1X,2F12.4,1X,2F10.5)
12 FORMAT (18X,4HLAT=2A8,A2,4HLON=2A8,A2,* TO *,4HLAT=2A8,A2,4HLON=
1 2A8,A2/)
13 FORMAT (28X,4HLAT=2A8,A2,4HLON=2A8,A2,12HLOCATION OF ,4A8)
14 FORMAT (/)
16 FORMAT (64X,6HMASTER,7X,7HSLAVE 1,6X,7HSLAVE 2/
1 22X,27HCODING DELAY (MICROSECONDS),22X,2F13.2/
2 22X,26HRADIATED POWER (KILOWATTS),10X,3F13.3/
3 22X,37HDIPOLE CURRENT MOMENT (AMPERE-METERS),3E13.4/)
17 FORMAT (1H0,*PARAMETERS FOR *,2A8//2X,5HKDEL=I10/5X,2HF=E16.9,
14H KHZ/1X,6HSIGMA=E16.9/4X,3HE2=E16.9/2X,5HALFA=E16.9/3X,4HETA=
2 E16.9/2X,5HBORA=E16.9/3X,4HANN=E16.9/4X,3HH2=E16.9)
18 FORMAT (F10.4,3F10.2,2F10.4,2F10.5)
19 FORMAT (I10/F10.2,F10.4,F10.1,F10.2,F10.6,2E10.2,F10.1)
21 FORMAT (1H1,2HJ=I5,5X,5HDIFF=E15.6,5X,4HDST=E15.6/
1 1X,7HSDDEL1=E15.6,5X,6HDEL1=E15.6,5X,7HSDDEL2=E15.6,5X,

```

```

2 6HDELT2=E15.6/
3 1X,7HPGRAD1=E15.6,5X,6HGRAD1=E15.6,5X,7HPGRAD2=E15.6,5X,
4 6HGRAD2=E15.6)

```

```

C
C   READ THE COORDINATES OF A GIVEN PATH
C
C   LATBEG = LATITUDE OF BEGINNING POINT
C   LONBEG = LONGITUDE OF BEGINNING POINT
C   START = IDENTIFICATION OF BEGINNING POINT
C   LATEND = LATITUDE OF END POINT
C   LONEND = LONGITUDE OF END POINT
C   FINISH = IDENTIFICATION OF END POINT
C   NOSEG = NUMBER OF SEGMENTS TO BREAK THE PATH INTO -- MAX OF 100
C
10  READ    1, LATBEG,LONBEG,START,LATEND,LONEND,FINISH,NOSEG,TYPATH
    IF (EOF,60) 200,20
C
C   READ IDENTIFICATION
20  READ    6, DENTIF
C
C   READ THE COORDINATES OF THE MASTER, SLAVE 1, AND SLAVE 2
C
C   LATXMT = LATITUDE OF MASTER
C   LONXMT = LONGITUDE OF MASTER
C   LOCXMT = IDENTIFICATION OF MASTER
C   LATSL1 = LATITUDE OF SLAVE 1
C   LONSL1 = LONGITUDE OF SLAVE 1
C   LOCSL1 = IDENTIFICATION OF SLAVE 1
C   LATSL2 = LATITUDE OF SLAVE 2
C   LONSL2 = LONGITUDE OF SLAVE 2
C   LOCSL2 = IDENTIFICATION OF SLAVE 2
C
    READ    2, LATXMT,LONXMT,LOCXMT,LATSL1,LONSL1,LOCSL1,LATSL2,
1   LONSL2,LOCSL2
C
C   READ CODING DELAYS (TIME DELAY) IN MICROSECONDS FOR SLAVE 1 AND
C   SLAVE 2
30  READ    3, CS1,CS2
C
C   READ RADIATED POWER IN KILOWATTS OF MASTER, SLAVE 1, AND SLAVE 2
    READ    3, PRMAS,PRSL1,PRSL2
C
C   CHANGE COORDINATES (DEGREES,MINUTES,SECONDS) TO DEGREES
    BEGLAT=CORDCONV(LATBEG,17)
    BEGLON=CORDCONV(LONBEG,17)
    ENDLAT=CORDCONV(LATEND,17)
    ENDLON=CORDCONV(LONEND,17)
    XMTLAT=CORDCONV(LATXMT,17)
    XMTLON=CORDCONV(LONXMT,17)
    SL1LAT=CORDCONV(LATSL1,17)
    SL1LON=CORDCONV(LONSL1,17)
    SL2LAT=CORDCONV(LATSL2,17)
    SL2LON=CORDCONV(LONSL2,17)
C

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C      CALCULATES THE DISTANCE BETWEEN TWO POINTS
C
C      BETWEEN THE MASTER AND SLAVE 1 (DB1)
C      CALL PATH (XMTLAT,XMTLON,SL1LAT,SL1LON,DSTNCE,XINT,DB1,XLAT,XLON,
1 D,BERATX,BERATR,BERXMT,NMAX,TYPATH)
C      BETWEEN THE MASTER AND SLAVE 2 (DB2)
C      CALL PATH (XMTLAT,XMTLON,SL2LAT,SL2LON,DSTNCE,XINT,DB2,XLAT,XLON,
1 D,BERATX,BERATR,BERXMT,NMAX,TYPATH)
C      BETWEEN THE TWO END POINTS OF A GIVEN PATH (DIST)
C      CALL PATH (BEGLAT,BEGLON,ENDLAT,ENDLON,DSTNCE,XINT,DIST,XLAT,XLON,
1 D,BERATX,BERATR,BERXMT,NMAX,TYPATH)
C      SEG=NOSEG
C      XINT=DIST/SEG

C
C      CALCULATES THE LATITUDE, LONGITUDE, AND DISTANCE OF (NOSEG+1)
C      POINTS ALONG THE GIVEN PATH
C      CALL PATH (ENDLAT,ENDLON,BEGLAT,BEGLON,REG,XINT,DIST,XLAT,XLON,RD,
1 BERATX,BERATR,BEREND,NMAX,TYPATH)
C      CALL PATH (BEGLAT,BEGLON,ENDLAT,ENDLON,REG,XINT,DIST,XLAT,XLON,D,
1 BERATX,BERATR,BERXMT,NMAX,TYPATH)

C
C      READ NECESSARY PARAMETERS AND CALCULATE THE PHASE CORRECTION FOR
C      THE PATH BETWEEN THE MASTER AND SLAVE 1
C
C      EXPLANATION OF INPUT DATA TO CALCULATE THE PHASE CORRECTION
C
C      KDEL = KDEL NOT EQUAL TO ZERO PUTS PROGRAM IN ROUGH GROUND MODE
C      OF OPERATION
C      KDEL EQUAL TO ZERO OPERATES PROGRAM IN CLASSICAL GROUND WAVE
C      MODE OF OPERATION -- SMOOTH SPHERICAL GROUND
C      F = FREQUENCY IN KHZ
C      SIGMA = CONDUCTIVITY IN MHOS/METER
C      E2 = DIELECTRIC CONSTANT
C      ALFA = VERTICAL LAPSE FACTOR OF THE ATMOSPHERE ACCORDING TO NBS
C      CIRCULAR 573.
C      ETA = INDEX OF REFRACTION OF AIR AT THE GROUND LEVEL
C      BORA = RADIUS OF HEMISPHERICAL SURFACE PROTUBERANCE.
C      ANN = NUMBER OF HEMISPHERICAL BOSSES PER SQUARE METER.
C      H2 = ALTITUDE OF RECEIVER IN KILOMETERS
C
60 READ 4, KDEL,F,SIGMA,E2,ALFA,ETA,BORA,ANN,H2
   IDENT(1)=8HDB1
   IDENT(2)=8H
   PRINT 17, IDENT,KDEL,F,SIGMA,E2,ALFA,ETA,BORA,ANN,H2
65 DIS=DB1
   FAZCOR=PI
   IF (DIS.LE.0.) GO TO 66
   CALL GROUND (F*1000.,AMP,FAZCOR,KDEL,BORA,ANN,H2)
66 CONTINUE
C      RESOLUTION OF TWO PI AMBIGUITY OF THE GROUND WAVE PHASE
C      GOOD ONLY FOR 100 KHZ -- MUST BE MODIFIED FOR ANY OTHER FREQUENCY
C      THE SAME TEST IS USED AFTER EVERY CALL TO GROUND WAVE SUBROUTINE
C      THE DISTANCE SHOULD NOT BE MUCH GREATER THAN 2000 KM
C      IF (FAZCOR.GE.0.) GO TO 70

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FAZCOR=FAZCOR+TWOPI
70 IF (DIS.LE.1000.) GO TO 75
   IF (SIGMA.GT..0051) GO TO 75
   IF (FAZCOR.GT.PI) GO TO 75
FAZCOR=FAZCOR+TWOPI
75 TCDB1=FAZCOR*CONST/F
C
C   READ NECESSARY PARAMETERS AND CALCULATE THE PHASE CORRECTION FOR
C   THE PATH BETWEEN THE MASTER AND SLAVE 2
80 READ 4, KDEL,F,SIGMA,E2,ALFA,ETA,BORA,ANN,H2
   IDENT(1)=8HDB2
   IDENT(2)=8H
   PRINT 17, IDENT,KDEL,F,SIGMA,E2,ALFA,ETA,BORA,ANN,H2
83 DIS=DB2
   FAZCOR=PI
   IF (DIS.LE.0.) GO TO 84
   CALL GROUND (F*1000.,AMP,FAZCOR,KDEL,BORA,ANN,H2)
84 CONTINUE
C   RESOLUTION OF TWO PI AMBIGUITY OF THE GROUND WAVE PHASE
   IF (FAZCOR.GE.0.) GO TO 85
   FAZCOR=FAZCOR+TWOPI
85 IF (DIS.LE.1000.) GO TO 88
   IF (SIGMA.GT..0051) GO TO 88
   IF (FAZCOR.GT.PI) GO TO 88
   FAZCOR=FAZCOR+TWOPI
88 TCDB2=FAZCOR*CONST/F
   CONS=1.E6/(2.*TWOPI*F)*SQRTF(37.67304)
   IF (PRMAS.EQ.0.) GO TO 880
   DIPMAS=CONS*SQRTF(PRMAS)
   DBMAS=20.*ALOG10(DIPMAS)
   GO TO 881
880 DIPMAS=1.0
   DBMAS=0.
881 IF (PRSL1.EQ.0.) GO TO 882
   DIPSL1=CONS*SQRTF(PRSL1)
   DBSL1=20.*ALOG10(DIPSL1)
   GO TO 883
882 DIPSL1=1.0
   DBSL1=0.
883 IF (PRSL2.EQ.0.) GO TO 884
   DIPSL2=CONS*SQRTF(PRSL2)
   DBSL2=20.*ALOG10(DIPSL2)
   GO TO 885
884 DIPSL2=1.0
   DBSL2=0.
885 CONTINUE
C
C   IHOM NOT EQUAL TO ZERO GIVES INHOMOGENEOUS CASE
40 READ 5, IHOM
   IF (IHOM.NE.0) GO TO 886
C
C   READ NECESSARY PARAMETERS TO CALCULATE THE PHASE CORRECTION FOR
C   THE HOMOGENEOUS CASE
50 READ 4, KDEL,F,SIGMA,E2,ALFA,ETA,BORA,ANN,H2

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IDENT(1)=8HHOMOGENE
IDENT(2)=8HOUS CASE
PRINT 17, IDENT,KDEL,F,SIGMA,E2,ALFA,ETA,BORA,ANN,H2
PUNCH 19,KDEL,F,SIGMA,E2,ALFA,ETA,BORA,ANN,H2
886 CONTINUE
PRINT 7, DENTIF
PRINT 8, START,FINISH
PRINT 12, LATBEG,LONBEG,LATEND,LONEND
PRINT 13, LATXMT,LONXMT,LOCXMT,LATSL1,LONSL1,LOCSL1,LATSL2,
1 LONSL2,LOCSL2
PRINT 16, CS1,CS2,PRMAS,PRSL1,PRSL2,DIPMAS,DIPSL1,DIPSL2
PRINT 9
PRINT 14
NS=NOSEG+1
PUNCH 6,DENTIF
PUNCH 2,LATBEG,LONBEG,START,LATEND,LONEND,FINISH,LATXMT,LONXMT,
1 LOCXMT,LATSL1,LONSL1,LOCSL1,LATSL2,LONSL2,LOCSL2
PUNCH 5,NS
NP=0
NMP=0
GRAD1=0.
GRAD2=0.
C
C CALCULATE DISTANCES AND PHASE CORRECTIONS FOR EACH POINT ON THE
C GIVEN PATH
C
DO 150 I=1,NS
C CALCULATE DISTANCE FROM GIVEN POINT TO MASTER (DM)
CALL PATH (XLAT(I),XLON(I),XMTLAT,XMTLON,DSTNCE,XINT,DM,X,X,X,Y,Y,
1 X,NMAX,TYPATH)
IF (IHOM.EQ.0) GO TO 90
C
C READ NECESSARY PARAMETERS AND CALCULATE THE PHASE CORRECTION FOR
C THE ABOVE PATH
C READ 3, KDEL,F,SIGMA,E2,ALFA,ETA,BORA,ANN,H2
90 DIS=DM
AMP=1.0
FAZCOR=PI
IF (DIS.LE.0.) GO TO 901
CALL GROUND (F*1000.,AMP,FAZCOR,KDEL,BORA,ANN,H2)
901 FSMAS=20.*ALOG10(AMP)+DBMAS+120.
C RESOLUTION OF TWO PI AMBIGUITY OF THE GROUND WAVE PHASE
IF (FAZCOR.GE.0.) GO TO 91
FAZCOR=FAZCOR+TWOPI
91 IF (DIS.LE.1000.) GO TO 95
IF (SIGMA.GT..0051) GO TO 95
IF (FAZCOR.GT.PI) GO TO 95
FAZCOR=FAZCOR+TWOPI
95 TCDM=FAZCOR*CONST/F
C CALCULATE DISTANCE FROM GIVEN POINT TO SLAVE 1 (DS1)
CALL PATH (XLAT(I),XLON(I),SL1LAT,SL1LON,DSTNCE,XINT,DS1,X,X,X,Y,
1 Y,X,NMAX,TYPATH)
IF (IHOM.EQ.0) GO TO 100
C

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C READ NECESSARY PARAMETERS AND CALCULATE THE PHASE CORRECTION FOR
C THE ABOVE PATH
  READ 3, KDEL,F,SIGMA,E2,ALFA,ETA,BORA,ANN,H2
100 DIS=DS1
  AMP=1.0
  FAZCOR=PI
  IF (DIS.LE.0.) GO TO 1001
  CALL GROUND (F*1000.,AMP,FAZCOR,KDEL,BORA,ANN,H2)
1001 FSSL1=20.*ALOG10(AMP)+DBSL1+120.
C RESOLUTION OF TWO PI AMBIGUITY OF THE GROUND WAVE PHASE
  IF (FAZCOR.GE.0.) GO TO 101
  FAZCOR=FAZCOR+TWOPI
101 IF (DIS.LE.1000.) GO TO 105
  IF (SIGMA.GT..0051) GO TO 105
  IF (FAZCOR.GT.PI) GO TO 105
  FAZCOR=FAZCOR+TWOPI
105 TCDS1=FAZCOR*CONST/F
C
C CALCULATE THE TIME DIFFERENCE FOR SLAVE 1 (TDX)
  DELT1=ETA*CON*(DB1+DS1-DM)+TCDB1+TCDS1-TCDM+CS1
C CALCULATE DISTANCE FROM GIVEN POINT TO SLAVE 2 (DS2)
  CALL PATH (XLAT(I),XLON(I),SL2LAT,SL2LON,DSTNCE,XINT,DS2,X,X,X,Y,
1 Y,X,NMAX,TYPATH)
  IF (IHOM.EQ.0) GO TO 110
C
C READ NECESSARY PARAMETERS AND CALCULATE THE PHASE CORRECTION FOR
C THE ABOVE PATH
  READ 3, KDEL,F,SIGMA,E2,ALFA,ETA,BORA,ANN,H2
110 DIS=DS2
  AMP=1.0
  FAZCOR=PI
  IF (DIS.LE.0.) GO TO 1101
  CALL GROUND (F*1000.,AMP,FAZCOR,KDEL,BORA,ANN,H2)
1101 FSSL2=20.*ALOG10(AMP)+DBSL2+120.
C RESOLUTION OF TWO PI AMBIGUITY OF THE GROUND WAVE PHASE
  IF (FAZCOR.GE.0.) GO TO 111
  FAZCOR=FAZCOR+TWOPI
111 IF (DIS.LE.1000.) GO TO 115
  IF (SIGMA.GT..0051) GO TO 115
  IF (FAZCOR.GT.PI) GO TO 115
  FAZCOR=FAZCOR+TWOPI
115 TCDS2=FAZCOR*CONST/F
C
C CALCULATE THE TIME DIFFERENCE FOR SLAVE 2 (TDY)
  DELT2=ETA*CON*(DB2+DS2-DM)+TCDB2+TCDS2-TCDM+CS2
  IF (I.EQ.1) GO TO 140
  DST=D(I)-D(I-1)
  GRAD1=(DELT1-SDELT1)/DST
  GRAD2=(DELT2-SDELT2)/DST
  IF (NNP.NE.30) GO TO 120
  PRINT 7, DENTIF
  PRINT 8, START,FINISH
  PRINT 12, LATBEG,LONBEG,LATEND,LONEND
  PRINT 13, LATXMT,LONXMT,LOCXMT,LATSL1,LONSL1,LOCSL1,LATSL2,

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1 LONSL2,LOCSL2
  PRINT 16, CS1,CS2,PRMAS,PRSL1,PRSL2,DIPMAS,DIPSL1,DIPSL2
  PRINT 9
  NNP=0
120 NNP=NNP+1
  IF (NP.NE.10) GO TO 130
  PRINT 14
  NP=0
130 NP=NP+1
  II=I-1
  N=NS+1-II
  IF (II.LE.2) GO TO 139
  IF (N.LE.2) GO TO 139
  J=0
131 DIFF=PGRAD1-GRAD1
  IF (ABS(DIFF).LE..2) GO TO 135
  IF (J.GT.3) GO TO 190
  IF (PGRAD1.GT.GRAD1) GO TO 132
  J=J+1
  DELT1=DELT1-1.E3/F
  GO TO 133
132 J=J+1
  DELT1=DELT1+1.E3/F
133 GRAD1=(DELT1-SDELT1)/DST
  GO TO 131
135 J=0
136 DIFF=PGRAD2-GRAD2
  IF (ABS(DIFF).LE..2) GO TO 139
  IF (J.GT.3) GO TO 190
  IF (PGRAD2.GT.GRAD2) GO TO 137
  J=J+1
  DELT2=DELT2-1.E3/F
  GO TO 138
137 J=J+1
  DELT2=DELT2+1.E3/F
138 GRAD2=(DELT2-SDELT2)/DST
  GO TO 136
139 CONTINUE
  PRINT 11, D(II),RD(N),BEREND(N),XLAT(II),XLON(II),SFSMAS,
1 SFSSL1,SFSSL2,SDELT1,SDELT2,GRAD1,GRAD2
  PUNCH 18,D(II),SFSMAS,SFSSL1,SFSSL2,SDELT1,SDELT2,GRAD1,GRAD2
140 XLON(I)=-XLON(I)
  SFSMAS=FSMAS
  SFSSL1=SFSSL1
  SFSSL2=SFSSL2
  SDELT1=DELT1
  SDELT2=DELT2
  PGRAD1=GRAD1
  PGRAD2=GRAD2
  IF (I.LT.NS) GO TO 150
  IF (NP.NE.10) GO TO 145
  PRINT 14
145 GRAD1=0.
  GRAD2=0.

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PRINT 11, D(I),RD(1),BEREND(1),XLAT(I),XLON(I),SFSMAS,
1 SFSSL1,SFSSL2,SDEL1,SDEL2,GRAD1,GRAD2
PUNCH 18,D(I),SFSMAS,SFSSL1,SFSSL2,SDEL1,SDEL2,GRAD1,GRAD2
150 CONTINUE
GO TO 10
190 CONTINUE
PRINT 21,J,DIFF,DST,SDEL1,DEL1,SDEL2,DEL2,PGRAD1,GRAD1,
1 PGRAD2,GRAD2
200 CALL EXIT
END

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SUBROUTINE GROUND (F,AMP,PHASE,KDEL,BORA,ANN,H2)
C GROUND CALCULATES AMPLITUDE AND PHASE CORRECTION OF THE GROUND WAVE
C A NEGATIVE TIME FUNCTION IS ASSUMED
C DIST=KM, F=CYCLES
COMMON DIST,SIGMA,E2,ALFA,ETA
COMMON /INFO/ DELT2A,DELT2P,D1A,D1P
A=6.36739E6
C=2.997925E8
PI=3.141592654
E1=ETA*ETA
300 ERROR=4.E-6
OMEGA=2.*PI*F
C CONVERTS DISTANCE TO STATUTE MILES
DST=DIST/1.6093472
AK1=A*OMEGA/C*ETA
AK1SQ=AK1*AK1
AK13R=CUBERT(AK1)
AK16R=SQRTF(AK13R)
ALF13=CUBERT(ALFA)
ALF23=ALF13*ALF13
ALF56=ALF13*SQRTF(ALFA)
THETA=1.E3*DIST/A
DK1=AK1*THETA
IF (KDEL.NE.0) GO TO 50

C OLD DELTA SUB E
C X1=(SIGMA*4.E-7*PI*C*C)/OMEGA
X2=CUBERT((C*ALFA)/(A*OMEGA*E1*E1))
CALL ZSQRT (E2-E1,X1,CE,D)
CALL ZDIV (-X1*X2,E2*X2,CE,D,DR,DI)
DR2=DR*DR-DI*DI
DI2=2.*DR*DI
CALL ZDIV (0.,ALF13/AK13R,DR,DI,DELT2R,DELT2I)
CALL POLR (DELT2R,DELT2I,DELT2A,DELT2P)
CALL POLR (DR,DI,D1A,D1P)
IF (DST-30.) 350,310,310

C NEW DELTA SUB E
C 50 EPS0=8.85419E-12
FR=E2
FI=SIGMA/(EPS0*OMEGA)
CALL ZSQRT(-FR,-FI,FX,FY)
GR=(FX*OMEGA/C)*BORA

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GI=(FY*OMEGA/C)*BORA
VB=2.*PI*ANN*(BORA**3)/3.
CALL ZEXP(GR,GI,FX,FY,MAGT1)
CALL ZEXP(-GR,-GI,GX,GY,MAGT2)
EMAG=MAGT2-MAGT1
CALL ZDIV (FX+GX*EXPF(EMAG      ),FY+GY*EXPF(EMAG      ),
1 FX-GX*EXPF(EMAG      ),FY-GY*EXPF(EMAG      ),COTR,COTI)
CALL ZMPY (GR,GI,GR,GI,FX,FY)
CALL ZMPY (GR,GI,COTR,COTI,GX,GY)
CALL ZDIV (FX,FY,1.-GX,-GY,FX,FY)
C SEE EQUATION (2.6)
AGR=FX+1.
AGI=FY
C SEE EQUATION (2.4)
CALL ZDIV (FR+0.5*AGR,FI+0.5*AGI,FR-AGR,FI-AGI,GAMR,GAMI)
C SEE EQUATION (2.2)
ALPBR=3.*VB*GAMR
ALPBI=3.*VB*GAMI
CALL ZDIV (1.+0.5*AGR,0.5*AGI,1.-   AGR,-   AGI,FX,FY)
C SEE EQUATION (2.5)
GGGR=-2.*FX
GGGI=-2.*FY
C SEE EQUATION (2.3)
AAAR=3.*VB*GGGR
AAAI=3.*VB*GGGI
CALL ZDIV (AAAR,AAAI,ALPBR*2.,ALPBI*2.,FX,FY)
GX=(OMEGA/C)*ALPBR*2.
GY=(OMEGA/C)*ALPBI*2.
CALL ZMPY (GX,GY,GX,GY,GX,GY)
CALL ZMPY (FX,FY,GX,GY,FX,FY)
FX=GX-FX
FY=GY-FY
CALL ZSQRT (1.-FX,-FY,FX,FY)
FXX=-FY $ FY=-1.+FX $ FX=FXX
CALL ZMPY (2.*OMEGA/C,0.,ALPBR,ALPBI,GX,GY)
C SEE EQUATION (2.19)
CALL ZDIV (FX,FY,GX,GY,DELT2R,DELT2I)
CALL POLR(DELT2R,DELT2I,DELT2A,DELT2P)
X2=CUBERT((C*ALFA)/(A*OMEGA*ETA))
C SEE EQUATION (2.28)
CALL ZDIV (0.,X2,DELT2R,DELT2I,DR ,DI )
CALL POLR(DR,DI,D1A,D1P)
CALL ZMPY (DR,DI,DR,DI,DR2,DI2)
IF(DST-30.) 350,310,310
310 IF(1./CUBERT(F/1000.)-DST/100.) 400,400,350
C
C PLANE EARTH THEORY
C NBS CIRCULAR 573
350 AA = -AK13R*THETA*ALF23
DENOM= 2.*(DI2*DI2+DR2*DR2)
RHOR=AA*DI2/DENOM
RHOI= AA*DR2/DENOM
CALL POLR(RHOR,RHOI,RHO,PHIRHO)
IF(RHO-12.) 355,355,365

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C
C PLANE EARTH THEORY -- CONVERGENT SERIES
355 AA=SQRTF(RHO)
    BB=EXPF(-RHOR)
    CALL ZMPY(AA*COSF(PHIRHO/2.),AA*SINF(PHIRHO/2.),1.7724539*BB*SINF(
1RHOI),1.7724539*BB*COSF(RHOI),SUMR,SUMI)
    SUMR=SUMR+1.
    S=-1.
    DEN=1.
    PTHR=-2.*RHOR/DEN
    PTHI=-2.*RHOI/DEN
370 CALL POLR(SUMR,SUMI,FSUBR,SUMPHI)
    CALL POLR(PTHR,PTHI,PTH,PHIPTH)
    IF (PTH/FSUBR-ERROR) 380,380,360
380 ESUBR=FSUBR*12.5663706E-10*F/DIST
    GO TO 900
360 SUMR=SUMR+PTHR
    SUMI=SUMI+PTHI
    DEN=DEN+2.
    CALL ZMPY (PTHR,PTHI,-2.*RHOR/DEN,-2.*RHOI/DEN,PTHR,PTHI)
    GO TO 370

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C
C PLANE EARTH THEORY -- ASYMPTOTIC SERIES
365 CALL ZDIV(1.,0.,2.*RHOR,2.*RHOI,RHOR,RHOI)
    PTHR=RHOR
    PTHI=RHOI
    PTH=.5/RHO
    S=-2.
    SUMR=0.
    SUMI=0.
    ENUM=3.
352 SUMR=SUMR+PTHR
    SUMI=SUMI+PTHI
    CALL POLR(-SUMR,-SUMI,FSUBR,SUMPHI)
    CALL ZMPY(ENUM,0.,RHOR,RHOI,PPOR,PPOI)
    CALL ZMPY(PTHR,PTHI,PPOR,PPOI,PPOR,PPOI)
    CALL POLR(PPOR,PPOI,PPOMOD,PHIPPO)
    IF(PPOMOD-PTH) 353,654,654
654 S=-3.
    GO TO 380
353 IF(PPOMOD/FSUBR-ERROR) 380,380,354
354 PTH=PPOMOD
    PTHR=PPOR
    PTHI=PPOI
    ENUM=ENUM+2.
    GO TO 352

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C
C RESIDUE SERIES
C FOR RESIDUE SERIES SEE EQUATIONS (2.25)
400 CONST=(4.5027258E10*AK16R*AK1SQ*ALF56)/(OMEGA*A*A*A*SQRTF(SINF(
1ALFA*THETA)))
    CON=2.0*AK13R**2*H2*ALF13/A
    SUMR=0.
    SUMI=0.

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SUMMOD=0.
S=0.
ZERO=0
500 CALL TAU(S,DR,DI,TR,TI)
C CORRECTION FOR TAUS - ADDED TO GROUND
N=0
718 CONTINUE
XT=-2.*TR
YT=-2.*TI
CALL ZMPY(XT,YT,XT,YT,XXT,YYT)
CALL ZMPY(XT,YT,XXT,YYT,XTT,YTT)
CALL ZSQRT(XTT,YTT,XXX,YYY)
CALL HANK(1,1./3.,-1.,-XXX/3.,-YYY/3.,XHAN,YHAN,MAG1)
EMAG1=MAG1
CALL HANK(1,2./3.,-1.,-XXX/3.,-YYY/3.,XXHAN,YYHAN,MAG2)
EMAG2=MAG2
CALL ZDIV(XHAN,YHAN,XXHAN,YYHAN,HANX,HANY)
CALL ZSQRT(XT,YT,TTX,TTY)
EXX=MAG1-MAG2
XR=COSF(1.0471976)*EXPF(EXX)
YR=SINF(1.0471976)*EXPF(EXX)
CALL ZDIV(XR,YR,TTX,TTY,TTXX,TTYX)
CALL ZMPY(HANX,HANY,TTXX,TTYX,XREAL,YIMAG)
CORX=-XREAL-DR
CORY=-YIMAG-DI
CALL ZMPY(DR2,DI2,XT,YT,DXT,DYT)
DEMRE=-1.-DXT
DEMIM=-DYT
CALL ZDIV(CORX,CORY,DEMRE,DEMIM,SOUP,SALAD)
TRR=TR-SOUP
TII=TI-SALAD
CALL ZDIV(TRR-TR,TII-TI,TR,TI,SPNR,SPNI)
IF(SQRTF(SPNR*SPNR+SPNI*SPNI)-ERROR) 716,716, 714
714 N=N+1
TR=TRR
TI=TII
IF(N-30) 718,720,720
720 CONTINUE
XT=-2.*TR
YT=-2.*TI
CALL ZMPY(XT,YT,XT,YT,XXT,YYT)
CALL ZMPY(XT,YT,XXT,YYT,XTT,YTT)
CALL ZSQRT(XTT,YTT,XXX,YYY)
CALL HANK(1,1./3.,-1.,-XXX/3.,-YYY/3.,XHAN,YHAN,MAG1)
716 CONTINUE
C
C HEIGHT GAIN FACTOR
C FOR HEIGHT GAIN FACTOR SEE EQUATION (2.30)
CONR=CON+XT
CONI=YT
CALL ZMPY(CONR,CONI,CONR,CONI,CONR2,CONI2)
CALL ZMPY(CONR,CONI,CONR2,CONI2,CONR3,CONI3)
CALL ZSQRT(CONR3,CONI3,CONR32,CONI32)
IF(CONI32.GE.0.) GO TO 730

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```

CALL HANK (1,1./3.,-1.,-CONR32/3.,-CONI32/3.,XXHAN,YYHAN,MAG2)
GO TO 731
730 CONTINUE
CALL HANK (1,1./3., 0.,-CONR32/3.,-CONI32/3.,XXHAN,YYHAN,MAG2)
731 CONTINUE
CALL ZDIV (CONR,CONI,XT,YT,CONX,CONY)
CALL ZSQRT (CONX,CONY,CONX12,CONY12)
CALL ZDIV (XXHAN,YYHAN,XHAN,YHAN,HANX,HANY)
EXX=MAG2-MAG1
EXF=EXP(EXX)
C SEE EQUATION (2.30)
CALL ZMPY (HANX*EXF,HANY*EXF,CONX12,CONY12,FSH2R,FSH2I)
C
SSS=N
ANGLE=AK13R*ALF23*THETA*TR+PI/4.
ARG=-AK13R*ALF23*THETA*TI
IF(ARG+300.) 700,700,600
600 EX=EXPF(ARG)
ZR=EX*COSF(ANGLE)
ZI=EX*SINF(ANGLE)
AA=2.*TR-DR2/(DR2*DR2+DI2*DI2)
B=2.*TI+DI2/(DR2*DR2+DI2*DI2)
CALL ZDIV(ZR,ZI,AA,B,PPOR,PPOI)
CALL ZDIV(2.5*TR,2.5*TI,CUBERT(AK1*AK1),0.,FBX,FBY)
CALL ZMPY(PPOR,PPOI,1.+FBX,FBY,PPOR,PPOI)
CALL ZMPY (PPOR,PPOI,FSH2R,FSH2I,PPOR,PPOI)
CALL POLR(PPOR,PPOI,PPOMOD,PHIPPO)
IF(SUMMOD) 13,13,12
12 IF(PPOMOD/SUMMOD-ERROR) 700,700,13
13 SUMR=SUMR+PPOR
SUMI=SUMI+PPOI
CALL POLR(SUMR,SUMI,SUMMOD,SUMPHI)
S=S+1.
IF(S-500.) 500,500,15
15 ERROR=4.E-4
GO TO 500
700 ESUBR=SUMMOD*CONST
FSUBR=ESUBR*DIST/(12.5663706E-10*F)
900 CALL POLR(((DK1*DK1)-1.)/(DK1*DK1),1./DK1,FPRIZ,PHIFZ)
AMP = ESUBR*FPRIZ
PHASE=SUMPHI+PHIFZ
RETURN
END

4000 SUBROUTINE TAU (S,DR,DI,TR,TI)
DIMENSION TZERO(5), TIN(5)
DATA (ITM=0)
IF(ITM) 16,15,16
15 TZERO(1)=1.8557571
TZERO(2)=3.2446076
TZERO(3)=4.3816712
TZERO(4)=5.3866138
TZERO(5)=6.3052630
TIN(1)=.80861652

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```

TIN(2)=2.5780961
TIN(3)=3.8257153
TIN(4)=4.8918203
TIN(5)=5.8513010
ITM=1
SINT=.86602540
COST=.5
16 IF(S-5.) 1,2,2
1 IC=S+1.
TSO=TZERO(IC)
TSIN=TIN(IC)
GO TO 3
2 Y1=1.1780972*(4.*S+3.)
Y12=Y1*Y1
Y14=Y12*Y12
Y13RT=CUBERT(Y1)
TSO=Y13RT*Y13RT/1.2599211
TSO=TSO+TSO/(9.6*Y12)-TSO/(7.2*Y14)+.92928404*TSO/(Y14*Y12)
Y2=1.1780972*(4.*S+1.)
Y22=Y2*Y2
Y24=Y22*Y22
Y23RT=CUBERT(Y2)
TSIN=Y23RT*Y23RT/1.259921
TSIN=TSIN-.14583333*TSIN/Y22+.12152778*TSIN/Y24-.87395351*TSIN/(Y2
12*Y24)
3 DELTA2=DR*DR+DI*DI
IF (2.*DELTA2*TSO-1.) 5,10,10
10 ASSIGN 1001 TO N
C
C ASYMPTOTIC SERIES (1/DELTA SUB E = DEL)
11 TS1=TSIN
DELR=DR/DELTA2
DELI=-DI/DELTA2
ASSIGN 30 TO J
20 SUMR=COST*TS1
SUMI=SINT*TS1
TS2=TS1*TS1
TS3=TS2*TS1
TS4=TS2*TS2
TS5=TS2*TS3
TS6=TS3*TS3
TS7=TS3*TS4
TS9=TS4*TS5
TS12=TS6*TS6
TS15=TS9*TS6
CALL ZMPY (DELR,DELI,DELR,DELI,DEL2R,DEL2I)
CALL ZMPY (DELR,DELI,DEL2R,DEL2I,DEL3R,DEL3I)
CALL ZMPY (DEL2R,DEL2I,DEL2R,DEL2I,DEL4R,DEL4I)
CALL ZMPY (DEL2R,DEL2I,DEL3R,DEL3I,DEL5R,DEL5I)
CALL ZMPY (DEL3R,DEL3I,DEL3R,DEL3I,DEL6R,DEL6I)
CALL ZMPY (DEL3R,DEL3I,DEL4R,DEL4I,DEL7R,DEL7I)
CALL ZMPY (DEL4R,DEL4I,DEL4R,DEL4I,DEL8R,DEL8I)
CALL ZMPY (DEL4R,DEL4I,DEL5R,DEL5I,DEL9R,DEL9I)
CALL ZMPY (DEL5R,DEL5I,DEL5R,DEL5I,DEL10R,DEL10I)

```

```

CALL ZMPY (DEL5R,DEL5I,DEL6R,DEL6I,DEL11R,DEL11I)
GO TO J, (30, 60)
30 TSR=-COST/(2.*TS1)
   TSI=SINT/(2.*TS1)
   CALL ZMPY (TSR,TSI,DELR,DELI,PP1R,PP1I)
   CALL POLR(PP1R,PP1I,PP1MOD,PP1PHI)
   K=1
   TSA=TS1
40 IF (PP1MOD/TSA - 4.E-7) 50,50,41
41 GO TO (101,102,103,104,105,106,107,108,109,50), K
101 PP2R=.125/TS3*DEL2R
   PP2I=.125/TS3*DEL2I
110 CALL POLR(PP2R,PP2I,PP2MOD,PP2PHI)
   IF (PP2MOD - PP1MOD) 42,50,50
42 SUMR=SUMR+PP1R
   SUMI=SUMI+PP1I
   CALL POLR(SUMR,SUMI,TSA,TSPHIA)
   PP1MOD=PP2MOD
   PP1R=PP2R
   PP1I=PP2I
   K=K+1
   GO TO 40
102 TSR=-COST/TS2
   TSI=-SINT/TS2
   CALL ZMPY (TSR,TSI,DEL3R,DEL3I,PP2R,PP2I)
   CONST=-(.83333333E-1-.0625/TS3)
120 PP2R=PP2R*CONST
   PP2I=PP2I*CONST
   GO TO 110
103 TSR=-COST/TS4
   TSI=SINT/TS4
   CALL ZMPY (TSR,TSI,DEL4R,DEL4I,PP2R,PP2I)
   CONST=-(.72916667E-1-.0390625/TS3)
   GO TO 120
104 PP2R=DEL5R
   PP2I=DEL5I
   CONST=-(-.025/TS3+.065625/TS6-.02734375/TS9)
   GO TO 120
105 TSR=COST/TS5
   TSI=SINT/TS5
   CALL ZMPY (TSR,TSI,DEL6R,DEL6I,PP2R,PP2I)
   CONST=-(.40277778E-1-.06015625/TS3+.20507812E-1/TS6)
   GO TO 120
106 TSR=-COST/TS4
   TSI=SINT/TS4
   CALL ZMPY (TSR,TSI,DEL7R,DEL7I,PP2R,PP2I)
   CONST=-(.89285714E-2-.52777778E-1/TS3+.55859375E-1/TS6-.16113281E-
11/TS9)
   GO TO 120
107 PP2R=DEL8R
   PP2I=DEL8I
   CONST=-(.21651786E-1/TS6-.63671875E-1/TS9+.52368164E-1/TS12-
1.13092041E-1/TS15)
   GO TO 120

```

```

108 TSR=COST/TS5
   TSI=SINT/TS5
   CALL ZMPY (TSR,TSI,DEL9R,DEL9I,PP2R,PP2I)
   CONST=(-.34722222E-2-.37646054E-1/TS3+.73448351E-1/TS6-.49458822E-
11/TS9+.10910034E-1/TS12)
   GO TO 120
109 TSR=COST/TS7
   TSI=-SINT/TS7
   CALL ZMPY (TSR,TSI,DEL10R,DEL10I,PP2R,PP2I)
   CONST=(-.11453373E-1-.56531980E-1/TS3+.82380642E-1/TS6-.46985881E-
11/TS9+.92735291E-2/TS12)
   GO TO 120
50  ERRA=PP1MOD
   TRA=SUMR
   TIA=SUMI
200 GO TO N, (1001,1002,1003)
1001 IF (2.*DELTA2*TSA-1.) 45,500,500
   45 ASSIGN 1003 TO N
   GO TO 7
1002 IF (2.*DELTA2*TSC-.6) 501,501,46
   46 ASSIGN 1003 TO N
   GO TO 11
1003 IF (ERRA-ERRC) 500,500,501
C
C CONVERGENT SERIES
5  IF (2.*DELTA2*TSO-.6) 6,6,10
6  ASSIGN 1002 TO N
7  TS1=TSO
   DELR=DR
   DELI=DI
   ASSIGN 60 TO J
   GO TO 20
60  SUMR=SUMR-DELR
   SUMI=SUMI-DELI
   TS1R=COST*TS1
   TS1I=SINT*TS1
   CALL ZMPY (TS1R,TS1I,DEL3R,DEL3I,PP1R,PP1I)
   SUMR=SUMR-.66666667*PP1R+COST*DEL4R
   SUMI=SUMI-.66666667*PP1I+COST*DEL4I
   TS2R=-COST*TS2
   TS2I=SINT*TS2
   CALL ZMPY (TS2R,TS2I,DEL5R,DEL5I,PP1R,PP1I)
   SUMR=SUMR-.8*PP1R
   SUMI=SUMI-.8*PP1I
   CALL ZMPY (TS1R,TS1I,DEL6R,DEL6I,PP1R,PP1I)
   CONST=.71428571-1.1428571*TS3
   SUMR=SUMR+1.5555556*PP1R-CONST*DEL7R
   SUMI=SUMI+1.5555556*PP1I-CONST*DEL7I
   CALL ZMPY (TS2R,TS2I,DEL8R,DEL8I,PP1R,PP1I)
   SUMR=SUMR+3.8666667*PP1R
   SUMI=SUMI+3.8666667*PP1I
   CALL ZMPY (TS1R,TS1I,DEL9R,DEL9I,PP1R,PP1I)
   CONST=4.0493827-1.7777778*TS3
   CONST1=1.3428571-8.8685714*TS3

```

```

TRC=SUMR-CONST*PP1R+CONST1*DEL10R
TIC=SUMI-CONST*PP1I+CONST1*DEL10I
CALL POLR(TRC,TIC,TSC,TSPHIC)
CALL ZMPY (TS2R,TS2I,DEL11R,DEL11I,PP1R,PP1I)
CONST=15.305051-2.9090909*TS3
PP1R=-CONST*PP1R
PP1I=-CONST*PP1I
CALL POLR(PP1R,PP1I,ERRC,ERPHIC)
GO TO 200
500 ERR=ERRA
TR=TRA
TI=TIA
TS=TSA
TSPHI=TSPHIA
TSZ=TSIN
GO TO 550
501 ERR=ERRC
TR=TRC
TI=TIC
TS=TSC
TSPHI=TSPHIC
TSZ=TSO
550 DEL2T=DELTA2*TS
RETURN
END

```

```

SUBROUTINE HANK(KIND,ORDER,BRANCH,A,B,X,Y,MAGTUD)
DIMENSION BR(2),BI(2),GAM(4)
IF(A*A+B*B) 300,400,300
300 MAGTUD=0
SIGN=3-2*KIND
SO=3.-6.*ORDER
V=ORDER
IF(B) 1,2,3
1 SIY=-1.
GO TO 4
2 SIY=0.
GO TO 4
3 SIY=1.
4 IF(SIY*SIGN) 5,5,6
5 RB=5.5
GO TO 7
6 RB=2.3
7 CALL POLR (A,B,R,THETA )
THETA=THETA+BRANCH*6.2831853
IF(R-RB) 10,100,100
10 KO=3.*ORDER+.1
GAM(1)=-4.06235381
GAM(2)=2.6789385
35 GAM(3)=-4.0184078
GAM(4)=1.3541179
DO 90 L=1,2
KI=2*KO+1-L
50 GR=(.5*R)**V*COSF(V*THETA)/GAM(KI)

```



```

GI=(.5*R)**V*SINF(V*THETA)/GAM(KI)
CALL SERIES(A,B,V ,SUMR,SUMI)
CALL ZMPY(SUMR,SUMI,GR,GI,BR(L),BI(L))
90 V=-V
CALLZMPY(0.,1.1547005 ,SO*.5*BR(1)-BR(2),SO*.5*BI(1)-BI(2),GR,GI)
X=BR(1)+SIGN*GR
Y=BI(1)+SIGN*GI
RETURN
100 IGO=1
C=A
28 D=B
SR=1.2533141 *SQRTF(R)
TR=SR*COSF(.5*THETA)
TI=SR*SINF(.5*THETA)
IF(ABSF(THETA)-4.7123890 ) 103,103,115
103 IF(SIGN*(THETA+SIGN*1.5707963 )) 105,113,113
105 C=-A
D=-B
CALLZMPY(TR,TI,0.,SIGN,TR,TI)
IGO=2
GO TO 113
115 IGO =3
TR=-TR
TI=-TI
113 CALLZEXP(-SIGN*D,SIGN*(C-1.5707963 *(V+.5)),SR,SI,MAGTUD)
CALLSP(V,2.*SIGN*D,-2.*SIGN*C,RTR,RTI)
CALL ZMPY(SR,SI,RTR,RTI,X,Y)
GO TO (135,192,192),IGO
192 CALLSP(V,-2.*SIGN*D,2.*SIGN*C,RTR,RTI)
CALLZDIV(RTR,RTI,SR,SI,SR,SI)
CALLZMPY(SR,SI,SO*.5,-SIGN*.86602540 ,SR,SI)
EX1=1.
EX2=1.
IF(MAGTUD) 195,200,197
195 EMA=2*MAGTUD
EX1=EXPF(EMA)
MAGTUD=-MAGTUD
GO TO 200
197 EMA=-2*MAGTUD
EX2=EXPF(EMA)
200 GO TO (135,205,210),IGO
205 X=SO*EX1*X+SR*EX2
Y=SO*EX1*Y+SI*EX2
GO TO 135
210 X=-EX1*X-SO*SR*EX2
Y=-EX1*Y-SO*SI*EX2
135 CALLZDIV(X,Y,TR,TI,X,Y)
136 RETURN
400 WRITE OUTPUT TAPE61,401
401 FORMAT(35H ZERO ARGUMENT NOT DEFINED IN HANK.)
CALL EXIT
END

```

SUBROUTINE SERIES (A,B,V,SUMR,SUMI)

```

CALL ZMPY(.25*A,.25*B,A,B,SQR,SQI)
TERMR=1./V
TERMI=0.
SUMR=TERMR
SUMI=TERMI
EN=0.
10 EN=EN+1.
CALLZMPY(TERM,TERMI,-SQR/(EN*(V+EN)),-SQI/(EN*(V+EN)),
1TERM,TERMI)
SUMR=SUMR+TERMR
SUMI=SUMI+TERMI
IF((TERMR*TERMR+TERMI*TERMI)/(SUMR*SUMR+SUMI*SUMI)-1.E-22)20,20,10
20 RETURN
END

```

```

FUNCTION GAMMA(X)
75 FORMAT(66H GAMMA FUNCTION OF A NEGATIVE INTEGER, OR OF ZERO, IS NO
IT DEFINED.)
5 IF(X) 10,80,15
10 N=-X
EN=-N-1
V=X-EN
IF(V-1.) 5, 80, 20
15 N=X
EN=N
V=X-EN
20 GAMMA=1.+V*(.422784337+V*(.4118402518+V*(.08157821878+V*
1(.07423790761+V*(-.0002109074673+V*(.01097369584+V*(-.002466747981
2+V*(.001539768105-V*(.0003442342046-V*.00006771057117))))))
IF(EN-2.) 37,25,30
25 RETURN
30 N=N-1
DO 35 I=2,N
FI=I
35 GAMMA=GAMMA*(FI+V)
RETURN
37 N=2.-EN
DO 40 I=1,N
FI=2-I
40 GAMMA=GAMMA/(FI+V)
RETURN
80 WRITE OUTPUT TAPE 6,75
CALL EXIT
END

```

```

SUBROUTINE SP(P,C,B,RTR,RTI)
DIMENSION CVR(4),CVI(4),A(8),H(8)
T=1.
REAL1=1.
AM1=0.
RTR=1.
RTI=0.
CALL ZDIV(1.,0.,C,B,X,Y)
PP=4.*P*P

```

```

20  PRELIM=(PP-(2.*T-1.)*(2.*T-1.))/(4.*T)
    U=PRELIM*X
    V=PRELIM*Y
    CALL ZMPY(REAL1,AM1,U,V,REAL2,AM2)
    IF((REAL2*REAL2+AM2*AM2)-(REAL1*REAL1+AM1*AM1))110,110,200
110  RTR=RTR+REAL2
    RTI=RTI+AM2
    CALL ZDIV(REAL2,AM2,RTR,RTI,QTR,QTI)
    REAL1=REAL2
    AM1=AM2
10   T=T+1.
    IF((QTR*QTR+QTI*QTI)-1.E-16) 30, 30,20
200  S=T-P-.5
    IF(S-25.) 201,201, 30
201  A(1)=1.7878605
    A(2)=3.5882389
    A(3)=5.9200900
    A(4)=8.8668464
    A(5)=1.2543589   E+1
    A(6)=1.7140529   E+1
    A(7)=2.3023343   E+1
    A(8)=3.1129504   E+1
    H(1)=4.7828652
    H(2)=3.3761327   E+1
    H(3)=5.1231373   E+1
    H(4)=2.5408127E+1
    H(5)=4.5375890
    H(6)=2.7433832   E-1
    H(7)=4.3728310   E-3
    H(8)=8.8275945   E-6
    CVR(1)=0.
    CVI(1)=0.
    DO 205 I=1,8
    XS=A(I)**(S-5.)
    CALLZDIV(XS*C,XS*B,C+A(I),B,ADR,ADI)
    CVR(1)=CVR(1)+ADR*H(I)
205  CVI(1)=CVI(1)+ADI*H(I)
    GA=GAMMA(S+1.)
    CVR(1)=CVR(1)/GA
    CVI(1)=CVI(1)/GA
    TERMR= C*(P-.5)/(T+P-.5)
    TERMI= B*(P-.5)/(T+P-.5)
    CALLZMPY(S+1.,C,B,CVR(1),CVI(1),CVR(2),CVI(2))
    CALLZDIV(CVR(2)-C,CVI(2)-B,C,B,CVR(2),CVI(2))
    CALL ZMPY(TERM,TERMI,CVR(2),CVI(2),TR,TI)
    SUMR=CVR(1)-TR
    SUMI=CVI(1)-TI
202  ADD=1.
    SIGN=-1.
    DO 211 N=2,3
    EN=N
    SIGN=-SIGN
    ZIP=(P-EN+.5)/(T+P-EN+.5)
    CALLZMPY( ZIP*C, ZIP*B,TERMR,TERMI,TERMR,TERMI)

```

```

CALLZMPY(S+C+2,-EN,B,CVR(N),CVI(N),CVR(N+1),CVI(N+1))
CALLZDIV(CVR(N+1)+CVR(N-1)-ADD,CVI(N+1)+CVI(N-1),EN*C,EN*B ,
1 CVR(N+1),CVI(N+1))
CALLZMPY(TERM,TERMI,CVR(N+1),CVI(N+1),TPR,TPI)
IF(TPR*TPR+TPI*TPI-TR*TR-TI*TI) 206,212,212
206 TR=TPR
TI=TPI
SUMR=SUMR+SIGN*TR
SUMI=SUMI+SIGN*TI
211 ADD=0.
212 CALLZMPY(SUMR,SUMI,REAL2,AM2,REAL2,AM2)
RTR=RTR+REAL2
RTI=RTI+AM2
30 RETURN
END

```

```

FUNCTION CUBERT (X)
S=1.
IF (X) 1,3,2
1 S=-1.
X=-X
2 X0=1.
B=X
IF (X-1.) 4,3,6
3 CUBERT=X
GO TO 30
4 B=B*1000.
X0=0.1*X0
IF (B-1.) 4,10,10
6 B=B*.001
IF (B-1.) 10,7,7
7 X0=10.*X0
GO TO 6
10 CUBERT=X/(3.*X0*X0)+.66666667*X0
IF (ABS((CUBERT-X0)/CUBERT)-4.E-8) 30,30,20
20 X0=CUBERT
GO TO 10
30 CUBERT=CUBERT*S
X=S*X
RETURN
END

```

```

SUBROUTINE ZEXP(A,B,X,Y,MAGTUD)
MAGTUD=A
SCALE=MAGTUD
E=EXPF(A-SCALE)
X=E*COSF(B)
Y=E*SINF(B)
RETURN
END

```

```

SUBROUTINE ZMPY(A,B,C,D,X,Y)
CALCULATES THE PRODUCT OF TWO COMPLEX NUMBERS.
INPUT.

```

```

C      (A,B) = THE MULTIPLICAND.
C      (C,D) = THE MULTIPLIER.
C      OUTPUT.
C      (X,Y) = THE PRODUCT,  $(X+IY) = (A+IB)*(C+ID)$ 
EX=(A*C-B*D)
Y=A*D+C*B
X=EX
RETURN
END

```

```

SUBROUTINE ZSQRT(AA,BB,X,Y)
CALCULATION OF THE PRINCIPLE SQUARE ROOT OF A COMPLEX NUMBER.
C      INPUT.
C      (AA,BB) = THE GIVEN COMPLEX NUMBER.
C      OUTPUT.
C      (X,Y) = THE PRINCIPLE SQUARE ROOT OF  $AA + I BB$ .
A=AA
B=BB
S=1.
IF(B) 1,5,5
1 S=-1.
5 IF(A) 2,4,2
2 IF(ABSF(A)-ABSF(B))20,25,25
20 X=ABSF(B)*SQRTF(1.+(A/B)**2)
GO TO 30
25 X=ABSF(A)*SQRTF(1.+(B/A)**2)
30 X=SQRTF(.5*(X+ABSF(A)))
D=B/(2.*X)
Y=D
IF(A) 3,10,10
3 Y=S*X
X=S*D
GO TO 10
4 X=SQRTF(S*B*.5)
Y=S*X
10 RETURN
END

```

```

SUBROUTINE POLR(EX,EY,R,THETA)
CALCULATION OF THE AMPLITUDE AND PHASE OF A COMPLEX NUMBER.
C      INPUT.
C      (EX,EY) = THE GIVEN COMPLEX NUMBER.
C      OUTPUT.
C      R = THE AMPLITUDE OF  $EX + I EY$ .
C      THETA = PHASE IN RADIANS OF  $EX + I EY$ .
X=EX
Y=EY
IF(ABSF(X)-ABSF(Y)) 20,25,25
20 R=ABSF(Y)*SQRTF(1.+(X/Y)**2)
GO TO 30
25 R=ABSF(X)*SQRTF(1.+(Y/X)**2)
30 S=1.
IF(Y) 2, 3, 3
2 S=-1.

```

```

3 IF(X) 10,5,15
5 THETA=S*1.570796327
  RETURN
10 THETA=S*3.141592654      +ATANF(Y/X)
  RETURN
15 THETA=ATANF(Y/X)
  RETURN
  END

```

```

C      SUBROUTINE ZDIV(A,B,C,D,X,Y)
C      CALCULATES THE QUOTIENT OF TWO COMPLEX NUMBERS.
C      INPUT.
C      (A,B) = THE DIVIDEND.
C      (C,D) = THE DIVISOR.
C      OUTPUT.
C      (X,Y) = THE QUOTIENT, (X+IY)=(A+IB)/(C+ID)
C      IF(C) 20,5,20
5 IF(D) 6,12,6
6 EX=B/D
  Y=-A/D
  GO TO 40
20 IF(D) 30,10,30
10 EX=A/C
  Y=B/C
  GO TO 40
12 PRINT 13
13 FORMAT(21H ZERO DIVISOR IN ZDIV)
  CALL EXIT
30 IF(ABSF(C)-ABSF(D))35,35,31
31 AOVC= A/C
  BOVC= B/C
  DOVC= D/C
  DEN= 1.+(DOVC*DOVC)
  X= (AOVC+(BOVC*DOVC))/DEN
  Y=(BOVC-(AOVC*DOVC))/DEN
  RETURN
35 AOVD= A/D
  BOVD= B/D
  COVD= C/D
  DEN= 1.+(COVD*COVD)
  X=((AOVD*COVD)+BOVD)/DEN
  Y=((BOVD*COVD)-AOVD)/DEN
  RETURN
40 X=EX
65 RETURN
  END

```

```

SUBROUTINE PATH (TMTRLA, TMTRLO, RCVLAT, RCVLON, FUNCT,XINT,DKM,
2  PATHLA, PATHLO, DIST, BERATX, BERATR,BERXMT,NMAX,TYPATH)
CPATH SUBR. TO CALC. DIST, , LAT., AND LONG. ALONG PATH. FUNCTIONS ARE
C (1) REG---CALC. LAT. AND LONG. ALONG PATH AT DIST. SPEC. AS INT
C (2) MID---TREAT COORD. GIVEN AS MID-POINT OF PATH, FIND END POINT
C (3) HOP--- FIND REFLECTION POINTS FOR RAY ORDER SPEC. AS INT
C (4) DSTNCE---FIND DISTANCE BETWEEN SPECIFIED POINTS

```

```

DIMENSION DIST (1000),PATHLA (1000),PATHLO (1000),BERXMT (1000)
DIMENSION DELTLIM (4),SIGNT (2)
TYPE INTEGER REG,XMID,HOP,DSTNCE,SHORT,XLONG,TYPATH,FUNCT,QFLAG
TYPE INTEGER ORDER, Q, QUADRANT, QR,RETADRES,QP,ORDRFLAG
TYPE INTEGER ZETAFLAG,TYPEPATH,FUNCTION
TYPE REAL MAXLAT,MAXLONG
EQUIVALENCE (Q, QUADRANT),(PRECISON,MAXERR),(JDELTC,DELTPHI1),
2 (JDELTC,DELTPHIC),(INDTP,NOTPIND)
COMMON/PATHSTOR/ MAXLAT (2),MAXLONG (2),DISTP (2),NUMTP,Q,QR,QP,
2COFUNC, ZETAFLAG,A,AOVERB,U,DELTPHI1, CTAB (3), DLTPTAB (3),
3 C,C1,CMAX,PRESERR,PVERERR,ERROR,ZETAXMTR,ZETARCVR,RADDEG
DATA (RADDEG=57.29577951),
2 (DEGRAD=1.745329252E-2), (NLIM=20)
DATA (REG = 4HNORM),(XMID=3HMID),(HOP=3HHOP),(DSTNCE=6HDSTNCE),
2 (SHORT = 5HSHORT),(XLONG=4HLONG),(PI=3.141592654)
C CONSTANT A/B IS FOR B=6356.5838
DATA (A = 6378.2064),
2 (AOVERB =1.0034016),
3 (U = 0.0033900),(PIOVER2 = 1.570796327),
4(CTAB = 0.),(DLTPTAB = 0.)
COMMON/IPATHEQ/IPATHEQ,IPATHEQ1
DATA (IPATHEQ=3),(IPATHEQ1=4)
COF (C)= SQRTF (1.-C*C)
QFLAG=ORDRFLAG=MERIDFLG= 0
N = 1
CALL Q9OVER
IF (FUNCT .EQ. 3HREG .OR. FUNCT .EQ. 4HSTEP.OR. FUNCT .EQ. 4HNORM)
2 IFUNCT = 1
IF (FUNCT .EQ. 3HMID) IFUNCT = 2
IF (FUNCT .EQ. 3HHOP) IFUNCT = 3
IF (FUNCT .EQ. 4HDIST .OR. FUNCT .EQ. 6HDSTNCE) IFUNCT = 4
IF (TMTRLA .NE. XMTRLAT .OR. TMTRLO .NE. XMTRLON .OR.
2 RCVLAT .NE. RCVRLAT .OR. RCVLON .NE. RCVRLON .OR.
3 TYPEPATH .NE. TYPATH ) GO TO 110
IF ((FUNCTION .EQ. 4HDIST .OR. FUNCTION .EQ. 6HDSTNCE) .AND.
2 (FUNCT .EQ. 4HSTEP .OR. FUNCT .EQ. 3HREG .OR. FUNCT .EQ. 4HNORM))
3 GO TO 810
IF ((FUNCTION .EQ.4HSTEP.OR.FUNCTION.EQ.3HREG .OR. FUNCT .EQ.
2 4HNORM) .AND.
3 (FUNCT .EQ. 4HDIST .OR. FUNCT .EQ. 6HDSTNCE)) GO TO 8990
IF (FUNCT .EQ. FUNCTION .AND. DISTEP .EQ.XINT) GO TO 8990
GO TO (110,8980,8980,110),IFUNCT
110 XMTRLAT= TMTRLA
XMTRLON= TMTRLO
RCVRLAT= RCVLAT
RCVRLON= RCVLON
TYPEPATH = TYPATH
FUNCTION = FUNCT
DISTEP = XINT
NUMTP =0
220 IF ( TYPEPATH-XLONG ) 223, 221, 223
221 IPATH = 1
GO TO 290
223 IPATH = 2

```

```

TYPATH = TYPEPATH = 5HSHORT
290 CALL R9OVER
DELTPH11= RCVRLON-XMTRLON
DELTLAT = RCVRLAT-XMTRLAT
IF (ABSF (DELTPH11) .LE. 180.) GO TO 300
C          LONG SHORT  PATH
GO TO (330, 310), IPATH
300 GO TO (310, 330), IPATH
310 IF (DELTPH11 .LT. 0) GO TO 320
DELTPH11 = DELTPH11 -360.
GO TO 330
320 DELTPH11 = 360 + DELTPH11
330 ERROR = ABS (1.0 E-08*DELTPH11)
IF (ERROR .EQ. 0.) ERROR = 1.0E-08
IF (DELTPH11 .LT. 0) GO TO 365
340 IF (DELTLAT .LT.0 ) GO TO 350
Q = 3 -IPATH
GO TO 370
350 Q = IPATH
GO TO 370
365 Q = 5 -IPATH
370 IF (ABSF (RCVRLAT) .NE. 90. .AND. ABSF (XMTRLAT) .NE. 90.
1 .AND. DELTPH11 .NE. 0.) GO TO 375
COFUNC = 1.
C1= C = 0.
MERIDFLG = 1
375 IF (ABS (RCVRLAT) .NE. 90.) GO TO 376
IF (RCVRLAT .EQ. 90.) ZETARCVR = 0.
IF (RCVRLAT .EQ. -90.) ZETARCVR = PI
GO TO 380
376 TANRCLAT = TANF(RCVRLAT*DEGRAD)
IF (TANRCLAT .NE. 0.) GO TO 378
ZETARCVR = PIOVER2
GO TO 380
378 ZETARCVR = ATANF (AOVERB/TANRCLAT)
380 IF (ABS (XMTRLAT) .NE. 90.) GO TO 382
IF (XMTRLAT .EQ. 90.) ZETAXMTR = 0.
IF (XMTRLAT .EQ.-90.) ZETAXMTR = PI
GO TO 401
382 TANXMLAT = TANF (XMTRLAT*DEGRAD)
IF (TANXMLAT .NE. 0.) GO TO 390
ZETAXMTR = PIOVER2
GO TO 400
390 ZETAXMTR = ATANF (AOVERB/TANXMLAT)
IF (ZETAXMTR .LT. 0.) ZETAXMTR =ZETAXMTR +PI
400 IF (ZETARCVR .LT. 0.) ZETARCVR =ZETARCVR +PI
401 IF (ABSF (RCVRLAT).GE. ABSF (XMTRLAT)) GO TO 402
IF (DELTPH11 .NE. 0.)
2C = SIN (ZETAXMTR)
ZETAFLAG = 1
GO TO 404
402 IF (DELTPH11 .NE. 0.)
2C = SIN (ZETARCVR)
ZETAFLAG = 2

```



```

404 CMAX = C
    IF (MERIDFLG) 600, 410
406 C = CMAX
410 C = SIGNF (C, FLOATF ((-1)**(Q+1)))
    COFUNC = COF (C)
    IF (ZETAFLAG .EQ. 2 .AND. COFUNC .NE. 0.) GO TO 416
    ARG12 = SIGN (1.,C*COTF(ZETAXMTR))
    ARG22 = SIGN (1.,COS (ZETAXMTR))
    IF (COFUNC .EQ. 0.) 416, 420
416 ARG11 = SIGN (1.,C*COTF(ZETARCVR))
    ARG21 = SIGN (1.,COS (ZETARCVR))
418 IF (COFUNC .EQ. 0.) GO TO 424
420 IF (ZETAFLAG .EQ. 1) ARG11 = ARG1 (ZETARCVR,C)
    IF (ZETAFLAG .EQ.2) ARG12 = ARG1 (ZETAXMTR,C)
    IF (ZETAFLAG .EQ. 1) ARG21 = ARG2 (ZETARCVR)
    IF (ZETAFLAG .EQ. 2) ARG22 = ARG2 (ZETAXMTR)
424 PHIARG11 = PHI1F ( ARG11,  NUMTP)
    PHIARG12 = PHI1F ( ARG12,  0)
    PHIARG21 = PHI2F (ARG21,  NUMTP)
    PHIARG22 = PHI2F (ARG22,  0)
425 DELTPHIC = PHIARG11 -PHIARG12 -C* U * (PHIARG21-PHIARG22)
    DELTPHIO = NUMTP          *180 *(-1)**((Q-1)/2)
    DELTLIM (NUMTP+1) = DELTPHIC
440 IF ((DELTPH11 .GE. DELTPHIC .AND. DELTPH11 .LE. DELTPHIO) .OR.
    1 (DELTPH11 .GE. DELTPHIO .AND. DELTPH11 .LE. DELTPHIC)) GO TO 470
441 IF (NUMTP .GE. 2) GO TO 452
442 NUMTP =NUMTP +1
    GO TO 406
452 IF (QFLAG .LT. 1) GO TO 453
    KEYER = 452
    GO TO 9900
453 IF (Q .GT. 2) GO TO 454
    Q = 3 -Q
    GO TO 456
454 Q = 7 -Q
456 QFLAG = QFLAG +1
    NUMTP = 0
    GO TO 406
470 IF (DELTPHIC .GT. DELTPHIO) GO TO 472
    I1 = 2 $ I2 = 1
    GO TO 474
472 I1 = 1 $ I2 = 2
474 DLTPHTAB (I1)= DELTPHIO
    CTAB (I1) = 0.
    DLTPHTAB (I2) =      DELTLIM (NUMTP +1)
    CTAB (I2) = C
    NORDER = 1
    NPOINTS = 2
    PREVERR = 1.0 E+10
475 IF (CTAB .GT. CTAB (2)) GO TO 478
    I1 = 1
    I2 = 2
    GO TO 479
478 I1 = 2

```

```

      I2 = 1
479 C1 = ROOT(CTAB (I1), CTAB (I2), IERROR)
      IF(IERROR .EQ. 0) GO TO 480
      KEYER = 475
      GO TO 9900
480 IF (C1*C .GE. 0. .AND.
      2 ABSF (C1) .LE. ABSF (CMAX)) GO TO 490
      KEYER = 480
      GO TO 9900
490 COFUNC = COF (C1)
600 C = C1
      COFUNC = COF (C)
      IF (COFUNC .NE. 0.) GO TO 610
      DKM = ABSF (A*DELTPHI1*DEGRAD)
      GO TO 620
610 DKM=ABSF (DISTF (C,ARG2 (ZETARCVR),ARG2 (ZETAXMTR),ZETARCVR,
      1 ARGD2 (ZETARCVR,C),NUMTP))
620 QR = 4 -Q +XMODF (NUMTP +1,2) *XMODF (Q+1,2)*2+XMODF (NUMTP,2)
      BERATX = SIGN (ASIN (ABS (C/SIN (ZETAXMTR)))*RADDEG,(-1)**(Q-1))
      2 +(Q/2)*180.
      BERATR = SIGN (ASIN (ABS (C/SIN (ZETARCVR)))*RADDEG,(-1)**(QR-1))
      2 +(QR/2)*180.
      ARG12 = ARG1 (ZETAXMTR,C)
      ARG22 = ARG2 (ZETAXMTR)
640 IF (Q .EQ. 2 .OR. Q .EQ. 3) GO TO 650
      SIGNT (1) = +1.
      SIGNT(2) = -1.
      GO TO 660
650 SIGNT(1) = -1.
      SIGNT(2) = +1.
660 DO 800 I = 1, 2
      ARG11 = SIGNF (1.,C*SIGNT(I))
      ARG21 = SIGNF (1.,SIGNT (I))
690 ZETA = ASINF (ABS (C)*SIGNT (I))
700 IF (ZETA .LT. 0.) ZETA = PI+ZETA
      TANZETA = TANF(ZETA)
      IF (TANZETA .NE. 0.)GO TO 710
      IF (ZETA .EQ. 0.)MAXLAT (I) = +90.
      IF (ZETA .EQ. PI ) MAXLAT (I) = -90.
      GO TO 720
710 MAXLAT (I) = ATANF (AOVERB/TANZETA) *RADDEG
720 MAXLONG (I) = XMTRLON +PHI1F (ARG11,I-1)-PHI1F (ARG12,0)
      1 -C*U*(PHI2F (ARG21,I-1)-PHI2F (ARG22,0))
730 IF (ABS (MAXLONG (I)) .LT. 360.) GO TO 735
      MAXLONG (I) = MAXLONG (I) -SIGNF (1.,MAXLONG (I))*360.
      GO TO 730
735 IF (ABSF (MAXLONG (I)).LT. 180.) GO TO 750
      IF (MAXLONG (I) .LE.180.)MAXLONG (I) = 360.+MAXLONG (I)
740 IF (MAXLONG (I) .GT.180.)MAXLONG (I) = MAXLONG (I) -360.
750 DISTP (I) = ABSF (DISTF (C,ARG21, ARG22,ZETA,0.,I-1))
800 CONTINUE
810 CALL R9OVER
      GO TO (820,8980,8980,8990), IFUNCT
820 FUNCTION = FUNCT

```

```

DISTEP = XINT
INDTP = INDTP1 = INDTP2 = 0
DIST (1) = 0.
PATHLA (1) = XMTRLAT
PATHLO (1) = XMTRLON
PREVERR = 1.0 E+10
IF (BERATX .GE. 180.) BERXMT (1) = BERATX -180.
IF (BERATX .LT. 180.) BERXMT (1) = BERATX +180.
830 DO 840 I = 1, NUMTP
    DIST (I+1) = DISTP (I)
840 PATHLA (I+1) = MAXLAT (I)
850 DIST (NUMTP+2) = DKM
    PATHLA (NUMTP+2) = RCVRLAT
    NOTPIND = INDTP1 = INDTP2 = 0
    IF (NUMTP .EQ. 0) GO TO 860
    IF (NUMTP .GE. 1) INDTP1 = 2
    IF (NUMTP .EQ. 2) INDTP2 = 3
860 IF (DKM .GT. 0. .AND. DISTEP .GT. 0.) GO TO 865
    KEYER = 865
    GO TO 9900
865 NMAX = DKM/DISTEP +2
    IF (ABS (DISTEP* (NMAX -2) -DKM) -DISTEP/10. .LT. 0.)
2 NMAX = NMAX - 1
    NMAX1 = NMAX -1
870 DO 985 IND = 2, NMAX1
    N = 1
    ORDRFLAG = 0
    NPOINTS = IND +NUMTP
    IF (NPOINTS .LT. 7) NORDER = NPOINTS -1
    IF (NPOINTS .GE. 7) NORDER = 5
    DREQ = DISTEP*(IND-1)
880 IF (DREQ .LE. DISTP (NOTPIND+1) .OR. NOTPIND .EQ. NUMTP) GO TO 890
    IF (NOTPIND .GE. NUMTP) GO TO 885
    NOTPIND = NOTPIND +1
    GO TO 880
885 KEYER = 885
    GO TO 9900
890 IERROR = 1
    CALL MONTONCK (DIST,NPOINTS,IERROR)
    IF (IERROR .EQ. 1) GO TO 900
    KEYER = 890
    GO TO 9900
900 IERROR = 0
    CALL INTRPOLT (NORDER,NPOINTS,DIST,PATHLA,DREQ,REQLAT,IERROR)
    IF (IERROR .EQ. 0) GO TO 910
    KEYER = 900
    GO TO 9900
910 IF (ABS (REQLAT) .GT. ABS (MAXLAT (1))) GO TO 946
    IF (NUMTP .EQ. 0) GO TO 918
    IF (NOTPIND .GT. 0) GO TO 915
    IF ((REQLAT.GE. PATHLA (1) .AND. REQLAT .LE. MAXLAT (1))
2 .OR. (REQLAT .LE. PATHLA (1) .AND. REQLAT .GE. MAXLAT (1)))
3 919,946
915 GO TO (916,917),NOTPIND

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```

916 IF ((REQLAT .GE. MAXLAT (1) .AND. REQLAT .LE. MAXLAT (2)).OR.
  2(REQLAT .LE. MAXLAT (1) .AND. REQLAT .GE. MAXLAT (2))) 919,946
917 IF ((REQLAT .GE. MAXLAT (2) .AND. REQLAT .LE. RCVRLAT) .OR.
  2 (REQLAT .LE. MAXLAT (2) .AND. REQLAT .GE. RCVRLAT)) 919,946
918 IF ((REQLAT .GE. PATHLA (1) .AND. REQLAT .LE. RCVRLAT) .OR.
  2 (REQLAT .LE. PATHLA (1) .AND. REQLAT .GE. RCVRLAT)) 919,946
919 TANLAT = TANF(REQLAT*DEGRAD)
  IF (TANLAT .NE. 0.) GO TO 920
  ZETA = PIOVER2
  GO TO 940
920 ZETA = ATAN (AOVERB/TANLAT)
930 IF (ZETA .LT. 0.) ZETA = ZETA +PI
940 DCALC = ABS (DISTF (C,ARG2 (ZETA),ARG2,ZETA,ARGD2 (ZETA,C),
  1 NOTPIND))
945 PRESERR = DREQ-DCALC
  IF ( ABS ( DREQ - DCALC) .LT. 0.0005 .OR. PRESERR .EQ. PREVERR)
  2 GO TO 960
  IF (DCALC .LT. DKM ) GO TO 948
946 NORDER = NORDER -1
  N = N +1
  ORDRFLAG = ORDRFLAG +1
  IF (NORDER .GT. 0 ) GO TO 890
  KEYER = 945
  GO TO 9900
948 IF (N .LT. NLIM) GO TO 950
  KEYER = 948
  GO TO 9900
950 PREVERR = PRESERR
  CALL ORDER (DIST,PATHLA, NPOINTS,DCALC,REQLAT,INDX,IERROR)
  IF (IERROR .NE. 0) GO TO 946
  N = N +1
  IF (ORDRFLAG .GT. 1) GO TO 890
  IF (NORDER .LT. 5) NORDER = NORDER +1
  IF (NORDER+1 .GT. NPOINTS) NORDER = NPOINTS -1
  GO TO 890
960 IF (NUMTP .EQ. 0) GO TO 980
  IF (IND .LE.INDTP1.AND. NOTPIND .LT. 1) INDTP1 = INDTP1 +1
970 IF (IND .LE. INDTP2.AND.NOTPIND .LT. 2) INDTP2 = INDTP2 +1
980 DIST (IND +NOTPIND) = DCALC
  PATHLA (IND +NOTPIND) = REQLAT
  BERXMT (IND +NOTPIND) = ZETA
  IF (INDTP1 .LE. 0 .OR. IND .GT. INDTP1 +1) GO TO 981
  DIST (INDTP1) = DISTP (1)
  PATHLA (INDTP1) = MAXLAT (1)
981 IF (INDTP2 .LE. 0 .OR. IND .GT. INDTP2 +1) GO TO 982
  DIST (INDTP2) = DISTP (2)
  PATHLA (INDTP2) = MAXLAT (2)
982 DIST (IND +NUMTP +1) = DKM
  PATHLA (IND +NUMTP +1) = RCVRLAT
985 CONTINUE
990 NOTPIND = 0
  DO 1100 IND = 2, NMAX1
1000 IF (IND+INDTP .EQ. INDTP1 .OR. IND+INDTP .EQ. INDTP2)
  1 INDTP = INDTP +1

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```

1020 IF (NOTPIND .EQ. 0) GO TO 1025
      DIST (IND) = DIST (IND +INDTP)
1025 ZETA = BERXMT (IND +INDTP)
1030 XLAT = PATHLA (IND +INDTP)
      PATHLA (IND) = XLAT
1040 PATHLONG = XMTRLON +PHI1F (ARG1 (ZETA,C),NOTPIND)-PHI1F (ARG12,0)
      1 -C*U*(PHI2F (ARG2 (ZETA),NOTPIND)-PHI2F (ARG22,0))
1050 IF (ABS (PATHLONG) .LT. 360.) GO TO 1055
      PATHLONG = PATHLONG -SIGNF (1.,PATHLONG)*360.
      GO TO 1050
1055 IF (ABS (PATHLONG) .LT. 180.) GO TO 1060
      IF (PATHLONG .GT. 180.) PATHLONG =-360.+PATHLONG
      IF (PATHLONG .LE. -180.) PATHLONG = 360. +PATHLONG
1060 PATHLO (IND) = PATHLONG
      QP = 4 -Q +XMODF (NOTPIND+1,2)*XMODF (Q+1,2)*2 +XMODF (NOTPIND,2)
1070 BERXMT (IND)= SIGN (ASIN (ABS (C/SIN (ZETA))))*RADDEG,(-1)**(QP-1))
      1 + (QP/2)*180.
1100 CONTINUE
      PATHLA (NMAX) = RCVRLAT
      PATHLO (NMAX) = RCVRLON
      BERXMT (NMAX) = BERATR
      DIST (NMAX) = DKM
1200 RETURN
8980 CALL R9OVER
      CALL Q8QERROR (0,41HIMID AND HOP FUNCTIONS NOT YET OPERATING. )
8990 RETURN
9900 WRITE (61, 9000) KEYER
9000 FORMAT (*1STATEMENT NO. * I6)
      CALL Q8QERROR (0,14HERROR IN PATG.)
      END

```

```

FUNCTION ROOT (TI,TF,IERROR)
COMMON/PATHSTOR/ MAXLAT (2),MAXLONG (2),DISTP (2),NUMTP,Q,QR,QP,
2COFUNC, ZETAFLAG,A,AOVB, U,DELTPHI1, CTAB (3), DLTPTAB (3),
3 C,C1,CMAX,PRESERR,PREVERR,E,ZETAXMTR,ZETARCVR,RADDEG
INTEGER Q,QR,QP,ZETAFLAG
DIMENSION FACTOR (4)
DATA (FACTOR = 0.5,0.7,0.8,0.9)
100 FORMAT(* UPPER LIMIT OF ITERATION EXCEEDED N=*,I4,3X,*T=*,E12.5,
13X,*F(T)=*,E12.5)
10 IERROR = ITRFLAG = ITLFLAG = 0
PREVERR = 1. E+05
N=1
20 TL= TI
FL = F (TL)
TR=TF
FR = F (TR)
30 IF (MOD (N-1,25).EQ. 0)
2SLOPE=(FL -FR) / (TL-TR)
IF(N.LT.50) 40, 50
40 T = (TR*FL-TL*FR)/(FL-FR)
GO TO 60
50 T=(TL+TR)/2.
60 FT=F(T)

```

```

PRESERR= ABS (FT)
IF (PRESERR.LT. E) GO TO 150
IF (N .GT. 1 .AND. PRESERR .EQ. PREVERR) GO TO 150
PREVERR = PRESERR
N=N+1
70 IF(N.GE.200)GO TO 120
IF(SLOPE.LT.0.)GO TO 90
IF(FT.LT.0.) 110, 100
90 IF(FT.GE.0.)GO TO 110
100 TR=T
FR = FT
ITRFLAG = ITRFLAG +1
IF (ITRFLAG .LE. 2) GO TO 30
ITRFLAG = ITRFLAG = 0
I = 1
105 TX = TL +(T-TL)*(1.-FACTOR (I))
FX = F (TX)
IF (SIGN (1., FX) .EQ. SIGN (1., FL)) GO TO 107
I = I+1
IF (I .LT. 5) 105, 30
107 TL = TX
FL = FX
GO TO 30
110 TL=T
FL = FT
ITLFLAG = ITLFLAG +1
IF (ITLFLAG .LE. 2) GO TO 30
ITRFLAG = ITLFLAG = 0
I = 1
115 TX = T+(TR-T)*FACTOR (I)
FX = F (TX)
IF (SIGN (1.,FX) .EQ. SIGN (1.,FR)) GO TO 117
I = I+1
IF (I .LT. 5) 115,30
117 TR = TX
FR = FX
GO TO 30
120 WRITE(61,100)N,T,FT
ROOT=(TL+TR)/2.
130 IERROR = 1
RETURN
150 ROOT=T
END

```

```

FUNCTION PHIIF (ARG10,N)
COMMON/PATHSTOR/ MAXLAT (2),MAXLONG (2),DISTP (2),NUMTP,Q,QR,QP,
ZCOFUNC, ZETAFLAG,A,AOVB,DELTPHI, CTAB (3), DLTPHTAB (3),
3 C,C1,CMAX,PRESERR,PREVERR,E,ZETAXMTR,ZETARCVR,RADDEG
INTEGER Q,QR,QP,ZETAFLAG
IF (ABS (ARG10) .GT. 1. .AND. ABS (ARG10) .LE. 1.00000001)
2 ARG10 = SIGN (1.,ARG10)
PHIIF = ASIN ( ARG10 ) *RADDEG*
2 (-1)**N +N*180.*(-1)**((Q-1)/2)
RETURN

```

END

```
FUNCTION PHI2F (ARG20,N)
COMMON/PATHSTOR/ MAXLAT (2),MAXLONG (2),DISTP (2),NUMTP,Q,QR,QP,
2COFUNC, ZETAFLAG,A,AOVB, U,DELTPH1, CTAB (3), DLTPTAB (3),
3 C,C1,CMAX,PRESERR,PREVERR,E,ZETAXMTR,ZETARCVR,RADDEG
INTEGER Q,QR,QP,ZETAFLAG
IF (ABS (ARG20) .GT. 1. .AND. ABS (ARG20) .LE. 1.00000001)
2 ARG20 = SIGN (1.,ARG20)
PHI2F = ASIN ( ARG20 ) *RADDEG*(-1)**N
2 +N*180.*(-1)**(Q/2)
RETURN
END
```

```
FUNCTION DISTF (C,ARGZ,ARGXMTR,ZETA,ARG3,N)
COMMON/PATHSTOR/ MAXLAT (2),MAXLONG (2),DISTP (2),NUMTP,Q,QR,QP,
2COFUNC, ZETAFLAG,A,AOVB, U,DELTPH1, CTAB (3), DLTPTAB (3),
3 CVAL,C1,CMAX,PRESERR,PREVERR,E,ZETAXMTR,ZETARCVR,RADDEG
INTEGER Q,QR,QP,ZETAFLAG
DATA (PI=3.141592654)
DISTF =
2 A*((1.-U/2.*(1.+C*C))*(ASIN (ARGZ )
3 *(-1)**N +N* PI *(-1)**(Q/2) -ASIN ( ARGXMTR )
4 ) -U/2.*(COSF (ZETA) *SQRTF ( ARG3)
5 *(-1)** N -COSF (ZETAXMTR) * SQRTF(SINF (ZETAXMTR)
6 **2 -C*C) )
RETURN
END
```

```
FUNCTION F (C)
COMMON/PATHSTOR/ MAXLAT (2),MAXLONG (2),DISTP (2),NUMTP,Q,QR,QP,
2COFUNC, ZETAFLAG,A,AOVB, U,DELTPH1, CTAB (3), DLTPTAB (3),
3 CVAL,C1,CMAX,PRESERR,PREVERR,E,ZETAXMTR,ZETARCVR,RADDEG
INTEGER Q,QR,QP,ZETAFLAG
COF (C) = SQRTF (1.-C*C)
COFUNC = COF (C)
F = DELTPH1-(PHI1F (ARG1 (ZETARCVR, C),NUMTP)
2 -PHI1F (ARG1 (ZETAXMTR, C),0)-C*U*(PHI2F(ARG2(ZETARCVR) ,NUMTP)
3 -PHI2F (ARG2 (ZETAXMTR) , 0)))
RETURN
END
```

```
FUNCTION ARG1 (ZETA,C)
COMMON/PATHSTOR/ MAXLAT (2),MAXLONG (2),DISTP (2),NUMTP,Q,QR,QP,
2COFUNC, ZETAFLAG,A,AOVB, U,DELTPH1, CTAB (3), DLTPTAB (3),
3 CVAL,C1,CMAX,PRESERR,PREVERR,ERROR,ZETAXMTR,ZETARCVR,RADDEG
ARG1 = C*COF (ZETA)/COFUNC
RETURN
END
```

```
FUNCTION ARG2 (ZETA)
COMMON/PATHSTOR/ MAXLAT (2),MAXLONG (2),DISTP (2),NUMTP,Q,QR,QP,
2COFUNC, ZETAFLAG,A,AOVB, U,DELTPH1, CTAB (3), DLTPTAB (3),
3 CVAL,C1,CMAX,PRESERR,PREVERR,ERROR,ZETAXMTR,ZETARCVR,RADDEG
```

```

ARG2      =COS (ZETA)/COFUNC
RETURN
END

```

```

FUNCTION ARGD2 (ZETA,C)
ARGD2     = SINP (ZETA)**2 -C*C
RETURN
END

```

```

SUBROUTINE ORDER (XTAB,YTAB,NPOINTS,X,Y,IND,IERROR)
DIMENSION XTAB (1000), YTAB (1000)
IERROR = 0
NUM = NPOINTS -1
9000 DO 9010 IND = 1, NUM
IF ( X .GT. XTAB (IND) .AND. X .LT. XTAB
2 (IND +1)) GO TO 9030
9010 CONTINUE
KEYER = 9010
GO TO 9900
9030 DO 9040 IND1 = IND, NUM
YTAB (NPOINTS-IND1+IND+1) = YTAB (NPOINTS-IND1+IND)
9040 XTAB (NPOINTS-IND1+IND+1) = XTAB (NPOINTS-IND1+IND)
YTAB (IND+1) = Y
XTAB (IND+1) = X
NPOINTS = NPOINTS +1
RETURN
9900 IERROR = 1
RETURN
END

```

```

SUBROUTINE MONTONCK (XARRAY,NPOINTS,IOK)
C***** THIS ROUTINE TESTS AN ARRAY FOR STRICT MONOTONICITY AND SETS
C IOK = 1 IF THE ARRAY IS STRICKLY MONOTONIC.--IOK = 0 OTHERWISE.
DIMENSION XARRAY (2)
IOK = 0
IF (XARRAY(1) - XARRAY(NPOINTS)) 10,30,40
10 DO 20 I = 2,NPOINTS
IF (XARRAY(I-1).GE.XARRAY(I)) RETURN
20 CONTINUE
IOK = 1
30 RETURN
40 DO 50 I = 2,NPOINTS
IF (XARRAY(I-1).LE.XARRAY(I)) RETURN
50- CONTINUE
IOK = 1
RETURN
END

```

```

SUBROUTINE INTRPOLT (IORDER,IPOINTS,XARRAY,YARRAY,X,Y,IERR)
C IORDER = ORDER OF THE POLYNOMIAL USED FOR INTERPOLATION
C IPOINTS = NUMBER OF POINTS IN THE ARRAYS
C XARRAY = ARRAY OF X VALUES. MUST BE STRICTLY MONTONIC
C YARRAY = ARRAY OF Y VALUES
C X = ARGUMENT FOR WHICH VALUE IS REQUESTED

```



```

C      Y = COMPUTED VALUE
C      IERR = 1 IF N+1 GT IPOINTS. N SET = IPOINTS-1. RUN CONTINUES.
C      IERR = 2 IF X(1) = X(IPOINTS) . RETURNS TO PROGRAM
      DIMENSION XARRAY(2),YARRAY(2),XTEMP(6),YTEMP(6)
C***** XARRAY AND YARRAY HAVE DUMMY DIMENSIONS
      IERR = 0
      IF ( IORDER + 1.LE.IPOINTS) GO TO 10
      IERR = 1
      IORDER = IPOINTS - 1
      GO TO 48
10  IBOT = 1
      ITOP = IPOINTS
      I = IPOINTS / 2
      IF (XARRAY(IPOINTS) - XARRAY(1)) 28,12,16
C***** X VALUES NOT MONTONIC
12  IERR = 2
      RETURN
C***** X MONTONIC INCREASING
14  I = ( ITOP + IBOT ) / 2
16  IF ( X - XARRAY(I) ) 18,24,20
18  ITOP = I
      GO TO 22
20  IBOT = I
22  IF ( ITOP - IBOT .GT. 1 ) GO TO 14
      GO TO 36
24  IBOT = I
      ITOP = I + 1
      GO TO 36
C***** X MONTONIC DECREASING
26  I = ( ITOP + IBOT ) / 2
28  IF ( X - XARRAY(I) ) 30,24,32
30  IBOT = I
      GO TO 34
32  ITOP = I
34  IF ( ITOP - IBOT .GT. 1 ) GO TO 26
36  IF ( XMODF ( IORDER,2).EQ.1) GO TO 42
C***** IORDER IS EVEN THEREFORE THE NUMBER OF POINTS IS ODD
      IF ((XARRAY(ITOP)-X)/(XARRAY(ITOP)-XARRAY(IBOT)).GE.0.5) GO TO 38
      IBOT = ITOP
      GO TO 42
38  ITOP = IBOT
42  IBOT = IBOT - IORDER/2
      ITOP = ITOP + IORDER/2
      IF ( ITOP .LE. IPOINTS ) GO TO 46
      ITOP = IPOINTS
      IBOT = IPOINTS - IORDER
      GO TO 100
46  IF ( IBOT .GT. 1 ) GO TO 100
48  IBOT = 1
      ITOP = 1 + IORDER
100  ISTOP = IORDER + 1
      DO 104 I = 1,ISTOP
      XTEMP(I) = XARRAY(IBOT+I-1)
104  YTEMP(I) = YARRAY(IBOT+I-1)

```

```

DO 110 J= 1, IORDER
  ISTART = J + 1
  DO 110 I = ISTART, ISTOP
110  YTEMP(I) = ((X-XTEMP(J))*YTEMP(I) - (X-XTEMP(I))*YTEMP(J))
      1 / (XTEMP(I) - XTEMP(J))
      Y = YTEMP(ISTOP)
      RETURN
      END

```

```

FUNCTION CORDCONV (COORD, NUMCHAR)
C   NUMWDS = TOTAL NUMBER OF WORDS USED.
C   NUMWORD = SUBSCRIPT (INDEX) OF CURRENT WORD.
C   INDCHAR = POSITION OF CURRENT CHARACTER IN CURRENT WORD.
C   INDSTART = NO. OF BLANK CHAR. POSITIONS TO BE DROPPED INITIALLY.
C   INDSTORE = CURRENT WORD TO BE DECODED.
C   DECINDX = NO. OF DECIMAL PLACES BEFORE (TO RIGHT OF) DECIMAL PT.
C   CHAR = CURRENT CHARACTER TO BE DECODED.
C   IDNTCHAR = IDENTIFICATION OF UNITS OF CURRENT NUMBER = 0-NO IDENT.
C                                                     = 1 DEGREES
C                                                     = 2 MINUTES
C                                                     = 3 SECONDS

```

```

TYPE INTEGER COORD, DECINDX, CHAR
DIMENSION COORD (10)
DATA (INDSEC=3), (MASK=0000000000000077B)
CALL Q9OVER
INDVAL = IDNTCHAR = INDIGIT = NUMBER = DECINDX = 0
VALUE = 0.
INDUNIT = 1
ALSIGN = +1.
C   FIND NO. OF WORDS USED AND POSITION OF FIRST CHARACTER IN WORD.
100 NUMWDS = (NUMCHAR+7)/8
101 NUMWORD = NUMWDS
    INDCHAR = XMODF (NUMCHAR-1, 8) + 1
    INDSTART = 8 - INDCHAR
120 IF (INDSTART .EQ. 0) GO TO 135
    INDSTORE = COORD (NUMWORD)/64**INDSTART
    GO TO 140
135 INDSTORE = COORD (NUMWORD)
140 DO 380 I = 1, NUMCHAR
    CHAR = MASK .AND. INDSTORE
    INDSTORE = INDSTORE/64
    IF (CHAR .GT. 1R9) GO TO 205
    IF (IDNTCHAR .EQ. 0) GO TO 151
150 NUMBER = CHAR*10**INDIGIT + NUMBER
151 INDIGIT = INDIGIT + 1
160 INDCHAR = INDCHAR - 1
    IF (INDCHAR .GT. 0) GO TO 380
190 INDCHAR = 8
    NUMWORD = NUMWORD - 1
    INDSTORE = COORD (NUMWORD)
    GO TO 380
205 IF (CHAR .EQ. 1RN .OR. CHAR .EQ. 1RE .OR. CHAR .EQ. 1R+) GO TO 330
    IF (CHAR .EQ. 1RW .OR. CHAR .EQ. 1R- .OR. (CHAR .EQ. 1RS .AND.
2 (IDNTCHAR .EQ. 1 .OR. IDNTCHAR .EQ. 2))) GO TO 340

```

```

210 IF (CHAR .EQ. 1RS .AND. IDNTCHAR .EQ. 0) GO TO 250
    IF (CHAR .EQ. 1RM) GO TO 270
    IF (CHAR .EQ. 1RD) GO TO 300
220 IF (CHAR .EQ. 1R.) GO TO 320
225 IF (CHAR .EQ. 1R ) GO TO 160
230 KEYER = 230
    GO TO 600
250 IDNTCHAR = 3
255 DECINDX = NUMBER = INDIGIT = 0
    GO TO 160
270 IF (IDNTCHAR .EQ. 0 .OR. IDNTCHAR .EQ. 3) GO TO 290
    KEYER = 270
    GO TO 600
290 IF (IDNTCHAR .EQ. 0) GO TO 291
    VALUE = VALUE +NUMBER/(3600.*10.**DECINDX)
291 IDNTCHAR = 2
    GO TO 255
300 IF (IDNTCHAR .EQ. 2 .OR. IDNTCHAR .EQ. 0) GO TO 310
    KEYER = 300
    GO TO 600
310 IF (IDNTCHAR .EQ. 0) GO TO 311
    VALUE = VALUE +NUMBER/(60.*10.**DECINDX)
311 IDNTCHAR = 1
    GO TO 255
320 DECINDX = INDIGIT
    GO TO 160
330 ALSIGN = +1.
    GO TO 160
340 ALSIGN = -1.
    GO TO 160
380 CONTINUE
400 IF (IDNTCHAR .EQ. 1) GO TO 410
    KEYER = 400
    GO TO 600
410 CORDCONV = VALUE+NUMBER/(10.**DECINDX)
    CORDCONV = SIGN (CORDCONV,ALSIGN)
    CALL R9OVER
    RETURN
600 WRITE (61,10) KEYER
    10 FORMAT (*1CORDCONV ERROR AT STATEMENT * I6)
    CALL Q8QERROR (0,11H COORDCONV. )
    END

```

C SAMPLE DATA DECK

```

C
N39D 30M          W77D 30M          NEW VA-WVA END POINT
N39D 51.125M     W87D 29.192M         DANA
100 SEGMENTS
NEW VA-WVA FLIGHT PLAN
N34D 3.76M       W77D 54.787M         MASTER (CAPE FEAR)
N27D 1M 57.32S  W80D 6M 53.71S     SLAVE 1 (JUPITER)
N39D 51M 7.48S   W87D 29M 11.51S     SLAVE 2 (DANA)
11000.          65000.
400.            400.            400.

```

100.	0	•005	15.	1.0	1.0001	0.	0.	0.
100.	0	•005	15.	1.0	1.0001	0.	0.	0.
100.	0	•005	15.	1.0	1.0001	0.	0.	0.

PROGRAM LORANR

PROGRAM TO CALCULATE THE TIME DIFFERENCES FOR A RADIAL LORAN PATH

```
DIMENSION LATBEG(3),LONBEG(3),START(4),LATEND(3),LONEND(3),
1 FINISH(4),LATXMT(3),LONXMT(3),LOCXMT(4)
DIMENSION XLAT(105),XLON(105),D(105),BERXMT(105),X(105),RD(105),
1 BEREND(105)
DIMENSION DENTIF(4)
COMMON DIS,SIGMA,E2,ALFA,ETA
TYPE INTEGER DSTNCE,REG,START,FINISH,TYPATH
DSTNCE=6HDSTNCE
REG=4HNORM
C=2.997925E8
TWOPI=6.283185307
PI=3.141592654
CON=1.E9/C
CONST=1.E3/TWOPI
1 FORMAT (2(2(A8,A1,1X),4A8/),I3,10X,A5)
2 FORMAT (2(A8,A1,1X),4A8)
3 FORMAT (8E10.0)
4 FORMAT (I10/8E10.0)
5 FORMAT (I10)
6 FORMAT (4A8)
7 FORMAT (1H1,39X,4A8)
8 FORMAT (30X,4A8,* TO *,4A8)
9 FORMAT ( 8X,11HDISTANCE IN,7X,10HAZIMUTH TO, 2X,
2 19HCOORDINATES OF PATH,2X,17HFIELD STRENGTH IN,5X,
3 4HTIME,7X,14HGRADIENT ALONG/
4 7X,13HKILOMETERS TO,5X,11HDESTINATION, 2X,8HLLATITUDE, 2X,
5 9HLONGITUDE,3X,14HDB RELATIVE TO,4X,10HDIFFERENCE,3X,
6 17HTHE GEODETIC LINE/
7 5X,6HORIGIN,2X,11HDESTINATION,3X,7HDEGREES,
8 2(4X,7HDEGREES),5X,13H1 MICROVOLT/M,3X,
9 12HMICROSECONDS,3X,15HMICROSECONDS/KM)
11 FORMAT (1X,2F11.4,F12.4,2F11.5,4X, F9.2 ,6X, F12.4,5X, F10.5)
12 FORMAT (18X,4HLAT=2A8,A2,4HLON=2A8,A2,* TO *,4HLAT=2A8,A2,4HLON=
1 2A8,A2/)
13 FORMAT (28X,4HLAT=2A8,A2,4HLON=2A8,A2,12HLOCATION OF ,4A8)
14 FORMAT (/)
16 FORMAT (64X,6HMASTER/
2 22X,26HRADIATED POWER (KILOWATTS),10X, F13.3/
3 22X,37HDIPOLE CURRENT MOMENT (AMPERE-METERS), E13.4/)
17 FORMAT (1H1,3X,*HOMOGENEOUS CASE*//2X,5HKDEL=I10/5X,2HF=E16.9,
14H KHZ/1X,6HSIGMA=E16.9/4X,3HE2=E16.9/2X,5HALFA=E16.9/3X,4HETA=
2 E16.9/2X,5HBORA=E16.9/3X,4HANN=E16.9/4X,3HH2=E16.9)
18 FORMAT (2F10.4,2F10.5,F10.2,F10.4,F10.5)
19 FORMAT (I10/F10.2,F10.4,F10.1,F10.2,F10.6,2E10.2,F10.1)
```

READ THE COORDINATES OF A GIVEN PATH

LATBEG = LATITUDE OF BEGINNING POINT

LONBEG = LONGITUDE OF BEGINNING POINT

START = IDENTIFICATION OF BEGINNING POINT

```

C   LATEND = LATITUDE OF END POINT
C   LONEND = LONGITUDE OF END POINT
C   FINISH = IDENTIFICATION OF END POINT
C   NOSEG = NUMBER OF SEGMENTS TO BREAK THE PATH INTO -- MAX OF 100
C
10  READ  1,  LATBEG,LONBEG,START,LATEND,LONEND,FINISH,NOSEG,TYPATH
    IF (EOF,60) 200,20
C
C   READ IDENTIFICATION
20  READ   6,  DENTIF
C
C   READ THE COORDINATES OF THE TRANSMITTER
C
C   LATXMT = LATITUDE OF MASTER
C   LONXMT = LONGITUDE OF MASTER
C   LOCXMT = IDENTIFICATION OF MASTER
C
C   READ   2,  LATXMT,LONXMT,LOCXMT
C
C   READ RADIATED POWER IN KILOWATTS OF TRANSMITTER
C
C   READ   3,  PRMAS
C
C   CHANGE COORDINATES (DEGREES,MINUTES,SECONDS) TO DEGREES
    BEGLAT=CORDCONV(LATBEG,17)
    BEGLON=CORDCONV(LONBEG,17)
    ENDLAT=CORDCONV(LATEND,17)
    ENDLON=CORDCONV(LONEND,17)
    XMTLAT=CORDCONV(LATXMT,17)
    XMTLON=CORDCONV(LONXMT,17)
C
C   CALCULATES THE DISTANCE BETWEEN THE TWO END POINTS OF THE PATH
C
C   CALL PATH (BEGLAT,BEGLON,ENDLAT,ENDLON,DSTNCE,XINT,DIST,XLAT,XLON,
1  D,BERATX,BERATR,BERXMT,NMAX,TYPATH)
    SEG=NOSEG
    XINT=DIST/SEG
C
C   CALCULATES THE LATITUDE, LONGITUDE, AND DISTANCE OF (NOSEG+1)
C   POINTS ALONG THE GIVEN PATH
    CALL PATH (ENDLAT,ENDLON,BEGLAT,BEGLON,REG,XINT,DIST,XLAT,XLON,RD,
1  BERATX,BERATR,BEREND,NMAX,TYPATH)
    CALL PATH (BEGLAT,BEGLON,ENDLAT,ENDLON,REG,XINT,DIST,XLAT,XLON,D,
1  BERATX,BERATR,BERXMT,NMAX,TYPATH)
C
C   IHOM NOT EQUAL TO ZERO GIVES INHOMOGENEOUS CASE
40  READ   5,  IHOM
C
C   READ NECESSARY PARAMETERS TO CALCULATE THE PHASE CORRECTION FOR
C   THE HOMOGENEOUS CASE
C
C   EXPLANATION OF INPUT DATA TO CALCULATE THE PHASE CORRECTION
C
C   KDEL = KDEL NOT EQUAL TO ZERO PUTS PROGRAM IN ROUGH GROUND MODE

```

C OF OPERATION
 C KDEL EQUAL TO ZERO OPERATES PROGRAM IN CLASSICAL GROUND WAVE
 C MODE OF OPERATION -- SMOOTH SPHERICAL GROUND
 C F = FREQUENCY IN KHZ
 C SIGMA = CONDUCTIVITY IN MHOS/METER
 C E2 = DIELECTRIC CONSTANT
 C ALFA = VERTICAL LAPSE FACTOR OF THE ATMOSPHERE ACCORDING TO NBS
 C CIRCULAR 573.
 C ETA = INDEX OF REFRACTION OF AIR AT THE GROUND LEVEL
 C BORA = RADIUS OF HEMISPHERICAL SURFACE PROTUBERANCE.
 C ANN = NUMBER OF HEMISPHERICAL BOSSES PER SQUARE METER.
 C H2 = ALTITUDE OF RECEIVER IN METERS
 C

50 READ 4, KDEL, F, SIGMA, E2, ALFA, ETA, BORA, ANN, H2
 PRINT 17, KDEL, F, SIGMA, E2, ALFA, ETA, BORA, ANN, H2
 PUNCH 19, KDEL, F, SIGMA, E2, ALFA, ETA, BORA, ANN, H2
 CONS=1.E6/(2.*TWOPI*F)*SQRTF(37.67304)
 IF (PRMAS.EQ.0.) GO TO 880
 DIPMAS=CONS*SQRTF(PRMAS)
 DBMAS=20.*ALOG10(DIPMAS)
 GO TO 885

880 DIPMAS=1.0
 DBMAS=0.

885 CONTINUE
 PRINT 7, DENTIF
 PRINT 8, START, FINISH
 PRINT 12, LATBEG, LONBEG, LATEND, LONEND
 PRINT 13, LATXMT, LONXMT, LOCXMT
 PRINT 16, PRMAS, DIPMAS
 PRINT 9
 PRINT 14
 NS=NOSEG+1
 PUNCH 6, DENTIF
 PUNCH 1, LATBEG, LONBEG, START, LATEND, LONEND, FINISH
 PUNCH 2, LATXMT, LONXMT, LOCXMT
 PUNCH 5, NS
 NP=0
 NNP=0

C CALCULATE DISTANCES AND PHASE CORRECTIONS FOR EACH POINT ON THE
 C GIVEN PATH
 C

DO 150 I=1, NS

C CALCULATE DISTANCE FROM GIVEN POINT TO MASTER (DM)
 C CALL PATH (XLAT(I), XLON(I), XMTLAT, XMTLON, DSTNCE, XINT, DM, X, X, X, Y, Y,
 1 X, NMAX, TYPATH)
 IF (IHOM.EQ.0) GO TO 90

C READ NECESSARY PARAMETERS AND CALCULATE THE PHASE CORRECTION FOR
 C THE ABOVE PATH
 C

READ 4, KDEL, F, SIGMA, E2, ALFA, ETA, BORA, ANN, H2
 90 DIS=DM
 AMP=1.0

```

FAZCOR=PI
IF (DIS.LE.0.) GO TO 901
CALL GROUND (F*1000.,AMP,FAZCOR,KDEL,BORA,ANN,H2)
901 FSMAS=20.*ALOG10(AMP)+DBMAS+120.
C
C RESOLUTION OF TWO PI AMBIGUITY OF THE GROUND WAVE PHASE
C GOOD ONLY FOR 100 KHZ -- MUST BE MODIFIED FOR ANY OTHER FREQUENCY
C THE SAME TEST IS USED AFTER EVERY CALL TO GROUND WAVE SUBROUTINE
C THE DISTANCE SHOULD NOT BE MUCH GREATER THAN 2000 KM
IF (FAZCOR.GE.0.) GO TO 91
FAZCOR=FAZCOR+TWOPI
91 IF (DIS.LE.1000.) GO TO 95
IF (SIGMA.GT..0051) GO TO 95
IF (FAZCOR.GT.PI) GO TO 95
FAZCOR=FAZCOR+TWOPI
95 TCDM=FAZCOR*CONST/F
C
C CALCULATE THE TIME DIFFERENCE
DELT=ETA*CON*DM+TCDM
IF (I.EQ.1) GO TO 140
DST=D(I)-D(I-1)
GRAD=(DELT-SDELT)/DST
IF (NNP.NE.30) GO TO 120
PRINT 7, DENTIF
PRINT 8, START,FINISH
PRINT 12, LATBEG,LONBEG,LATEND,LONEND
PRINT 13, LATXMT,LONXMT,LOCXMT
PRINT 16,PRMAS,DIPMAS
PRINT 9
NNP=0
120 NNP=NNP+1
IF (NP.NE.10) GO TO 130
PRINT 14
NP=0
130 NP=NP+1
II=I-1
N=NS+1-II
PRINT 11, D(II),RD(N),BEREND(N),XLAT(II),XLON(II),SFSMAS,
1 SDELT,GRAD
PUNCH 18,D(II),BEREND(N),XLAT(II),XLON(II),SFSMAS,SDELT,GRAD
140 XLON(I)=-XLON(I)
SFSMAS=FSMAS
SDELT=DELT
IF (I.LT.NS) GO TO 150
IF (NP.NE.10) GO TO 145
PRINT 14
145 GRAD=0.
PRINT 11, D(I),RD(1),BEREND(1),XLAT(I),XLON(I),SFSMAS,
1 SDELT,GRAD
PUNCH 18,D(I),BEREND(1),XLAT(I),XLON(I),SFSMAS,SDELT,GRAD
150 CONTINUE
GO TO 10
200 CALL EXIT
END

```


C SAMPLE DATA DECK

C
N39D 30M W77D 30M NEW VA-WVA END POINT
N39D 51.125M W87D 29.192M DANA

100 SEGMENTS
NEW VA-WVA FLIGHT PLAN
N39D 51.125M W87D 29.192M MASTER (DANA)

400.
0
0
100. .005 15. 1.0 1.0001 0. 0. 0.

TABLE INDEX

<u>Table Number</u>	<u>Page</u>	<u>Figure or other Reference</u>	<u>Conductivity</u>
1	77	*Va-W Va.	.005
2	82	*NC-Tenn.	.005
3	87	*Penn.	.005
4	92	4(a)**	.005
5	97	4(a)***	.005
6	102	4(b)**	5.
7	107	4(b)***	5.
8	112	2(a)**	.005
9	117	2(a)***	.005
10	122	2(b)**	5.
11	127	2(b)***	5.
12	132	3(a)**	.005
13	137	3(a)***	.005
14	142	3(b)**	5.
15	147	3(b)***	5.

* Smooth, homogeneous terrain only,
normal time differences.

** Smooth, homogeneous terrain,
cumulative phase along a radial.

*** Rough terrain,
cumulative phase along a radial.

Table 1.

PARAMETERS FOR DB1

KDEL= 0
F= 1.000000000+002 KHZ
SIGMA= 5.000000000-003
E2= 1.500000000+001
ALFA= 1.000000000+000
ETA= 1.000100000+000
BORA= 0.000000000+000
ANNE= 0.000000000+000
H2= 0.000000000+000

PARAMETERS FOR DB2

KDEL= 0
F= 1.000000000+002 KHZ
SIGMA= 5.000000000-003
E2= 1.500000000+001
ALFA= 1.000000000+000
ETA= 1.000100000+000
BORA= 0.000000000+000
ANNE= 0.000000000+000
H2= 0.000000000+000

PARAMETERS FOR HOMOGENEOUS CASE

KDEL= 0
F= 1.000000000+002 KHZ
SIGMA= 5.000000000-003
E2= 1.500000000+001
ALFA= 1.000000000+000
ETA= 1.000100000+000
BORA= 0.000000000+000
ANNE= 0.000000000+000
H2= 0.000000000+000

Table 1. (Continued)

NEW VA-WVA FLIGHT PLAN		TO DANA		LAT=N39D 30M		LAT=N39D 51.125M		LON=W87D 29.192M	
NEW VA-WVA END POINT		TO DANA		LAT=N39D 30M		LAT=N39D 51.125M		LON=W87D 29.192M	
LON=W77D 30M		LON=W77D 30M		LON=W77D 30M		LON=W77D 30M		LON=W77D 30M	
LAT=N34D 3.76M		LON=W77D 54.787M		LOCATION OF MASTER (CAPE FEAR)		LOCATION OF SLAVE 1 (JUPITER)		LOCATION OF SLAVE 2 (DANA)	
LAT=N27D 1M 57.32S		LON=W80D 6M 53.71S		LOCATION OF SLAVE 1 (JUPITER)		LOCATION OF SLAVE 2 (DANA)		LOCATION OF SLAVE 2 (DANA)	
LAT=N39D 51W 7.48S		LON=W87D 29M 11.51S		LOCATION OF SLAVE 1 (JUPITER)		LOCATION OF SLAVE 2 (DANA)		LOCATION OF SLAVE 2 (DANA)	
LAT=N39D 30M		LON=W77D 30M		LON=W77D 30M		LON=W77D 30M		LON=W77D 30M	
LAT=N39D 30M		LON=W77D 30M		LON=W77D 30M		LON=W77D 30M		LON=W77D 30M	
	CODING DELAY (MICROSECONDS)		11000.00		65000.00				
	RADIATED POWER (KILOWATTS)		400.000		400.000				
	DIPLOLE CURRENT MOMENT (AMPERE-METERS)		9.7687+004		9.7687+004				
DISTANCE IN KILOMETERS TO ORIGIN	AZIMUTH TO DESTINATION DEGREES	COORDINATES OF PATH	FIELD STRENGTH IN DB RELATIVE TO 1 MICROWATT/M		TIME DIFFERENCE MICROSECONDS		GRADIENT ALONG THE GEODETIC LINE MICROSECONDS/KM		
			SLAVE 1	SLAVE 2	DELTA(T1)	DELTA(T2)	DELTA(T1)	DELTA(T2)	
0.0000	275.7983	77.50000	55.96	70.76	16368.6451	69408.3195	-0.42797	-3.49139	
8.5727	275.7352	77.59917	55.98	71.00	16366.9762	69378.3889	-0.45509	-3.53846	
17.1450	275.6721	77.69835	55.99	71.25	16361.0751	69348.0560	-0.48207	-3.58543	
25.7182	275.6090	77.79756	56.01	71.49	16356.9423	69317.3178	-0.50887	-3.63223	
34.2909	275.5458	77.89679	56.02	71.74	16352.5798	69286.1797	-0.53548	-3.67887	
42.8636	275.4826	77.99605	56.04	71.98	16347.9893	69254.6418	-0.56187	-3.72530	
51.4363	275.4194	78.09532	56.05	72.23	16343.1726	69222.7058	-0.58801	-3.77152	
60.0090	275.3562	78.19461	56.06	72.47	16338.1317	69190.3737	-0.61389	-3.81749	
68.5814	275.2930	78.29393	56.07	72.72	16332.8690	69157.6472	-0.63947	-3.86317	
77.1545	275.2297	78.39326	56.08	72.97	16327.3871	69124.5294	-0.66474	-3.90856	
85.7272	275.1664	78.49262	56.08	73.22	16321.6884	69091.0224	-0.68968	-3.95362	
94.2999	275.1031	78.59199	56.09	73.46	16315.7760	69057.1292	-0.71427	-3.99835	
102.8727	275.0398	78.69139	56.09	73.71	16309.6528	69022.8523	-0.73848	-4.04271	
111.4454	274.9764	78.79080	56.09	73.96	16303.3220	68988.1953	-0.76230	-4.08666	
120.0181	274.9130	78.89023	56.10	74.22	16296.7870	68953.1616	-0.78572	-4.13024	
128.5908	274.8496	78.98964	56.10	74.47	16290.0513	68917.7541	-0.80871	-4.17337	
137.1635	274.7862	79.08916	56.09	74.72	16283.1184	68881.9770	-0.83127	-4.21608	
145.7363	274.7228	79.18864	56.09	74.97	16275.9921	68845.8336	-0.85337	-4.25832	
154.3090	274.6593	79.28815	56.08	75.23	16268.6764	68809.3282	-0.87501	-4.30009	
162.8817	274.5958	79.38768	56.08	75.48	16261.1753	68772.4649	-0.89617	-4.34137	
171.4544	274.5323	79.48722	56.07	75.74	16253.4926	68735.2474	-0.91684	-4.38217	
180.0271	274.4688	79.58678	56.07	75.99	16245.6328	68697.6804	-0.93702	-4.42244	
188.5998	274.4053	79.68636	56.06	76.25	16237.5999	68659.7681	-0.95669	-4.46218	
197.1726	274.3417	79.78595	56.04	76.51	16229.3985	68621.5149	-0.97585	-4.50141	
205.7453	274.2781	79.88556	56.03	76.77	16221.0327	68582.9255	-0.99449	-4.54009	
214.3180	274.2145	79.98519	56.02	77.03	16212.5073	68544.4047	-1.01260	-4.57823	
222.8907	274.1509	80.08484	56.00	77.29	16203.8265	68504.7567	-1.03019	-4.61581	
231.4634	274.0873	80.18450	55.99	77.55	16194.9950	68465.1867	-1.04724	-4.65283	
240.0362	274.0237	80.28417	55.97	77.81	16186.0173	68425.2992	-1.06375	-4.68929	
248.6089	273.9600	80.38386	55.95	78.08	16176.8981	68385.0993	-1.07973	-4.72517	

Table 1. (Continued)

NEW VA-WVA FLIGHT PLAN NEW VA-WVA END POINT LAT=N39D 30M LON=W77D 30M		TO DANA LAT=N39D 51.125M LON=W87D 29.192M									
LAT=N34D 3.76M LAT=N27D 1M 57.32S LAT=N39D 51M 7.48S		LOCATION OF MASTER (CAPE FEAR) LON=W80D 6M 53.71S LOCATION OF SLAVE 1 (JUPITER) LON=W87D 29M 11.51S LOCATION OF SLAVE 2 (DANA) SLAVE 1 SLAVE 2									
CODING DELAY (MICROSECONDS) RADIATED POWER (KILOWATTS) DIPOLE CURRENT MOMENT (AMPERE-METERS)		400.000 11000.00 65000.00 400.000 9.7687+004									
DISTANCE IN KILOMETERS TO ORIGIN DESTINATION		FIELD STRENGTH IN DB RELATIVE TO 1 MICROVOLT/M MASTER SLAVE 1 SLAVE 2									
AZIMUTH TO DESTINATION DEGREES		TIME DIFFERENCE MICROSECONDS DELTA(T1) DELTA(T2)									
COORDINATES OF PATH LATITUDE DEGREES LONGITUDE DEGREES		GRADIENT ALONG THE GEODETIC LINE MICROSECONDS/KM DELTA(T1) DELTA(T2)									
514.3632	342.9088	271.9794	39.81455	83.48071	72.17	54.71	87.19	15848.0490	67010.1075	-1.32944	-5.56616
522.9559	334.3361	271.9153	39.81717	83.58077	72.00	54.65	87.53	15836.6521	66962.3903	-1.33084	-5.58550
531.5086	325.7633	271.8512	39.81971	83.68084	71.84	54.59	87.87	15825.2432	66914.5075	-1.33193	-5.60443
540.0813	317.1907	271.7871	39.82216	83.78091	71.67	54.53	88.22	15813.8249	66866.4632	-1.33271	-5.62300
548.6540	308.6179	271.7230	39.82452	83.88100	71.50	54.46	88.58	15802.4001	66818.2582	-1.33318	-5.64116
557.2268	300.0452	271.6589	39.82680	83.98109	71.34	54.40	88.94	15790.9710	66769.8976	-1.33337	-5.65892
565.7995	291.4726	271.5948	39.82999	84.08118	71.17	54.33	89.31	15779.5404	66721.3855	-1.33327	-5.67634
574.3723	282.8997	271.5307	39.83110	84.18129	71.00	54.26	89.69	15768.1106	66672.7235	-1.33250	-5.69337
582.9449	274.3271	271.4666	39.83312	84.28140	70.83	54.20	90.07	15756.6842	66623.9163	-1.33226	-5.71007
591.5177	265.7543	271.4024	39.83505	84.38151	70.65	54.13	90.46	15745.2630	66574.9651	-1.33137	-5.72640
600.0904	257.1816	271.3383	39.83690	84.48163	70.48	54.06	90.86	15733.8496	66525.8746	-1.33022	-5.74238
608.6632	248.6089	271.2742	39.83866	84.58176	70.31	53.98	91.27	15722.4459	66476.6462	-1.32884	-5.75804
617.2358	240.0362	271.2100	39.84033	84.68188	70.13	53.91	91.68	15711.0543	66427.2847	-1.32722	-5.77339
625.8086	231.4634	271.1459	39.84192	84.78202	69.96	53.84	92.11	15699.6762	66377.7904	-1.32538	-5.78838
634.3812	222.8909	271.0817	39.84342	84.88216	69.78	53.76	92.54	15688.3142	66328.1689	-1.32332	-5.80309
642.9540	214.3178	271.0175	39.84483	84.98230	69.60	53.69	92.99	15676.9697	66278.4204	-1.32106	-5.81749
651.5266	205.7455	270.9534	39.84616	85.08245	69.42	53.61	93.44	15665.6447	66228.5489	-1.31859	-5.83159
660.0995	197.1724	270.8892	39.84740	85.18260	69.25	53.53	93.93	15654.3406	66178.5553	-1.31652	-5.84559
668.6721	188.5999	270.8250	39.84856	85.28276	69.07	53.45	94.42	15643.0598	66128.4453	-1.31397	-5.85892
677.2448	180.0271	270.7608	39.84963	85.38291	68.89	53.37	94.93	15631.8032	66078.2186	-1.31004	-5.87215
685.8175	171.4542	270.6967	39.85061	85.48307	68.70	53.29	95.45	15620.5727	66027.8786	-1.30684	-5.88515
694.3903	162.8821	270.6325	39.85150	85.58324	68.52	53.21	96.00	15609.3694	65977.4261	-1.30347	-5.89785
702.9629	154.3087	270.5683	39.85231	85.68340	68.34	53.12	96.57	15598.1953	65926.8664	-1.29994	-5.91032
711.5360	145.7367	270.5041	39.85304	85.78358	68.16	53.04	97.17	15587.0508	65876.1965	-1.29625	-5.92252
720.1083	137.1633	270.4399	39.85367	85.88374	67.97	52.95	97.79	15575.9389	65825.4268	-1.29242	-5.93446
728.6812	128.5908	270.3757	39.85422	85.98392	67.79	52.87	98.44	15564.8592	65774.5512	-1.28844	-5.94621
737.2539	120.0179	270.3115	39.85468	86.08409	67.60	52.78	99.14	15553.8136	65723.5764	-1.28433	-5.95769
745.8264	111.4453	270.2473	39.85506	86.18426	67.42	52.69	99.87	15542.8039	65672.3313	-1.28009	-5.96898
754.3995	102.8725	270.1831	39.85535	86.28444	67.23	52.60	100.66	15531.8295	65621.3014	-1.27572	-5.98004
762.9720	94.3000	270.1189	39.85555	86.38461	67.05	52.51	101.51	15520.8934	65570.0675	-1.27125	-5.99095

Table 1. (Continued)

NEW VA-WVA FLIGHT PLAN		TO DANA		LON=W87D 29.192M					
NEW VA-WVA END POINT		TO LAT=N39D 51.125M							
LAT=N39D 30M	LON=W77D 30M	LON=W77D 54.787M	LOCATION OF MASTER (CAPE FEAR)						
LAT=N34D 3.76M	LON=W80D 6M 53.71S	LOCATION OF SLAVE 1 (JUPITER)							
LAT=N27D 1M 57.32S	LON=W87D 29M 11.51S	LOCATION OF SLAVE 2 (DANA)							
LAT=N39D 51M 7.48S	MASTER	SLAVE 1							
	SLAVE 2	SLAVE 2							
CODING DELAY (MICROSECONDS)	11000.00	65000.00							
RADIATED POWER (KILOWATTS)	400.000	400.000							
DIPOLE CURRENT MOMENT (AMPERE-METERS)	9.7687+004	9.7687+004							
			TIME DIFFERENCE		GRADIENT ALONG				
			DELTA(T1)	DELTA(T2)	THE GEODETIC LINE				
			MICROSECONDS		MICROSECONDS/KM				
					DELTA(T1) DELTA(T2)				
771.5443	85.7272	270.0547	66.86	52.42	102.42	15509.9958	65518.7111	-1.26680	-6.00202
780.1177	77.1524	249.9905	66.67	52.32	103.42	15499.1350	65467.2532	-1.26179	-6.01155
788.6907	68.5821	269.9263	66.48	52.23	104.53	15488.3178	65415.7165	-1.25715	-6.02238
797.2631	60.0087	269.8621	66.29	52.14	105.77	15477.5409	65364.0899	-1.25225	-6.03249
805.8357	51.4364	269.7979	66.10	52.04	107.19	15466.8059	65312.3763	-1.24723	-6.04797
814.4084	42.8636	269.7337	65.91	51.94	108.92	15456.1138	65260.5285	-1.24215	-6.05202
822.9811	34.2908	269.6695	65.72	51.85	110.90	15445.4052	65208.6463	-1.23697	-6.06201
831.5543	25.7182	269.6053	65.53	51.75	113.44	15434.8603	65156.6754	-1.23173	-6.07195
840.1264	17.1451	269.5412	65.34	51.65	117.00	15424.3018	65104.6260	-1.22640	-6.08060
848.6994	8.5727	269.4770	65.15	51.55	123.05	15413.7879	65052.4971	-1.22100	-5.54052
857.2720	0.0000	269.4128	64.96	51.45	319.70	15403.3208	65005.0007	0.00000	0.00000

Table 2.

PARAMETERS FOR DB1

KDEL= 0
F= 1.000000000+002 KHZ
SIGMA= 5.000000000-003
E2= 1.500000000+001
ALFA= 1.000000000+000
ETA= 1.000100000+000
BURA= 0.000000000+000
ANNE= 0.000000000+000
H2= 0.000000000+000

PARAMETERS FOR DB2

KDEL= 0
F= 1.000000000+002 KHZ
SIGMA= 5.000000000-003
E2= 1.500000000+001
ALFA= 1.000000000+000
ETA= 1.000100000+000
BURA= 0.000000000+000
ANNE= 0.000000000+000
H2= 0.000000000+000

PARAMETERS FOR HOMOGENEOUS CASE

KDEL= 0
F= 1.000000000+002 KHZ
SIGMA= 5.000000000-003
E2= 1.500000000+001
ALFA= 1.000000000+000
ETA= 1.000100000+000
BURA= 0.000000000+000
ANNE= 0.000000000+000
H2= 0.000000000+000

Table 2. (Continued)

N. CAROLINA--TENNESSEE END POINT		NO. CAROLINA--TENN. FLIGHT PLAN		TO CAROLINA BEACH						
LAT=N36.615D		LAT=N34D 3.76M		LAT=N34D 3.76M						
LAT=N34D 3.76M		LON=W77D 54.787M		LON=W77D 54.787M						
LAT=N27D 1M 57.32S		LOCATION OF MASTER (CAPE FEAR)								
LAT=N39D 51M 7.48S		LON=W80D 6M 53.71S		LOCATION OF SLAVE 1 (JUPITER)						
		LON=W87D 29M 11.51S		LOCATION OF SLAVE 2 (DANA)						
		MASTER		SLAVE 2						
		11000.00		65000.00						
		400.000		400.000						
		9.7687*004		9.7687*004						
CODING DELAY (MICROSECONDS)										
RADIATED POWER (KILOWATTS)										
DIPOLE CURRENT MOMENT (AMPERE-METERS)										
		9.7687*004		9.7687*004						
DISTANCE IN KILOMETERS TO ORIGIN DESTINATION	AZIMUTH TO DESTINATION DEGREES	COORDINATES OF PATH LATITUDE DEGREES	LONGITUDE DEGREES	FIELD STRENGTH IN DB RELATIVE TO 1 MICROVOLT/M MASTER SLAVE 1	SLAVE 2	TIME DIFFERENCE MICROSECONDS DELTA(T1) DELTA(T2)	GRADIENT ALONG THE GEODETIC LINE MICROSECONDS/KM DELTA(T1) DELTA(T2)			
595.9727	116.8287	34.33377	78.55320	104.86	71.73	66.72	16226.8680	71690.3967	2.43702	6.59268
602.5946	116.8648	34.30682	78.48900	105.84	71.78	66.55	16243.0058	71734.0528	2.46208	6.59402
609.2165	116.9010	34.27982	78.42485	106.92	71.83	66.37	16259.3095	71777.7179	2.49475	6.60280
615.8384	116.9371	34.25279	78.36074	108.23	71.88	66.19	16275.8295	71821.4411	2.51237	6.59635
622.4603	116.9731	34.22573	78.29667	109.60	71.93	66.02	16292.4662	71865.1216	2.53820	6.59793
629.0823	117.0091	34.19864	78.23264	111.21	71.98	65.84	16309.2740	71908.8125	2.56425	6.59957
635.7042	117.0451	34.17151	78.16866	113.18	72.02	65.66	16326.2542	71952.5143	2.59051	6.60124
642.3261	117.0810	34.14435	78.10471	115.71	72.06	65.49	16343.4083	71996.2272	2.61671	6.60271
648.9480	117.1169	34.11716	78.04081	119.26	72.10	65.31	16360.7360	72039.9498	2.64042	6.60152
655.5699	117.1527	34.08993	77.97694	125.30	72.14	65.13	16378.2206	72083.6645	1.95943	5.89547
662.1918	117.1884	34.06267	77.91312	550.91	72.18	64.96	16391.1958	72122.7039	0.00000	0.00000

Table 3.

HOMOGENEOUS CASE

KDEL# 0
F# 1.000000000+002 KHZ
SIGMA# 5.000000000-003
E2# 1.500000000+001
ALFA# 1.000000000+000
ETA# 1.000100000+000
BORA# 0.000000000+000
ANN# 0.000000000+000
H2# 0.000000000+000

Table 3. (Continued)

DISTANCE IN KILOMETERS TO ORIGIN DESTINATION		AZIMUTH TO DESTINATION DEGREES		COORDINATES OF PATH LATITUDE DEGREES LONGITUDE DEGREES		FIELD STRENGTH IN DB RELATIVE TO 1 MICROVOLT/M MASTER SLAVE 1 SLAVE 2		TIME DIFFERENCE MICROSECONDS DELTA(T1) DELTA(T2)		GRADIENT ALONG THE GEODETIC LINE MICROSECONDS/KM DELTA(T1) DELTA(T2)	
PENNSYLVANIA FLIGHT PLAN TO CAROLINA BEACH PENNSYLVANIA END POINT TO LAT=N34N 3.76M LAT=N42.000 LAT=N34D 3M 45.61S LON=W77.965D LON=W77D 54M 47.20S LOCATION OF MASTER (CAPE FEAR) LAT=N27D 1M 57.32S LON=W80D 6M 53.71S LOCATION OF SLAVE 1 (JUPITER) LAT=N39D 51M 7.48S LON=W87D 29M 11.51S LOCATION OF SLAVE 2 (DANA) MASTER SLAVE 1 SLAVE 2 11000.00 65000.00 400.000 400.000 9.7687*004 9.7687*004											
264.3048	616.7112	179.6985	77.94822	77.83	55.78	71.89	16349.8539	69235.2852	0.04261	3.65890	
273.1149	607.9010	179.6988	77.94768	78.10	56.01	71.86	16350.2293	69267.5207	0.04314	3.69417	
281.9251	599.0908	179.6992	77.94714	78.37	56.24	71.84	16350.6093	69300.0670	0.04367	3.72971	
290.7353	590.2807	179.6995	77.94660	78.65	56.47	71.81	16350.9941	69332.9263	0.04422	3.76472	
299.5454	581.4705	179.6998	77.94607	78.93	56.70	71.78	16351.3837	69366.0942	0.04477	3.79973	
308.3556	572.6604	179.7002	77.94553	79.20	56.93	71.74	16351.7781	69399.5704	0.04534	3.83457	
317.1657	563.8502	179.7005	77.94482	79.48	57.16	71.70	16352.1776	69433.3536	0.04592	3.86926	
325.9759	555.0400	179.7009	77.94447	79.76	57.38	71.66	16352.5821	69467.4424	0.04651	3.90377	
334.7861	546.2299	179.7012	77.94394	80.04	57.61	71.62	16352.9919	69501.8352	0.04711	3.93809	
343.5962	537.4197	179.7015	77.94341	80.33	57.84	71.58	16353.4069	69536.5304	0.04772	3.97222	
352.4064	528.6096	179.7019	77.94288	80.61	58.07	71.53	16353.8274	69571.5263	0.04835	4.00615	
361.2165	519.7994	179.7022	77.94235	80.90	58.30	71.48	16354.2533	69606.8211	0.04899	4.03985	
370.0267	510.9892	179.7025	77.94182	81.19	58.53	71.43	16354.6849	69642.4129	0.04964	4.07334	
378.8369	502.1791	179.7028	77.94130	81.48	58.76	71.37	16355.1222	69678.2996	0.05030	4.10659	
387.6470	493.3689	179.7032	77.94078	81.77	58.99	71.31	16355.5654	69714.4794	0.05098	4.13961	
396.4572	484.5588	179.7035	77.94025	82.06	59.22	71.25	16356.0145	69750.9500	0.05167	4.17238	
405.2673	475.7486	179.7038	77.93973	82.36	59.45	71.19	16356.4697	69787.7093	0.05238	4.20489	
414.0775	466.9384	179.7041	77.93921	82.66	59.68	71.13	16356.9312	69824.7551	0.05310	4.23714	
422.8877	458.1283	179.7045	77.93869	82.96	59.91	71.06	16357.3990	69862.0850	0.05383	4.26912	
431.6978	449.3181	179.7048	77.93817	83.27	60.14	70.99	16357.8732	69899.6966	0.05459	4.30082	
440.5080	440.5080	179.7051	77.93766	83.57	60.37	70.92	16358.3542	69937.5876	0.05535	4.33225	
449.3181	431.6978	179.7054	77.93714	83.88	60.61	70.85	16358.8418	69975.7553	0.05614	4.36339	
458.1283	422.8877	179.7057	77.93663	84.19	60.84	70.77	16359.3364	70014.1975	0.05694	4.39423	
466.9384	414.0775	179.7060	77.93611	84.51	61.07	70.69	16359.8381	70052.9113	0.05776	4.42478	
475.7486	405.2673	179.7064	77.93560	84.83	61.30	70.61	16360.3470	70091.8943	0.05860	4.45502	
484.5588	396.4572	179.7067	77.93509	85.15	61.53	70.53	16360.8632	70131.1437	0.05945	4.48496	
493.3689	387.6470	179.7070	77.93458	85.47	61.76	70.44	16361.3870	70170.6569	0.06033	4.51458	
502.1791	378.8368	179.7073	77.93407	85.80	62.00	70.35	16361.9185	70210.4311	0.06122	4.54390	
510.9892	370.0267	179.7076	77.93356	86.13	62.23	70.26	16362.4579	70250.4635	0.06214	4.57289	
519.7994	361.2165	179.7079	77.93305	86.47	62.46	70.17	16363.0054	70290.7514	0.06308	4.60157	

Table 3. (Continued)

PENNSYLVANIA FLIGHT PLAN		PENNSYLVANIA END POINT		PENNSYLVANIA BEACH	
LAT=N42.0000		LON=W77.9650		LAT=N340 3.76M	
LAT=N340 3M 45.61S		LON=W77D 54M 47.20S		LOCATION OF MASTER (CAPE FEAR)	
LAT=N270 1M 57.32S		LON=W80D 6M 53.71S		LOCATION OF SLAVE 1 (JUPITER)	
LAT=N39D 51M 7.48S		LON=W87D 29M 11.51S		LOCATION OF SLAVE 2 (DANA)	
COILING DELAY (MICROSECONDS)		MASTER		SLAVE 1	
RADIATED POWER (KILOWATTS)		400.000		11000.00	
DIPOLE CURRENT MOMENT (AMPERE-METERS)		9.7687+004		9.7687+004	
LAT=N42.0000		LON=W77D 54.787M			

DISTANCE IN KILOMETERS TO ORIGIN DESTINATION	AZIMUTH TO DESTINATION DEGREES	COORDINATES OF PATH		FIELD STRENGTH IN DB RELATIVE TO 1 MICROVOLT/M		TIME DIFFERENCE MICROSECONDS		GRADIENT ALONG THE GEODETIC LINE MICROSECONDS/KM		
		LATITUDE DEGREES	LONGITUDE DEGREES	MASTER SLAVE 1	SLAVE 2	DELTA(T1)	DELTA(T2)	DELTA(T1)	DELTA(T2)	
792.9143	179.7169	34.85688	77.91743	102.16	69.77	66.45	16385.3184	71650.6928	0.10811	5.32960
801.7245	179.7171	34.77747	77.91736	103.16	70.01	66.31	16386.2709	71697.6475	0.11039	5.34822
810.5347	179.7174	34.69805	77.91888	104.28	70.25	66.16	16387.2435	71744.7661	0.11276	5.36658
819.3448	179.7177	34.61863	77.91641	105.52	70.49	66.01	16388.2370	71792.0485	0.11523	5.38469
828.1550	179.7180	34.53921	77.91594	106.94	70.73	65.87	16389.2522	71839.4865	0.12328	5.40804
836.0651	179.7182	34.45979	77.91546	108.68	70.97	65.72	16390.3383	71887.1322	0.12024	5.41995
845.7753	179.7185	34.38037	77.91499	110.66	71.21	65.57	16391.3977	71934.8828	0.12340	5.43772
854.5855	179.7188	34.30094	77.91452	113.20	71.46	65.42	16392.4848	71982.7900	0.12672	5.45531
863.3956	179.7190	34.22152	77.91405	116.76	71.70	65.27	16393.6013	72030.8522	0.12918	5.47169
872.2058	179.7193	34.14209	77.91358	122.82	71.94	65.11	16394.7394	72079.0586	-0.40232	4.95378
881.0159	179.7195	34.06267	77.91312	322.32	72.18	64.96	16391.1949	72122.7022	0.00000	0.00000

Table 4.

HOMOGENEOUS CASE

KDEL= η
F= 1.000000000+002 KHZ
SIGMA= 5.000000000-003
E2= 1.500000000+001
ALFA= 1.000000000+000
ETA= 1.000100000+000
BOR4= 0.000000000+000
ANN= 0.000000000+000
H2= 0.000000000+000

Table 4. (Continued)

NEW VA-WVA FLIGHT PLAN		TO DANA		LOCATION OF MASTER (DANA)		
NEW VA-WVA END POINT		TO LAT=N39D 30M		LAT=N39D 51.125M		
LAT=N39D 30M		LAT=N39D 51.125M		LON=W47D 29.192M		
RADIATED POWER (KILOWATTS)		MASTER		TIME		
DIPOLE CURRENT MOMENT (AMPERE-METERS)		400.000		DIFFERENCE		
9.7687+004		9.7687+004		MICROSECONDS		
COORDINATES OF PATH		FIELD STRENGTH IN		GRADIENT ALONG		
LATITUDE LONGITUDE		DB RELATIVE TO		THE GEODETIC LINE		
DEGREES DEGREES		1 MICROVOLT/M		MICROSECONDS/KM		
DISTANCE IN	ORIGIN	DESTINATION	DEGREES	DEGREES	DEGREES	DEGREES
KILOMETERS TO	DESTINATION	DESTINATION	DEGREES	DEGREES	DEGREES	DEGREES
0.0000	857.2720	275.7983	39.50000	77.50000	70.76	2864.7173
8.5727	848.6993	275.7352	39.50776	77.59917	71.00	2836.0759
17.1450	840.1266	275.6721	39.51543	77.69845	71.25	2807.4360
25.7182	831.5538	275.6090	39.52302	77.79754	71.49	2778.7934
34.2909	822.9811	275.5458	39.53053	77.89679	71.74	2750.1520
42.8636	814.4084	275.4826	39.53795	77.99605	71.98	2721.5109
51.4363	805.8357	275.4194	39.54528	78.09532	72.23	2692.8695
60.0090	797.2630	275.3562	39.55253	78.19461	72.47	2664.2284
68.5818	788.6902	275.2930	39.55970	78.29394	72.72	2635.5869
77.1545	780.1175	275.2297	39.56678	78.39326	72.97	2606.9458
85.7272	771.5448	275.1664	39.57377	78.49262	73.22	2578.3046
94.2999	762.9721	275.1031	39.58068	78.59199	73.46	2549.6635
102.8727	754.3994	275.0398	39.58751	78.69139	73.71	2521.0221
111.4454	745.8266	274.9764	39.59425	78.79080	73.96	2492.3810
120.0181	737.2540	274.9130	39.60091	78.89023	74.22	2463.7398
128.5908	728.6812	274.8496	39.60748	78.98968	74.47	2435.0987
137.1635	720.1085	274.7862	39.61396	79.08916	74.72	2406.4576
145.7363	711.5358	274.7228	39.62036	79.18864	74.97	2377.8163
154.3090	702.9630	274.6593	39.62668	79.28815	75.23	2349.1752
162.8817	694.3903	274.5958	39.63290	79.38768	75.48	2320.5343
171.4544	685.8176	274.5323	39.63905	79.48722	75.74	2291.8931
180.0271	677.2449	274.4688	39.64511	79.58678	75.99	2263.2521
188.5998	668.6721	274.4053	39.65108	79.68636	76.25	2234.6110
197.1726	660.0994	274.3417	39.65697	79.78595	76.51	2205.9699
205.7453	651.5267	274.2781	39.66277	79.88556	76.77	2177.3289
214.3180	642.9540	274.2145	39.66849	79.98519	77.03	2148.6880
222.8907	634.3813	274.1509	39.67412	80.08484	77.29	2120.0469
231.4634	625.8086	274.0873	39.67967	80.18450	77.55	2091.4060
240.0362	617.2358	274.0237	39.68513	80.28417	77.81	2062.7649
248.6089	608.6632	273.9600	39.69050	80.38386	78.08	2034.1240

Table 4. (Continued)

NEW VA-WVA FLIGHT PLAN		TO DANA		LOCATION OF MASTER (DANA)			
NEW VA-WVA END POINT		TO LAT=N39° 51.125M		LON=W70 29.192M			
LAT=N39D 30M	LON=W77D 30M	LAT=N39D 51.125M	LON=W70 29.192M	LOCATION OF MASTER (DANA)			
RADIATED POWER (KILOWATTS)		MASTER					
DIPOL CURRENT MOMENT (AMPERE-METERS)		400.000					
9.7687+004							
DISTANCE IN KILOMETERS TO ORIGIN DESTINATION	AZIMUTH TO DESTINATION DEGREES	COORDINATES OF PATH LATITUDE DEGREES	LONGITUDE DEGREES	FIELD STRENGTH IN DB RELATIVE TO 1 MICROVOLT/M	TIME DIFFERENCE MICROSECONDS	GRADIENT ALONG THE GEODETIC LINE MICROSECONDS/KM	
257.1816	600.0904	273.8963	39.69579	80.48357	78.34	2005.4832	-3.34094
251.7543	591.5177	273.8326	39.70100	80.58329	78.61	1976.8423	-3.34093
274.3270	582.9450	273.7689	39.70612	80.68303	78.88	1948.2014	-3.34093
282.8998	574.3723	273.7052	39.71115	80.78278	79.15	1919.5604	-3.34093
291.4724	565.7995	273.6414	39.71609	80.88255	79.42	1890.0197	-3.34093
300.0452	557.2268	273.5777	39.72096	80.98233	79.69	1862.2787	-3.34093
308.6179	548.6541	273.5139	39.72573	81.08212	79.97	1833.6380	-3.34092
317.1906	540.0813	273.4501	39.73052	81.18193	80.24	1804.9971	-3.34092
325.7634	531.5087	273.3863	39.73502	81.28175	80.52	1776.3561	-3.34092
334.3361	522.9359	273.3225	39.73954	81.38158	80.80	1747.7156	-3.34092
342.9088	514.3632	273.2586	39.74397	81.48143	81.08	1719.0747	-3.34092
351.4815	505.7905	273.1948	39.74832	81.58129	81.36	1690.4342	-3.34092
360.0543	497.2178	273.1309	39.75258	81.68116	81.64	1661.7932	-3.34092
368.6269	488.6450	273.0670	39.75675	81.78105	81.93	1633.1527	-3.34091
377.1997	480.0724	273.0032	39.76084	81.88094	82.22	1604.5118	-3.34091
385.7723	471.4986	272.9393	39.76484	81.98085	82.50	1575.8713	-3.34091
394.3451	462.9259	272.8753	39.76876	82.08077	82.80	1547.2305	-3.34091
402.9178	454.3511	272.8114	39.77259	82.18077	83.09	1518.5898	-3.34091
411.4905	445.7815	272.7475	39.77634	82.28064	83.39	1489.9491	-3.34091
420.0633	437.2087	272.6835	39.77999	82.38050	83.69	1461.3084	-3.34091
428.6360	428.6360	272.6196	39.78357	82.48056	83.99	1432.6676	-3.34091
437.2087	420.0632	272.5556	39.78705	82.58053	84.29	1404.0270	-3.34091
445.7814	411.4906	272.4916	39.79055	82.68052	84.50	1375.3863	-3.34091
454.3541	402.9178	272.4276	39.79376	82.78051	84.91	1346.7457	-3.34091
462.9268	394.3452	272.3636	39.79699	82.88051	85.23	1318.1050	-3.34091
471.4996	385.7724	272.2996	39.80013	82.98052	85.54	1289.4642	-3.34091
480.0723	377.1997	272.2356	39.80319	83.08054	85.86	1260.8236	-3.34091
488.6451	368.6269	272.1715	39.80616	83.18057	86.19	1232.1828	-3.34092
497.2177	360.0544	272.1075	39.80904	83.28061	86.52	1203.5421	-3.34092
505.7905	351.4814	272.0434	39.81184	83.38065	86.85	1174.9013	-3.34092

Table 4. (Continued)

NEW VA-WVA FLIGHT PLAN		TO DANA		LOCATION OF MASTER (DANA)		
NEW VA-WVA END POINT		TO DANA		LOCATION OF MASTER (DANA)		
LAT=N39D 30M	LON=W77D 30M	LAT=N39D 51.125M	LON=W77D 30M	LAT=N39D 51.125M	LON=W77D 30M	
RADIATED POWER (KILOWATTS)		MASTER		MASTER		
DIPOLE CURRENT MOMENT (AMPERE-METERS)		400.000		400.000		
9.7687+004		9.7687+004		9.7687+004		
DISTANCE IN KILOMETERS TO ORIGIN DESTINATION	AZIMUTH TO DESTINATION DEGREES	COORDINATES OF PATH LATITUDE DEGREES	LONGITUDE DEGREES	FIELD STRENGTH IN DB RELATIVE TO 1 MICROVOLT/M	TIME DIFFERENCE MICROSECONDS	GRADIENT ALONG THE GEODETIC LINE MICROSECONDS/KM
514.3632	342.9088	271.9794	83.48071	87.19	1146.2606	-3.34093
522.9359	334.3361	271.9153	83.58077	87.53	1117.6197	-3.34093
531.5086	325.7633	271.8512	83.68084	87.87	1088.9789	-3.34094
540.0813	317.1907	271.7871	83.78091	88.22	1060.3379	-3.34094
548.6540	308.6179	271.7230	83.88100	88.58	1031.6972	-3.34095
557.2268	300.0452	271.6589	83.98109	88.94	1003.0559	-3.34096
565.7995	291.4726	271.5948	84.08118	89.31	974.4150	-3.34096
574.3723	282.8997	271.5307	84.18129	89.69	945.7736	-3.34097
582.9449	274.3271	271.4666	84.28140	90.07	917.1327	-3.34098
591.5177	265.7543	271.4024	84.38151	90.46	888.4911	-3.34100
600.0904	257.1816	271.3383	84.48163	90.86	859.8498	-3.34101
608.6632	248.6089	271.2742	84.58176	91.27	831.2080	-3.34103
617.2358	240.0362	271.2100	84.68188	91.68	802.5667	-3.34104
625.8086	231.4634	271.1459	84.78202	92.11	773.9245	-3.34106
634.3812	222.8909	271.0817	84.88216	92.54	745.2828	-3.34108
642.9540	214.3178	271.0175	84.98230	92.99	716.6405	-3.34111
651.5266	205.7455	270.9534	85.08245	93.45	687.9983	-3.34114
660.0995	197.1724	270.8892	85.18260	93.93	659.3551	-3.34117
668.6721	188.5999	270.8250	85.28276	94.42	630.7127	-3.34120
677.2448	180.0271	270.7608	85.38291	94.93	602.0696	-3.34124
685.8175	171.4542	270.6967	85.48307	95.45	573.4263	-3.34128
694.3903	162.8821	270.6325	85.58324	96.00	544.7821	-3.34133
702.9629	154.3087	270.5683	85.68340	96.57	516.1383	-3.34138
711.5356	145.7367	270.5041	85.78358	97.17	487.4923	-3.34144
720.1083	137.1633	270.4399	85.88374	97.79	458.8484	-3.34151
728.6812	128.5908	270.3757	85.98392	98.44	430.2020	-3.34158
737.2540	120.0179	270.3115	86.08409	99.14	401.5557	-3.34167
745.8264	111.4453	270.2473	86.18426	99.87	372.9093	-3.34177
754.3995	102.8725	270.1831	86.28444	100.66	344.2598	-3.34189
762.9720	94.3000	270.1189	86.38461	101.51	315.6115	-3.34202

Table 4. (Continued)

NEW VA-WVA FLIGHT PLAN		TO DANA		LON=WA70 29.192M		LON=WA70 29.192M	
NEW VA-WVA END POINT		TO LAT=N39D 51.125M		LON=WA70 29.192M		LON=WA70 29.192M	
LAT=N39D 30M		LON=WA70 30M		LON=WA70 29.192M		LON=WA70 29.192M	
LAT=N39D 51.125M		LON=WA70 29.192M		LON=WA70 29.192M		LON=WA70 29.192M	
RADIATED POWER (KILOWATTS)		MASTER		LOCATION OF MASTER (DANA)		LOCATION OF MASTER (DANA)	
DIPOL CURRENT MOMENT (AMPERE-METERS)		400.000		400.000		400.000	
9.7687+004		9.7687+004		9.7687+004		9.7687+004	
DISTANCE IN KILOMETERS TO ORIGIN DESTINATION	AZIMUTH TO DESTINATION DEGREES	COORDINATES OF PATH LATITUDE DEGREES	LONGITUDE DEGREES	FIELD STRENGTH IN DB RELATIVE TO 1 MICROVOLT/M	TIME DIFFERENCE MICROSECONDS	GRADIENT ALONG THE GEODETIC LINE MICROSECONDS/KM	GRADIENT ALONG THE GEODETIC LINE MICROSECONDS/KM
771.5443	270.0547	39.85567	86.48479	102.42	286.9627	-3.34253	-3.34253
780.1177	269.9905	39.85570	86.58498	103.42	258.3057	-3.34199	-3.34199
788.6907	269.9263	39.85565	86.68515	104.53	229.6550	-3.34255	-3.34255
797.2631	269.8621	39.85550	86.78533	105.77	201.0012	-3.34279	-3.34279
805.8357	269.7979	39.85527	86.88550	107.19	172.3451	-3.34863	-3.34863
814.4084	269.7337	39.85496	86.98568	108.92	143.6381	-3.34316	-3.34316
822.9811	269.6695	39.85456	87.08585	110.90	114.9781	-3.34386	-3.34386
831.5543	269.6053	39.85407	87.18603	113.44	86.3105	-3.34466	-3.34466
840.1264	269.5412	39.85349	87.28610	117.00	57.6396	-3.34438	-3.34438
848.6994	269.4770	39.85283	87.38637	123.05	28.9684	-2.79594	-2.79594
857.2720	269.4128	39.85208	87.48653	219.80	5.0000	0.00000	0.00000

Table 5.

HOMOGENEOUS CASE

KDFL= 1
F= 1.000000000+002 KHZ
SIGMA= 5.000000000-003
E2= 1.500000000+001
ALFA= 1.000000000+000
ETA= 1.000100000+000
BORA= 3.000000000+002
ANNE= 3.000000000-007
H2= 0.000000000+000

Table 5. (Continued)

NEW VA-WVA FLIGHT PLAN		TO DANA		LOCATION OF MASTER (DANA)		
NEW VA-WVA END POINT		TO LAT=N39D 51.125M		LON=W7D 29.192M		
LAT=N39D 30M	LON=W7D 30M	LAT=N39D 51.125M	LON=W7D 29.192M	MASTER		
RADIATED POWER (KILOWATTS)		400.000				
DIPOL CURRENT MOMENT (AMPERE-METERS)		9.7687+004				
DISTANCE IN KILOMETERS TO ORIGIN DESTINATION	AZIMUTH TO DESTINATION DEGREES	COORDINATES OF PATH LATITUDE DEGREES	LONGITUDE DEGREES	FIELD STRENGTH IN DB RELATIVE TO 1 MICROVOLT/M	TIME DIFFERENCE MICROSECONDS	GRADIENT ALONG THE GEODETIC LINE MICROSECONDS/KM
0.0000	857.2720	39.50000	77.50000	89.08	2868.4460	-3.34487
8.5727	648.6993	39.50776	77.59917	89.21	2839.9713	-3.34487
17.1450	840.1266	39.51543	77.69835	89.34	2811.2981	-3.34487
25.7182	831.5538	39.52302	77.79756	89.46	2782.6221	-3.34487
34.2909	822.9811	39.53053	77.89679	89.59	2753.9475	-3.34487
42.8636	814.4084	39.53795	77.99605	89.72	2725.2729	-3.34487
51.4363	805.8357	39.54528	78.09532	89.85	2696.5982	-3.34487
60.0090	797.2630	39.55253	78.19461	89.98	2667.9237	-3.34487
68.5818	788.6902	39.55970	78.29393	90.11	2639.2488	-3.34487
77.1545	780.1175	39.56678	78.39326	90.24	2610.5743	-3.34487
85.7272	771.5448	39.57377	78.49262	90.37	2581.8996	-3.34488
94.2999	762.9721	39.58068	78.59199	90.51	2553.2250	-3.34488
102.8727	754.4094	39.58751	78.69139	90.64	2524.5501	-3.34488
111.4454	745.8466	39.59425	78.79080	90.77	2495.8755	-3.34488
120.0181	737.2840	39.60091	78.89021	90.91	2467.2008	-3.34488
128.5908	728.7212	39.60748	78.98964	91.04	2438.5261	-3.34488
137.1635	720.1585	39.61396	79.08914	91.17	2409.8514	-3.34488
145.7362	711.5958	39.62036	79.18864	91.31	2381.1765	-3.34488
154.3090	702.9630	39.62668	79.28815	91.45	2352.5018	-3.34489
162.8817	694.3903	39.63290	79.38768	91.58	2323.8271	-3.34489
171.4544	685.8176	39.63905	79.48722	91.72	2295.1523	-3.34489
180.0271	677.2449	39.64511	79.58678	91.86	2266.4775	-3.34489
188.5998	668.6721	39.65108	79.68634	92.00	2237.8027	-3.34489
197.1726	660.0994	39.65697	79.78595	92.14	2209.1278	-3.34490
205.7453	651.5267	39.66277	79.88554	92.28	2180.4529	-3.34490
214.3180	642.9540	39.66849	79.98519	92.42	2151.7781	-3.34490
222.8907	634.3813	39.67412	80.08484	92.56	2123.1031	-3.34490
231.4634	625.8086	39.67967	80.18450	92.71	2094.4282	-3.34491
240.0362	617.2358	39.68513	80.28417	92.85	2065.7532	-3.34491
248.6089	608.6632	39.69050	80.38386	93.00	2037.0783	-3.34491

Table 5. (Continued)

NEW VA-390 30M		NEW VA-WVA FLIGHT PLAN TO DANA		LOCATION OF MASTER (DANA)		GRADIENT ALONG THE GEODETIC LINE MICROSECONDS/KM	
LAT=N39D 30M	LONG=W77D 30M	LAT=N39D 51.1254	LONG=W77D 30M	LAT=N39D 51.1254	LONG=W77D 29.192M		
RADIATED POWER (KILOWATTS)		COORDINATES OF PATH		FIELD STRENGTH IN DB RELATIVE TO MASTER		TIME DIFFERENCE MICROSECONDS	
DIPOL CURRENT MOMENT (AMPERE-METERS)		LATITUDE LONGITUDE DEGREES		1 MICROVOLT/M			
AZIMUTH TO DESTINATION DEGREES		LATITUDE LONGITUDE DEGREES		DB RELATIVE TO MASTER		TIME DIFFERENCE MICROSECONDS	
DISTANCE IN KILOMETERS TO ORIGIN DESTINATION		LATITUDE LONGITUDE DEGREES		1 MICROVOLT/M			
257.1816	600.004	273.8963	39.69579	80.48357	93.14	2008.4034	-3.34491
265.7543	591.5177	273.8326	39.70100	80.58329	93.29	1979.7284	-3.34492
274.3270	582.9650	273.7689	39.70812	80.68373	93.44	1951.0533	-3.34492
282.8998	574.3723	273.7052	39.71115	80.78278	93.59	1922.3782	-3.34493
291.4724	565.7995	273.6414	39.71509	80.88255	93.74	1893.7032	-3.34493
300.0452	557.2268	273.5777	39.72096	80.98233	93.89	1865.0279	-3.34493
308.6179	548.6541	273.5139	39.72573	81.08212	94.04	1836.3528	-3.34494
317.1906	540.0813	273.4501	39.73042	81.18193	94.19	1807.6775	-3.34494
325.7634	531.5087	273.3863	39.73502	81.28175	94.35	1779.0021	-3.34495
334.3361	522.9359	273.3225	39.73954	81.38158	94.50	1750.3271	-3.34495
342.9088	514.3632	273.2586	39.74397	81.48143	94.66	1721.6516	-3.34496
351.4815	505.7905	273.1948	39.74832	81.58129	94.82	1692.9764	-3.34496
360.0543	497.2178	273.1309	39.75258	81.68116	94.98	1664.3008	-3.34497
368.6269	488.6450	273.0670	39.75675	81.78105	95.14	1635.6255	-3.34498
377.1997	480.0724	273.0032	39.76084	81.88094	95.30	1606.9497	-3.34498
385.7723	471.4996	272.9393	39.76484	81.98085	95.46	1578.2743	-3.34499
394.3451	462.9269	272.8753	39.76876	82.08077	95.63	1549.5986	-3.34500
402.9178	454.3541	272.8114	39.77259	82.18070	95.80	1520.9229	-3.34501
411.4905	445.7815	272.7475	39.77634	82.28064	95.97	1492.2471	-3.34502
420.0633	437.2087	272.6835	39.77999	82.38060	96.14	1463.5711	-3.34503
428.6360	428.6360	272.6196	39.78357	82.48056	96.31	1434.8950	-3.34503
437.2087	420.0632	272.5556	39.78705	82.58053	96.49	1406.2191	-3.34505
445.7814	411.4906	272.4916	39.79045	82.68052	96.66	1377.5429	-3.34506
454.3541	402.9178	272.4276	39.79376	82.78051	96.84	1348.8667	-3.34507
462.9268	394.3452	272.3636	39.79699	82.88051	97.02	1320.1904	-3.34508
471.4996	385.7724	272.2996	39.80013	82.98052	97.21	1291.5139	-3.34509
480.0723	377.2087	272.2356	39.80319	83.08054	97.39	1262.8374	-3.34511
488.6451	368.6369	272.1715	39.80616	83.18057	97.58	1234.1606	-3.34512
497.2177	360.0634	272.1075	39.80904	83.28061	97.77	1205.4839	-3.34514
505.7905	351.4814	272.0434	39.81184	83.38065	97.97	1176.8069	-3.34516

Table 5. (Continued)

NEW VA-WVA FLIGHT PLAN		TO DANA		LOCATION OF MASTER (DANA)		GRADIENT ALONG THE GEODETIC LINE MICROSECONDS/KM
NEW VA-WVA END POINT		TO LAT=N39D 51.125M		LON=W7D 29.192M		
LAT=N39D 30M	LON=W77D 30M	LAT=N39D 51.125M	LON=W7D 29.192M	MASTER		
RADIATED POWER (KILOWATTS)		400.000		9.7687*004		
DIPOLF CURRENT MOMENT (AMPERE-METERS)		9.7687*004				
DISTANCE IN KILOMETERS TO ORIGIN DESTINATION	AZIMUTH TO DESTINATION DEGREES	COORDINATES OF PATH		FIELD STRENGTH IN		TIME DIFFERENCE MICROSECONDS
		LATITUDE DEGREES	LONGITUDE DEGREES	DB RELATIVE TO 1 MICROVOLT/M	DIFFERENCE MICROSECONDS	
514.3632	342.9088	39.81455	83.48071	98.17	1148.1299	-3.34518
523.9359	334.3361	39.81717	83.58077	98.37	1119.4525	-3.34520
531.5096	325.7633	39.81971	83.68084	98.57	1090.7752	-3.34522
540.0813	317.1907	39.82216	83.78091	98.78	1062.0975	-3.34524
548.6540	308.6179	39.82452	83.88100	98.99	1033.4200	-3.34526
557.2268	300.0452	39.82680	83.98109	99.21	1004.7417	-3.34529
565.7995	291.4726	39.82899	84.08118	99.43	976.0636	-3.34532
574.3723	282.8997	39.83110	84.18129	99.66	947.3849	-3.34535
582.9449	274.3271	39.83312	84.28140	99.89	918.7065	-3.34538
591.5177	265.7543	39.83505	84.38151	100.13	890.0272	-3.34541
600.0904	257.1816	39.83690	84.48163	100.37	861.3481	-3.34545
608.6632	248.6089	39.83866	84.58176	100.62	832.6682	-3.34549
617.2358	240.0362	39.84033	84.68188	100.87	803.9886	-3.34553
625.8086	231.4634	39.84192	84.78202	101.14	775.3079	-3.34558
634.3812	222.8909	39.84342	84.88216	101.41	746.6275	-3.34563
642.9540	214.3178	39.84483	84.98230	101.69	717.9462	-3.34569
651.5266	205.7455	39.84616	85.08245	101.98	689.2648	-3.34575
660.0995	197.1724	39.84740	85.18260	102.28	660.5820	-3.34581
668.6721	188.5999	39.84856	85.28276	102.59	631.8998	-3.34588
677.2448	180.0271	39.84963	85.38291	102.91	603.2166	-3.34596
685.8175	171.4542	39.85061	85.48307	103.25	574.5328	-3.34605
694.3903	162.8821	39.85150	85.58324	103.61	545.8476	-3.34614
702.9629	154.3087	39.85231	85.68340	103.98	517.1626	-3.34625
711.5360	145.7367	39.85304	85.78358	104.37	488.4748	-3.34636
720.1083	137.1633	39.85367	85.88374	104.79	459.7888	-3.34649
728.6812	128.5908	39.85422	85.98392	105.23	431.0996	-3.34664
737.2539	120.0179	39.85468	86.08409	105.70	402.4100	-3.34680
745.8264	111.4453	39.85506	86.18426	106.20	373.7196	-3.34699
754.3995	102.8725	39.85535	86.28444	106.75	345.0254	-3.34720
762.9720	94.3000	39.85555	86.38461	107.34	316.3316	-3.34744

Table 5. (Continued)

NEW VA-WVA FLIGHT PLAN		TO DANÄ		LOCATION OF MASTER (DANA)		
NEW VA-WVA END POINT		TO LAT=N39D 51.125M		LON=W87D 29.192M		
LAT=N39D 30M		LON=W77D 30M				
LAT=N39D 51.125M		LON=W87D 29.192M		LOCATION OF MASTER (DANA)		
RADIATED POWER (KILOWATTS)		MASTER				
DIPOLÉ CURRENT MOMENT (AMPERE-METERS)		400.000				
9.7687+004						
DISTANCE IN	AZIMUTH TO	COORDINATES OF PATH	FIELD STRENGTH IN	TIME	GRADIENT ALONG	
KILOMETERS TO	DESTINATION	LATITUDE	DB RELATIVE TO	DIFFERENCE	THE GEODETIC LINE	
ORIGIN	DEGREES	DEGREES	1 MICROVOLT/M	MICROSECONDS	MICROSECONDS/KM	
771.5443	85.7272	39.85567	86.48470	107.99	287.6363	-3.34808
780.1177	77.1524	39.85570	86.58498	108.72	258.9317	-3.34769
788.6977	68.5821	39.85565	86.68515	109.53	230.2321	-3.34844
797.2631	60.0087	39.85550	86.78533	110.46	201.5278	-3.34890
805.8357	51.4364	39.85527	86.88550	111.54	172.8193	-3.35378
814.4084	42.8636	39.85496	86.98568	112.85	144.0682	-3.34985
822.9811	34.2908	39.85456	87.08595	114.42	115.3509	-3.35105
831.5543	25.7182	39.85407	87.18603	116.49	86.6217	-3.35262
840.1264	17.1451	39.85349	87.28610	119.50	57.8826	-3.35386
848.6994	8.5727	39.85293	87.38637	124.82	29.1301	-2.81480
957.2770	0.0000	39.85208	87.48653	219.80	5.0000	0.00000

Table 6.

HOMOGENEOUS CASE

KDEL= 0
F= 1.00000000+002 KHZ
SIGMA= 5.00000000+000
E2= 8.00000000+001
ALFA= 1.00000000+000
ETA= 1.00010000+000
BORAE 0.00000000+000
ANNE 0.00000000+000
H2= 0.00000000+000

Table 6. (Continued)

NEW VA-WVA FLIGHT PLAN		TO DANA		LOCATION OF MASTER (DANA)			
NEW VA-WVA END POINT		TO DANA		LON=W47D 29.192M			
LAT=N39D 30M	LON=W77D 30M	LAT=N39D 51.125M		LON=W47D 29.192M			
LAT=N39D 51.125M		LON=W47D 29.192M		LOCATION OF MASTER (DANA)			
RADIATED POWER (KILOWATTS)		MASTER					
DIPOLE CURRENT MOMENT (AMPERE-METERS)		400.000					
9.7687+004							
DISTANCE IN KILOMETERS TO ORIGIN	DISTANCE IN KILOMETERS TO DESTINATION	AZIMUTH TO DESTINATION DEGREES	COORDINATES OF PATH LATITUDE DEGREES	LONGITUDE DEGREES	FIELD STRENGTH IN DB RELATIVE TO 1 MICROVOLT/M	TIME DIFFERENCE MICROSECONDS	GRADIENT ALONG THE GEODETIC LINE MICROSECONDS/KM
0.0000	857.2720	275.7983	39.50000	77.50000	72.61	2861.5879	-3.33844
8.5727	848.6993	275.7352	39.50776	77.59917	72.85	2832.9684	-3.33844
17.1450	840.1266	275.6721	39.51543	77.69835	73.08	2804.1502	-3.33844
25.7182	831.5538	275.6090	39.52302	77.79756	73.32	2775.7294	-3.33844
34.2909	822.9811	275.5458	39.53053	77.89679	73.56	2747.1099	-3.33843
42.8636	814.4084	275.4826	39.53795	77.99605	73.80	2718.4905	-3.33843
51.4363	805.8357	275.4194	39.54528	78.09532	74.03	2689.8710	-3.33843
60.0090	797.2630	275.3562	39.55253	78.19461	74.27	2661.2517	-3.33843
68.5818	788.6902	275.2930	39.55970	78.29393	74.51	2632.6321	-3.33843
77.1545	780.1175	275.2297	39.56678	78.39326	74.75	2604.0128	-3.33842
85.7272	771.5448	275.1664	39.57377	78.49262	74.99	2575.3934	-3.33842
94.2999	762.9721	275.1031	39.58068	78.59199	75.23	2546.7741	-3.33842
102.8727	754.3994	275.0398	39.58751	78.69139	75.47	2518.1546	-3.33842
111.4454	745.8266	274.9764	39.59425	78.79080	75.72	2489.5354	-3.33841
120.0181	737.2540	274.9130	39.60091	78.89023	75.96	2460.9161	-3.33841
128.5908	728.6812	274.8496	39.60748	78.98968	76.20	2432.2969	-3.33841
137.1635	720.1085	274.7862	39.61396	79.08916	76.44	2403.6776	-3.33841
145.7363	711.5358	274.7228	39.62036	79.18864	76.69	2375.0583	-3.33840
154.3090	702.9630	274.6593	39.62668	79.28815	76.93	2346.4391	-3.33840
162.8817	694.3903	274.5958	39.63290	79.38768	77.18	2317.8201	-3.33840
171.4544	685.8176	274.5323	39.63905	79.48722	77.43	2289.2009	-3.33839
180.0271	677.2449	274.4688	39.64511	79.58678	77.67	2260.5818	-3.33839
188.5998	668.6721	274.4053	39.65108	79.68636	77.92	2231.9628	-3.33838
197.1726	660.0994	274.3417	39.65697	79.78595	78.17	2203.3437	-3.33838
205.7453	651.5267	274.2781	39.66277	79.88556	78.42	2174.7246	-3.33838
214.3180	642.9540	274.2145	39.66849	79.98519	78.67	2146.1058	-3.33837
222.8907	634.3813	274.1509	39.67412	80.08484	78.92	2117.4867	-3.33837
231.4634	625.8086	274.0873	39.67967	80.18450	79.17	2088.8679	-3.33836
240.0362	617.2358	274.0237	39.68513	80.28417	79.42	2060.2490	-3.33836
248.6090	608.6632	273.9600	39.69050	80.38386	79.68	2031.6302	-3.33835

Table 6. (Continued)

NEW VA-WVA FLIGHT PLAN TO DANA
 NEW VA-WVA END POINT TO LAT=N39D 51.125M LON=W7D 29.192M
 LAT=N39D 30M LON=W7D 30M

LAT=N39D 51.125M LON=W7D 29.192M LOCATION OF MASTER (DANA)

MASTER
 RADIATED POWER (KILOWATTS) 400.000
 DIPOLE CURRENT MOMENT (AMPERE-METERS) 9.7687*004

DISTANCE IN KILOMETERS TO ORIGIN DESTINATION	AZIMUTH TO DESTINATION DEGREES	COORDINATES OF PATH		FIELD STRENGTH IN DB RELATIVE TO 1 MICROVOLT/M	TIME DIFFERENCE MICROSECONDS	GRADIENT ALONG THE GEODETIC LINE MICROSECONDS/KM
		LATITUDE DEGREES	LONGITUDE DEGREES			
257.1816	600.6904	273.8963	80.48357	79.93	2003.0116	-3.33835
265.7543	591.5177	273.8326	80.58329	80.19	1974.9929	-3.33834
274.3270	582.9450	273.7689	39.70612	80.44	1945.7742	-3.33833
282.8998	574.3723	273.7052	39.71115	80.70	1917.1555	-3.33833
291.4724	565.7995	273.6414	39.71609	80.96	1888.5371	-3.33832
300.0452	557.2268	273.5777	39.72096	81.22	1859.9184	-3.33832
308.6179	548.6541	273.5139	39.72573	81.48	1831.3001	-3.33831
317.1906	540.0813	273.4501	39.73042	81.75	1802.6816	-3.33830
325.7634	531.5087	273.3863	39.73502	82.01	1774.0632	-3.33829
334.3361	522.9359	273.3225	39.73954	82.28	1745.4452	-3.33829
342.9088	514.3632	273.2586	39.74397	82.54	1716.8268	-3.33828
351.4815	505.7905	273.1948	39.74832	82.81	1688.2089	-3.33827
360.0543	497.2178	273.1309	39.75258	83.08	1659.5907	-3.33826
368.6269	488.6450	273.0670	39.75675	83.35	1630.9729	-3.33825
377.1997	480.0724	273.0032	39.76084	83.63	1602.3548	-3.33824
385.7723	471.4996	272.9393	39.76484	83.90	1573.7372	-3.33823
394.3451	462.9269	272.8753	39.76876	84.18	1545.1194	-3.33822
402.9178	454.3541	272.8114	39.77259	84.46	1516.5018	-3.33821
411.4905	445.7815	272.7475	39.77634	84.74	1487.8843	-3.33820
420.0633	437.2087	272.6835	39.77999	85.03	1459.2667	-3.33819
428.6360	428.6360	272.6196	39.78357	85.31	1430.6492	-3.33818
437.2087	420.0632	272.5556	39.78705	85.60	1402.0321	-3.33817
445.7814	411.4906	272.4916	39.79045	85.89	1373.4149	-3.33815
454.3541	402.9178	272.4276	39.79376	86.19	1344.7979	-3.33814
462.9269	394.3452	272.3636	39.79699	86.48	1316.1810	-3.33813
471.4996	385.7724	272.2996	39.80013	86.78	1287.5641	-3.33811
480.0723	377.1997	272.2356	39.80319	87.08	1258.9474	-3.33810
488.6451	368.6269	272.1715	39.80616	87.39	1230.3307	-3.33808
497.2177	360.0544	272.1075	39.80904	87.70	1201.7144	-3.33807
505.7905	351.4814	272.0434	39.81184	88.01	1173.0980	-3.33805

Table 6. (Continued)

NEW VA=VA END POINT LAT=N39D 30M LON=W77D 30M		NEW VA=VA FLIGHT PLAN TO DANA TO LAT=N39D 51.125M LON=W77D 29.192M		LOCATION OF MASTER (DANA)		GRADIENT ALONG THE GEODETIC LINE MICROSECONDS/KM	
DISTANCE IN KILOMETERS TO ORIGIN DESTINATION	DISTANCE IN KILOMETERS TO DESTINATION	ANGLE TO DESTINATION DEGREES	COORDINATE OF PATH LATITUDE DEGREES	LONGITUDE DEGREES	FIELD STRENGTH IN DB RELATIVE TO 1 MICROVOLT/M	TIME DIFFERENCE MICROSECONDS	GRADIENT ALONG THE GEODETIC LINE MICROSECONDS/KM
514.3632	342.9088	271.9794	39.81455	83.63071	89.33	1144.4819	-3.33804
522.9350	334.3361	271.9153	39.81717	83.58077	88.65	1115.8658	-3.33802
531.5096	325.7633	271.8512	39.81971	83.68084	88.98	1087.2500	-3.33800
540.0813	317.1907	271.7871	39.82216	83.78091	89.31	1058.6342	-3.33798
548.6540	308.6179	271.7230	39.82452	83.88100	89.65	1030.0189	-3.33796
557.2268	300.0452	271.6589	39.82680	83.98109	89.99	1001.4031	-3.33794
565.7995	291.4726	271.5948	39.82899	84.08118	90.34	972.7880	-3.33792
574.3723	282.8997	271.5307	39.83110	84.18129	90.69	944.1727	-3.33790
582.9449	274.3271	271.4666	39.83312	84.28140	91.05	915.5581	-3.33788
591.5177	265.7543	271.4024	39.83505	84.38151	91.42	886.9432	-3.33786
600.0904	257.1816	271.3383	39.83690	84.48163	91.79	858.3288	-3.33783
608.6632	248.6089	271.2742	39.83886	84.58176	92.17	829.7142	-3.33781
617.2360	240.0362	271.2100	39.84083	84.68198	92.56	801.1005	-3.33778
625.8088	231.4634	271.1459	39.84282	84.78222	92.97	772.4862	-3.33776
634.3812	222.8909	271.0817	39.84482	84.88246	93.38	743.8729	-3.33773
642.9540	214.3178	271.0175	39.84683	84.98270	93.80	715.2594	-3.33770
651.5266	205.7455	270.9534	39.84886	85.08295	94.24	686.6463	-3.33767
660.0995	197.1724	270.8892	39.85092	85.18320	94.69	658.0328	-3.33764
668.6721	188.5999	270.8250	39.85299	85.28346	95.15	629.4206	-3.33761
677.2448	180.0271	270.7608	39.85503	85.38371	95.63	600.8084	-3.33757
685.8175	171.4542	270.6967	39.85661	85.48397	96.13	572.1965	-3.33754
694.3903	162.8821	270.6325	39.85815	85.58424	96.64	543.5843	-3.33750
702.9629	154.3097	270.5683	39.85971	85.68450	97.18	514.9734	-3.33746
711.5356	145.7367	270.5041	39.86130	85.78478	97.75	486.3609	-3.33742
720.1083	137.1633	270.4399	39.86297	85.88507	98.34	457.7516	-3.33737
728.6812	128.5908	270.3757	39.86462	85.98532	98.97	429.1407	-3.33732
737.2540	120.0179	270.3115	39.86628	86.08559	99.63	400.5310	-3.33726
745.8264	111.4453	270.2473	39.86796	86.18586	100.33	371.9223	-3.33720
754.3995	102.8725	270.1831	39.86963	86.28614	101.08	343.3120	-3.33713
762.9720	94.3000	270.1189	39.87129	86.38641	101.90	314.7045	-3.33706

Table 6. (Continued)

NEW VA-WVA FLIGHT PLAN		TO DANA					
NEW VA-WVA END POINT		TO LAT=N39D 51.125M					
LAT=N39D 30M	LON=W77D 30M	LON=W77D 30M	LON=W77D 29.192M				
LAT=N39D 51.125M		LOCATION OF MASTER (DANA)					
LON=W77D 29.192M		MASTER					
RADIATED POWER (KILOWATTS)		400.000					
DIPOL CURRENT MOMENT (AMPERE-METERS)		9.7687+004					
DISTANCE IN KILOMETERS TO ORIGIN	DISTANCE IN KILOMETERS TO DESTINATION	AZIMUTH TO DESTINATION DEGREES	COORDINATES OF PATH LATITUDE DEGREES	LONGITUDE DEGREES	FIELD STRENGTH IN DB RELATIVE TO 1 MICROVOLT/M	TIME DIFFERENCE MICROSECONDS	GRADIENT ALONG THE RETECTIC LINE MICROSECONDS/KM
771.5443	85.7272	270.0547	39.85567	86.48479	102.78	286.0982	-3.33732
780.1177	77.1524	269.4905	39.85570	86.58498	103.74	257.4858	-3.33650
788.6907	68.5821	269.9263	39.85565	86.68515	104.81	229.8822	-3.33671
797.2691	60.0087	269.2621	39.85550	86.78533	106.02	200.2784	-3.33653
805.8357	51.4364	269.7979	39.85527	86.88550	107.40	171.6760	-3.34158
814.4084	42.8636	269.7337	39.85496	86.98568	109.14	143.0295	-3.33570
822.9811	34.2908	269.6695	39.85456	87.08585	111.08	114.4334	-3.33539
831.5543	25.7182	269.6053	39.85407	87.18603	113.57	85.8385	-3.33459
840.1264	17.1451	269.5412	39.85349	87.28619	117.09	57.2540	-3.33122
848.6994	8.5727	269.4770	39.85283	87.38637	123.11	28.6955	-2.76411
857.2720	0.0000	269.4128	39.85208	87.48653	219.80	5.0000	0.00000

Table 7.

HOMOGENEOUS CASE

KDEL= 1
F= 1.000000000+002 K/MZ
SIGMA= 5.000000000+000
E2= 8.000000000+001
ALFA= 1.000000000+000
ETA= 1.000100000+000
BORA= 3.000000000+002
ANN= 3.000000000-007
H2= 0.000000000+000

Table 7. (Continued)

NEW VA-WVA END POINT		NEW VA-WVA FLIGHT PLAN		TO DANA		LOCATION OF MASTER (DANA)	
LAT=N39D 30M		LAT=N39D 51.125M		LON=W7D 30M		LON=W7D 29.192M	
RADIATED POWER (KILOWATTS)				MASTER			
DIPOLE CURRENT MOMENT (AMPERE-METERS)				9.7687+004			
DISTANCE IN KILOMETERS TO ORIGIN DESTINATION	AZIMUTH TO DESTINATION DEGREES	COORDINATES OF PATH LATITUDE LONGITUDE DEGREES DEGREES	FIELD STRENGTH IN DB RELATIVE TO 1 MICROVOLT/M	TIME DIFFERENCE MICROSECONDS	GRAIENT ALONG THE GEODETIC LINE MICROSECONDS/KM		
0.0000	857.2720	275.7983	39.50000	77.50000	93.69	2867.0310	-3.34339
8.5727	848.6993	275.7352	39.50776	77.59917	93.77	2838.1690	-3.34339
17.1450	840.1266	275.6721	39.51543	77.69835	93.85	2809.7083	-3.34339
25.7182	831.5538	275.6090	39.52302	77.79756	93.93	2781.0450	-3.34340
34.2909	822.9811	275.5458	39.53053	77.89679	94.01	2752.7830	-3.34340
42.8636	814.4084	275.4826	39.53795	77.99605	94.09	2723.7211	-3.34340
51.4363	805.8357	275.4194	39.54528	78.09532	94.17	2695.0591	-3.34340
60.0090	797.2630	275.3562	39.55253	78.19461	94.25	2666.3972	-3.34340
68.5818	788.6902	275.2930	39.55970	78.29393	94.33	2637.7350	-3.34340
77.1545	780.1175	275.2297	39.56678	78.39326	94.41	2609.0731	-3.34340
85.7272	771.5448	275.1664	39.57377	78.49262	94.49	2580.4110	-3.34340
94.2999	762.9721	275.1031	39.58068	78.59199	94.58	2551.7491	-3.34340
102.8727	754.3994	275.0398	39.58751	78.69139	94.66	2523.0869	-3.34340
111.4454	745.8266	274.9764	39.59425	78.79080	94.75	2494.4250	-3.34340
120.0181	737.2540	274.9130	39.60091	78.89023	94.83	2465.7630	-3.34340
128.5908	728.6812	274.8496	39.60748	78.98968	94.92	2437.1010	-3.34340
137.1635	720.1085	274.7862	39.61396	79.08916	95.00	2408.4389	-3.34340
145.7363	711.5358	274.7228	39.62036	79.18864	95.09	2379.7768	-3.34340
154.3090	702.9630	274.6593	39.62668	79.28815	95.18	2351.1148	-3.34340
162.8817	694.3903	274.5958	39.63290	79.38768	95.27	2322.4529	-3.34340
171.4544	685.8176	274.5323	39.63905	79.48722	95.35	2293.7907	-3.34340
180.0271	677.2449	274.4688	39.64511	79.58678	95.44	2265.1287	-3.34340
188.5998	668.6721	274.4053	39.65108	79.68636	95.53	2236.4667	-3.34340
197.1726	660.0994	274.3417	39.65697	79.78595	95.63	2207.8045	-3.34341
205.7453	651.5267	274.2781	39.66277	79.88556	95.72	2179.1424	-3.34341
214.3180	642.9540	274.2145	39.66849	79.98519	95.81	2150.4804	-3.34341
222.8907	634.3813	274.1509	39.67412	80.08484	95.90	2121.8182	-3.34341
231.4634	625.8086	274.0873	39.67967	80.18450	96.00	2093.1562	-3.34341
240.0362	617.2358	274.0237	39.68513	80.28417	96.09	2064.4940	-3.34341
248.6089	608.6632	273.9600	39.69050	80.38386	96.19	2035.8319	-3.34341

Table 7. (Continued)

NEW VA-WVA END POINT LAT=39D 30M		NEW VA-WVA FLIGHT PLAN END POINT LAT=37D 30M		TO DATA TO LAT=39D 51.125M		TO DATA TO LAT=37D 29.192M	
LAT=39D 51.125M		LAT=37D 29.192M		LOCATION OF MASTER (DANA)		LOCATION OF MASTER (DANA)	
DISTANCE IN KILOMETERS TO ORIGIN OF DESTINATION	AZIMUTH TO DESTINATION DEGREES	RADIATED POWER DIPOL CURRENT MOMENT (AMPERE-METERS)	COORDINATES OF PATH LATITUDE LONGITUDE DEGREES	FIELD STRENGTH IN DB RELATIVE TO 1 MICROVOLT/M	TIME DIFFERENCE MICROSECONDS	GRADIENT ALONG THE GEODETIC LINE MICROSECONDS/KM	GRADIENT ALONG THE GEODETIC LINE MICROSECONDS/KM
257.1876	600.0904	273.4963	39.69579	80.4R357	96.29	2007.1698	-3.34341
265.7543	591.5177	273.8326	39.70100	80.5R329	96.39	1978.5077	-3.34342
274.3270	582.9450	273.7689	39.70612	80.6R303	96.49	1949.8455	-3.34342
282.8998	574.3723	273.7052	39.71115	80.7R278	96.59	1921.1833	-3.34342
291.4724	565.7995	273.6414	39.71609	80.8R255	96.69	1892.5212	-3.34342
300.0452	557.2268	273.5777	39.72096	80.9R233	96.79	1863.8589	-3.34342
308.6179	548.6541	273.5139	39.72573	81.0R212	96.89	1835.1967	-3.34342
317.1906	540.0813	273.4501	39.73042	81.1R193	97.00	1806.5344	-3.34343
325.7634	531.5087	273.3863	39.73502	81.2R175	97.10	1777.8720	-3.34343
334.3361	522.9359	273.3225	39.73954	81.3R158	97.21	1749.2099	-3.34343
342.9084	514.3632	273.2586	39.74397	81.4R143	97.32	1720.5475	-3.34343
351.4815	505.7905	273.1948	39.74832	81.5R129	97.43	1691.8854	-3.34344
360.0543	497.2174	273.1309	39.75258	81.6R116	97.54	1663.2228	-3.34344
368.6269	488.6450	273.0670	39.75675	81.7R105	97.65	1634.5607	-3.34344
377.1997	480.0724	273.0032	39.76084	81.8R094	97.77	1605.8980	-3.34345
385.7723	471.4996	272.9393	39.76484	81.9R085	97.88	1577.2358	-3.34345
394.3451	462.9269	272.8753	39.76876	82.0R077	98.00	1548.5732	-3.34346
402.9178	454.3541	272.8114	39.77259	82.1R070	98.12	1519.9107	-3.34346
411.4905	445.7815	272.7475	39.77634	82.2R064	98.24	1491.2482	-3.34347
420.0633	437.2087	272.6835	39.77999	82.3R060	98.37	1462.5855	-3.34347
428.6360	428.6360	272.6196	39.78357	82.4R056	98.49	1433.9228	-3.34348
437.2087	420.0632	272.5556	39.78705	82.5R053	98.62	1405.2602	-3.34348
445.7814	411.4906	272.4916	39.79045	82.6R052	98.75	1376.5975	-3.34349
454.3541	402.9178	272.4276	39.79376	82.7R051	98.88	1347.9347	-3.34349
462.9268	394.3452	272.3636	39.79699	82.8R051	99.01	1319.2719	-3.34350
471.4996	385.7724	272.2996	39.80013	82.9R052	99.15	1290.6089	-3.34351
480.0723	377.1997	272.2356	39.80319	83.0R054	99.29	1261.9460	-3.34352
488.6451	368.6269	272.1715	39.80616	83.1R057	99.43	1233.2829	-3.34353
497.2177	360.0544	272.1075	39.80904	83.2R061	99.57	1204.6198	-3.34354
505.7905	351.4814	272.0434	39.81184	83.3R065	99.72	1175.9566	-3.34355

Table 7. (Continued)

NEW VA-wVA FLIGHT PLAN		TO DANA		LOCATION OF MASTER (DANA)			
NEW VA-wVA END POINT		TO LAT=N39D 51.125M		LAT=N39D 51.125M			
LAT=N39D 30M		LON=W77D 30M		LON=W77D 29.192M			
LAT=N39D 51.125M		LON=W77D 29.192M		LON=W77D 29.192M			
RADIATED POWER (KILOWATTS)		MASTER					
DIPOL CURRENT MOMENT (AMPERE-METERS)		400.000					
9.7687+004							
DISTANCE IN KILOMETERS TO ORIGIN	DISTANCE IN KILOMETERS TO DESTINATION	AZIMUTH TO DESTINATION DEGREES	COORDINATES OF PATH LATITUDE DEGREES	LONGITUDE DEGREES	FIELD STRENGTH IN DB RELATIVE TO 1 MICROVOLT/M	TIME DIFFERENCE MICROSECONDS	GRAIENT ALONG THE GEODETIC LINE MICROSECONDS/KM
514.3632	342.0088	271.9794	39.91455	83.48071	99.87	1147.2934	-3.34356
522.9359	334.3361	271.9153	39.81717	83.58077	100.03	1118.6300	-3.34357
531.5084	325.7633	271.8512	39.81971	83.68084	100.18	1089.9666	-3.34358
540.0813	317.1907	271.7871	39.82216	83.78091	100.35	1061.3029	-3.34359
548.6540	308.6179	271.7230	39.82452	83.88100	100.51	1032.6395	-3.34361
557.2268	300.0452	271.6589	39.82680	83.98109	100.68	1003.9754	-3.34363
565.7995	291.4726	271.5948	39.82899	84.08118	100.86	975.3116	-3.34364
574.3723	282.8997	271.5307	39.83110	84.18129	101.04	946.6472	-3.34366
582.9449	274.3271	271.4666	39.83312	84.28140	101.22	917.9832	-3.34368
591.5177	265.7543	271.4024	39.83505	84.38151	101.41	889.3186	-3.34370
600.0904	257.1815	271.3383	39.83690	84.48153	101.61	860.6541	-3.34373
608.6632	248.6089	271.2742	39.83866	84.58176	101.81	831.9890	-3.34375
617.2359	240.0362	271.2100	39.84033	84.68198	102.02	803.3243	-3.34378
625.8086	231.4634	271.1459	39.84192	84.78202	102.24	774.6586	-3.34381
634.3812	222.8909	271.0817	39.84342	84.88216	102.46	745.9934	-3.34384
642.9540	214.3178	271.0175	39.84483	84.98230	102.70	717.3275	-3.34388
651.5266	205.7455	270.9534	39.84616	85.08245	102.94	688.6615	-3.34392
660.0995	197.1724	270.8892	39.84740	85.18260	103.20	659.9944	-3.34396
668.6721	188.5999	270.8250	39.84856	85.28276	103.47	631.3281	-3.34401
677.2448	180.0271	270.7608	39.84963	85.38291	103.75	602.6609	-3.34406
685.8175	171.4542	270.6967	39.85061	85.48307	104.04	573.9934	-3.34412
694.3903	162.8821	270.6325	39.85150	85.58324	104.35	545.3248	-3.34418
702.9629	154.3087	270.5683	39.85231	85.68340	104.68	516.6566	-3.34425
711.5360	145.7367	270.5041	39.85304	85.78358	105.03	487.9859	-3.34433
720.1083	137.1633	270.4399	39.85367	85.88374	105.40	459.3172	-3.34442
728.6812	128.5908	270.3757	39.85422	85.98392	105.79	430.6458	-3.34452
737.2539	120.0179	270.3115	39.85468	86.08409	106.22	401.9744	-3.34464
745.8264	111.4453	270.2473	39.85506	86.18426	106.68	373.3025	-3.34476
754.3995	102.8725	270.1831	39.85535	86.28444	107.19	344.6274	-3.34491
762.9720	94.3000	270.1189	39.85555	86.38461	107.74	315.9532	-3.34508

Table 7. (Continued)

NEW VA-WVA FLIGHT PLAN		TO DANA		LOCATION OF MASTER (DANA)		
NEW VA-WVA END POINT		TO LAT=N39D 51.125M		LON=W70 29.192M		
LAT=N39D 30M	LON=W77D 30M	LAT=N39D 51.125M	LON=W70 29.192M	MASTER		
RADIATED POWER (KILOWATTS)		400.000				
DIPOLE CURRENT MOMENT (AMPERE-METERS)		9.7687+004				
DISTANCE IN KILOMETERS TO ORIGIN OF DESTINATION	AZIMUTH TO DESTINATION DEGREES	COORDINATES OF PATH LATITUDE DEGREES	LONGITUDE DEGREES	FIELD STRENGTH IN DB RELATIVE TO 1 MICROVOLT/M	TIME DIFFERENCE MICROSECONDS	GRADIENT ALONG THE GEODETIC LINE MICROSECONDS/KM
771.5443	85.7272	39.85567	86.48479	108.35	287.2782	-3.34563
780.1177	77.1524	39.85570	86.52498	109.03	258.5946	-3.34514
788.6907	68.5421	39.85565	86.68515	109.80	229.9169	-3.34576
797.2631	60.0087	39.85550	85.78533	110.69	201.2355	-3.34608
805.8357	51.4364	39.85527	86.88550	111.73	172.5512	-3.35060
814.4084	42.8636	39.85496	86.98568	113.02	143.8274	-3.34660
822.9811	34.2908	39.85456	87.08585	114.55	115.1379	-3.34744
831.5543	25.7182	39.85407	87.18603	116.59	86.4396	-3.34845
840.1264	17.1451	39.85349	87.28619	119.56	57.7363	-3.34860
848.6994	8.5727	39.85283	87.38637	124.85	29.0287	-2.80298
857.2750	0.0000	39.85208	87.48653	219.80	5.0000	0.00000

Table 8.

HOMOGENEOUS CASE

KDEL= 0
F= 1.000000000+002 KHZ
SIGMA= 5.000000000-003
E2= 1.500000000+001
ALFA= 1.000000000+000
ETA= 1.000100000+000
BORA= 0.000000000+000
ANN= 0.000000000+000
H2= 0.000000000+000

Table 8. (Continued)

N. CAROLINA-TENNESSEE END POINT LAT=N36.615D LON=W84.5000D		NO. CAROLINA-TENN. FLIGHT PLAN TO CAROLINA BEACH TO LAT=N34D 3.76M LON=W77D 54.787M		LOCATION OF MASTER (CAPE FEAR)		MASTER 400.000 9.7687+004		FIELD STRENGTH IN DB RELATIVE TO 1 MICROVOLT/M		TIME DIFFERENCE MICROSECONDS		GRADIENT ALONG THE GEODETIC LINE MICROSECONDS/KM	
DISTANCE IN KILOMETERS TO ORIGIN DESTINATION	AZIMUTH TO DESTINATION DEGREES	COORDINATES OF PATH LATITUDE DEGREES	LONGITUDE DEGREES	RADIATED POWER (KILOWATTS) DIPOLE CURRENT MOMENT (AMPERE-METERS)	LA1=N34D 3.76M LON=W77D 54.787M	LA2=N34D 3.76M LON=W77D 54.787M	MASTER 400.000 9.7687+004	FIELD STRENGTH IN DB RELATIVE TO 1 MICROVOLT/M	TIME DIFFERENCE MICROSECONDS	GRADIENT ALONG THE GEODETIC LINE MICROSECONDS/KM	TIME DIFFERENCE MICROSECONDS	GRADIENT ALONG THE GEODETIC LINE MICROSECONDS/KM	
0.0000	662.1918	113.3747	36.61500	84.50000	76.44	2212.9606	-3.34095						
6.6219	655.5699	113.4152	36.59131	84.43207	76.64	2190.8371	-3.34095						
13.2438	648.9480	113.4557	36.56757	84.36419	76.85	2168.7136	-3.34095						
19.8658	642.3261	113.4961	36.54380	84.29635	77.05	2146.5901	-3.34095						
26.4877	635.7042	113.5365	36.51999	84.22855	77.25	2124.4667	-3.34094						
33.1096	629.0823	113.5768	36.49614	84.16079	77.45	2102.3432	-3.34094						
39.7315	622.4603	113.6170	36.47225	84.09307	77.65	2080.2198	-3.34094						
46.3534	615.8384	113.6573	36.44832	84.02540	77.86	2058.0964	-3.34094						
52.9754	609.2165	113.6974	36.42436	83.95776	78.06	2035.9729	-3.34094						
59.5973	602.5946	113.7375	36.40036	83.89017	78.27	2013.8495	-3.34094						
66.2192	595.9727	113.7776	36.37631	83.82262	78.47	1991.7261	-3.34094						
72.8411	589.3507	113.8176	36.35223	83.75511	78.68	1969.6026	-3.34093						
79.4630	582.7288	113.8576	36.32812	83.68765	78.89	1947.4793	-3.34093						
86.0849	576.1069	113.8976	36.30396	83.62022	79.09	1925.3559	-3.34093						
92.7069	569.4850	113.9374	36.27976	83.55284	79.30	1903.2325	-3.34093						
99.3288	562.8631	113.9773	36.25553	83.48549	79.51	1881.1092	-3.34093						
105.9507	556.2412	114.0171	36.23136	83.41819	79.72	1858.9858	-3.34093						
112.5726	549.6192	114.0568	36.20695	83.35093	79.93	1836.8625	-3.34093						
119.1945	542.9973	114.0965	36.18261	83.28371	80.15	1814.7391	-3.34092						
125.8165	536.3754	114.1362	36.15822	83.21654	80.36	1792.6158	-3.34092						
132.4384	529.7535	114.1758	36.13380	83.14940	80.57	1770.4925	-3.34092						
139.0603	523.1316	114.2153	36.10934	83.08231	80.79	1748.3692	-3.34092						
145.6822	516.5096	114.2548	36.08484	83.01526	81.01	1726.2459	-3.34092						
152.3041	509.8877	114.2943	36.06031	82.94825	81.22	1704.1226	-3.34092						
158.9260	503.2658	114.3337	36.03574	82.88128	81.44	1681.9993	-3.34092						
165.5480	496.6439	114.3730	36.01113	82.81435	81.66	1659.8760	-3.34092						
172.1699	490.0220	114.4123	35.98668	82.74747	81.88	1637.7528	-3.34091						
178.7918	483.4001	114.4516	35.96179	82.68063	82.10	1615.6295	-3.34091						
185.4137	476.7781	114.4908	35.93707	82.61382	82.33	1593.5063	-3.34091						
192.0356	470.1562	114.5300	35.91231	82.54705	82.55	1571.3830	-3.34091						

Table 8. (Continued)

N. CAROLINA-TENNESSEE END POINT		NO. CAROLINA-TENN. FLIGHT PLAN		TO CAROLINA BEACH		LOCATION OF MASTER (CAPE FEAR)	
LAT=N36.615D		LON=W84.5000D		LAT=N34D 3.76M		LON=W77D 54.787M	
LAT=N34D 3.76M		LON=W77D 54.787M		LOCATION OF MASTER (CAPE FEAR)			
RADIATED POWER (KILOWATTS)		MASTER		TIME		GRADIENT ALONG	
DIPOLE CURRENT MOMENT (AMPERE-METERS)		400.000		DIFFERENCE		THE GEODETIC LINE	
9.7687+004				MICROSECONDS		MICROSECONDS/KM	
AZIMUTH TO		COORDINATES OF PATH		FIELD STRENGTH IN			
DESTINATION		LATITUDE		DB RELATIVE TO			
DEGREES		LONGITUDE		1 MICROVOLT/M			
DEGREES		DEGREES					
DISTANCE IN		LATITUDE		DEGREES			
KILOMETERS TO		DEGREES		DEGREES			
ORIGIN DESTINATION		DEGREES		DEGREES			
198.6576	463.5343	114.5691	35.88752	82.49035	82.78	1549.2597	-3.34091
205.2795	456.9124	114.6082	35.86268	82.41367	83.00	1527.1365	-3.34091
211.9014	450.2905	114.6472	35.83781	82.34703	83.23	1505.0133	-3.34091
218.5233	443.6685	114.6862	35.81290	82.28044	83.46	1482.8901	-3.34091
225.1452	437.0466	114.7251	35.78796	82.21389	83.69	1460.7668	-3.34091
231.7671	430.4247	114.7640	35.76298	82.14738	83.93	1438.6436	-3.34091
238.3891	423.8028	114.8028	35.73796	82.08091	84.16	1416.5203	-3.34091
245.0110	417.1809	114.8416	35.71290	82.01448	84.40	1394.3971	-3.34091
251.6329	410.5590	114.8804	35.68781	81.94810	84.64	1372.2739	-3.34091
258.2548	403.9370	114.9191	35.66268	81.88175	84.88	1350.1506	-3.34091
264.8767	397.3151	114.9577	35.63752	81.81545	85.12	1328.0275	-3.34091
271.4987	390.6932	114.9963	35.61231	81.74919	85.36	1305.9041	-3.34091
278.1206	384.0713	115.0349	35.58708	81.68297	85.61	1283.7810	-3.34091
284.7425	377.4493	115.0734	35.56180	81.61679	85.85	1261.6577	-3.34092
291.3644	370.8274	115.1118	35.53649	81.55066	86.10	1239.5344	-3.34092
297.9863	364.2055	115.1502	35.51114	81.48456	86.36	1217.4111	-3.34092
304.6083	357.5836	115.1886	35.48576	81.41851	86.61	1195.2879	-3.34092
311.2302	350.9617	115.2269	35.46034	81.35250	86.87	1173.1646	-3.34092
317.8521	344.3398	115.2651	35.43488	81.28653	87.13	1151.0412	-3.34093
324.4740	337.7178	115.3033	35.40939	81.22060	87.39	1128.9179	-3.34093
331.0959	331.0959	115.3415	35.38386	81.15471	87.66	1106.7946	-3.34093
337.7178	324.4740	115.3796	35.35830	81.08887	87.93	1084.6712	-3.34094
344.3398	317.8521	115.4177	35.33270	81.02306	88.20	1062.5478	-3.34094
350.9617	311.2302	115.4557	35.30706	80.95730	88.47	1040.4243	-3.34094
357.5836	304.6083	115.4937	35.28139	80.89158	88.75	1018.3009	-3.34095
364.2055	297.9863	115.5316	35.25568	80.82590	89.03	996.1774	-3.34096
370.8274	291.3644	115.5695	35.22993	80.76026	89.32	974.0538	-3.34096
377.4494	284.7425	115.6073	35.20415	80.69467	89.61	951.9302	-3.34097
384.0713	278.1206	115.6451	35.17834	80.62911	89.90	929.8066	-3.34098
390.6932	271.4986	115.6828	35.15249	80.56360	90.20	907.6829	-3.34099

Table 8. (Continued)

NO. CAROLINA-TENN. FLIGHT PLAN TO CAROLINA BEACH LAT=N36.615D LON=W84.5000D LAT=N34D 3.76M LON=W77D 54.787M MASTER 400.000 9.7687+004											
DISTANCE IN KILOMETERS TO ORIGIN DESTINATION	AZIMUTH TO DESTINATION DEGREES	COORDINATES OF PATH		FIELD STRENGTH IN DB RELATIVE TO 1 MICROVOLT/M	TIME DIFFERENCE MICROSECONDS	GRADIENT ALONG THE GEODETIC LINE MICROSECONDS/KM					
		LATITUDE DEGREES	LONGITUDE DEGREES								
397.3151	264.8767	115.7205	80.49813	90.50	885.5591	-3.34100					
403.9370	258.2548	115.7581	80.43270	90.81	863.4354	-3.34101					
410.5589	251.6329	115.7957	80.36731	91.12	841.3115	-3.34102					
417.1809	245.0110	115.8333	80.30196	91.44	819.1875	-3.34105					
423.8028	238.3891	115.8708	80.23666	91.76	797.0635	-3.34105					
430.4247	231.7671	115.9082	80.17139	92.09	774.9393	-3.34106					
437.0466	225.1452	115.9456	80.10617	92.43	752.8152	-3.34108					
443.6685	218.5233	115.9829	80.04099	92.77	730.6908	-3.34109					
450.2905	211.9014	116.0202	79.97585	93.12	708.5663	-3.34111					
456.9124	205.2795	116.0575	79.91075	93.48	686.4418	-3.34113					
463.5343	198.6576	116.0947	79.84569	93.85	664.3171	-3.34116					
470.1562	192.0356	116.1319	79.78067	94.22	642.1922	-3.34118					
476.7781	185.4137	116.1690	79.71570	94.61	620.0671	-3.34121					
483.4000	178.7918	116.2060	79.65076	95.00	597.9420	-3.34124					
490.0220	172.1699	116.2430	79.58587	95.41	575.8165	-3.34127					
496.6439	165.5480	116.2800	79.52102	95.83	553.6909	-3.34131					
503.2658	158.9260	116.3169	79.45621	96.26	531.5651	-3.34134					
509.8877	152.3041	116.3538	79.39144	96.71	509.4390	-3.34139					
516.5096	145.6822	116.3906	79.32671	97.17	487.3125	-3.34143					
523.1316	139.0603	116.4274	79.26203	97.65	465.1859	-3.34148					
529.7535	132.4384	116.4641	79.19738	98.15	443.0588	-3.34154					
536.3754	125.8164	116.5008	79.13278	98.67	420.9314	-3.34160					
542.9973	119.1945	116.5374	79.06822	99.21	398.8036	-3.34167					
549.6192	112.5726	116.5740	79.00369	99.78	376.6753	-3.34175					
556.2412	105.9507	116.6105	78.93921	100.37	354.5466	-3.34183					
562.8631	99.3288	116.6470	78.87478	101.00	332.4172	-3.34192					
569.4850	92.7069	116.6834	78.81038	101.67	310.2873	-3.34203					
576.1069	86.0849	116.7198	78.74602	102.38	288.1566	-3.34214					
582.7288	79.4630	116.7561	78.68170	103.14	266.0252	-3.34228					
589.3507	72.8411	116.7924	78.61743	103.97	243.8930	-3.34242					

Table 8. (Continued)

N. CAROLINA-TENNESSEE END POINT LAT=N36.615D		NO. CAROLINA-TENN. FLIGHT PLAN TO CAROLINA BEACH LAT=N34D 3.76M		LOCATION OF MASTER (CAPE FEAR)		LON=W77D 54.787M	
LAT=N34D 3.76M		LON=W77D 54.787M		LAT=N34D 3.76M		LON=W77D 54.787M	
RADIATED POWER (KILOWATTS) DIPOLE CURRENT MOMENT (AMPERE-METERS)		MASTER 400.000 9.7687+004		FIELD STRENGTH IN DB RELATIVE TO 1 MICROVOLT/M		TIME DIFFERENCE MICROSECONDS	
DISTANCE IN KILOMETERS TO ORIGIN DESTINATION		AZIMUTH TO DESTINATION DEGREES		COORDINATES OF PATH LATITUDE LONGITUDE DEGREES		GRADIENT ALONG THE GEODETIC LINE MICROSECONDS/KM	
595.9727	66.2192	116.8287	34.33377	78.55320	104.86	221.7597	-3.34259
602.5946	59.5973	116.8648	34.30682	78.48900	105.84	199.6254	-3.34277
609.2165	52.9753	116.9010	34.27982	78.42485	106.92	177.4898	-3.35041
615.8384	46.3534	116.9371	34.25279	78.36074	108.23	155.3037	-3.34284
622.4603	39.7315	116.9731	34.22573	78.29667	109.60	133.1677	-3.34332
629.0823	33.1096	117.0091	34.19864	78.23264	111.21	111.0285	-3.34389
635.7042	26.4877	117.0451	34.17151	78.16866	113.18	88.8855	-3.34451
642.3261	19.8658	117.0810	34.14435	78.10471	115.71	66.7385	-3.34493
648.9480	13.2434	117.1169	34.11716	78.04081	119.26	44.5886	-3.34273
655.5699	6.6219	117.1527	34.08993	77.97694	125.30	22.4533	-2.63568
662.1918	0.0000	117.1884	34.06267	77.91312	550.91	5.0000	0.00000

Table 9.

HOMOGENEOUS CASE

KDEL= 1
F= 1.000000000*002 KHZ
SIGMA= 5.000000000-003
E2= 1.500000000*001
ALFA= 1.000000000*000
ETA= 1.000100000*000
BORA= 3.000000000*002
ANNE= 3.000000000-007
H2= 0.000000000*000

Table 9. (Continued)

N. CAROLINA-TENNESSEE END POINT LAT=N36.615D LON=W84.5000D		NO. CAROLINA-TENN. FLIGHT PLAN TO CAROLINA BEACH LAT=N34D 3.76M LON=W77D 54.787M					
LAT=N34D 3.76M LON=W77D 54.787M		LOCATION OF MASTER (CAPE FEAR)					
RADIATED POWER (KILOWATTS) DIPOLE CURRENT MOMENT (AMPERE-METERS) 9.7687*004		MASTER 400.000 9.7687*004					
DISTANCE IN KILOMETERS TO ORIGIN DESTINATION	AZIMUTH TO DESTINATION DEGREES	COORDINATES OF PATH LATITUDE LONGITUDE DEGREES	FIELD STRENGTH IN DB RELATIVE TO 1 MICROVOLT/M	TIME DIFFERENCE MICROSECONDS	GRADIENT ALONG THE GEODETIC LINE MICROSECONDS/KM		
0.0000	662.1918	113.3747	36.61500	84.50000	92.11	2216.1267	-3.34490
6.6219	655.5699	113.4152	36.59131	84.43207	92.21	2193.9770	-3.34490
13.2438	648.9480	113.4557	36.56757	84.36419	92.32	2171.8274	-3.34490
19.8658	642.3261	113.4961	36.54380	84.29635	92.43	2149.6778	-3.34490
26.4877	635.7042	113.5365	36.51999	84.22855	92.54	2127.5281	-3.34490
33.1096	629.0823	113.5768	36.49614	84.16079	92.65	2105.3785	-3.34490
39.7315	622.4603	113.6170	36.47225	84.09307	92.76	2083.2288	-3.34491
46.3534	615.8384	113.6573	36.44832	84.02540	92.87	2061.0791	-3.34491
52.9754	609.2165	113.6974	36.42436	83.95776	92.99	2038.9293	-3.34491
59.5973	602.5946	113.7375	36.40036	83.89017	93.10	2016.7796	-3.34491
66.2192	595.9727	113.7776	36.37631	83.82262	93.21	1994.6299	-3.34492
72.8411	589.3507	113.8176	36.35223	83.75511	93.33	1972.4801	-3.34492
79.4630	582.7288	113.8576	36.32812	83.68765	93.44	1950.3304	-3.34492
86.0849	576.1069	113.8976	36.30396	83.62022	93.56	1928.1806	-3.34492
92.7069	569.4850	113.9374	36.27976	83.55284	93.67	1906.0307	-3.34493
99.3288	562.8631	113.9773	36.25553	83.48549	93.79	1883.8809	-3.34493
105.9507	556.2412	114.0171	36.23126	83.41819	93.90	1861.7310	-3.34493
112.5726	549.6192	114.0568	36.20695	83.35093	94.02	1839.5812	-3.34494
119.1945	542.9973	114.0965	36.18261	83.28371	94.14	1817.4313	-3.34494
125.8165	536.3754	114.1362	36.15822	83.21654	94.26	1795.2813	-3.34494
132.4384	529.7535	114.1758	36.13380	83.14940	94.38	1773.1314	-3.34495
139.0603	523.1316	114.2153	36.10934	83.08231	94.50	1750.9814	-3.34495
145.6822	516.5096	114.2548	36.08484	83.01526	94.62	1728.8314	-3.34496
152.3041	509.8877	114.2943	36.06031	82.94825	94.74	1706.6814	-3.34496
158.9260	503.2658	114.3337	36.03574	82.88128	94.86	1684.5314	-3.34497
165.5480	496.6439	114.3730	36.01113	82.81435	94.99	1662.3812	-3.34497
172.1699	490.0220	114.4123	35.98648	82.74747	95.11	1640.2312	-3.34497
178.7918	483.4001	114.4516	35.96179	82.68063	95.24	1618.0810	-3.34498
185.4137	476.7781	114.4908	35.93707	82.61382	95.36	1595.9308	-3.34499
192.0356	470.1562	114.5300	35.91231	82.54706	95.49	1573.7806	-3.34499

Table 9. (Continued)

N. CAROLINA-TENNESSEE END POINT LAT=N36.615D		NO. CAROLINA-TENN. FLIGHT PLAN TO CAROLINA BEACH LON=W84.500D		N. CAROLINA-TENNESSEE END POINT LON=W77D 54.787M		TO CAROLINA BEACH LAT=N34D 3.76M		LON=W77D 54.787M	
LAI=N34D 3.76M		LON=W77D 54.787M		LOCATION OF MASTER (CAPE FEAR)		MASTER			
RADIATED POWER (KILOWATTS) DIPOLE CURRENT MOMENT (AMPERE-METERS)		9.7687+004							
DISTANCE IN KILOMETERS TO ORIGIN DESTINATION	DESTINATION	AZIMUTH TO DESTINATION DEGREES	COORDINATES OF PATH LATITUDE DEGREES	LONGITUDE DEGREES	FIELD STRENGTH IN DB RELATIVE TO 1 MICROVOLT/M	TIME DIFFERENCE MICROSECONDS	GRADIENT ALONG THE GEODETIC LINE MICROSECONDS/KM		
198.6576	463.5343	114.5691	35.88752	82.48035	95.62	1551.6303	-3.34500		
205.2795	456.9124	114.6082	35.86268	82.41367	95.75	1529.4800	-3.34500		
211.9014	450.2905	114.6472	35.83781	82.34703	95.88	1507.3297	-3.34501		
218.5233	443.6685	114.6862	35.81290	82.28044	96.01	1485.1793	-3.34502		
225.1452	437.0466	114.7251	35.78796	82.21389	96.14	1463.0289	-3.34502		
231.7671	430.4247	114.7640	35.76298	82.1473A	96.27	1440.8784	-3.34503		
238.3891	423.8028	114.8028	35.73796	82.08091	96.41	1418.7378	-3.34504		
245.0110	417.1809	114.8416	35.71290	82.0144A	96.54	1396.5773	-3.34505		
251.6329	410.5590	114.8804	35.68781	81.94A10	96.68	1374.4267	-3.34506		
258.2548	403.9370	114.9191	35.66268	81.88175	96.82	1352.2759	-3.34506		
264.8767	397.3151	114.9577	35.63752	81.81545	96.96	1330.1253	-3.34508		
271.4987	390.6932	114.9963	35.61231	81.74919	97.10	1307.9743	-3.34509		
278.1206	384.0713	115.0349	35.58708	81.68297	97.24	1285.8235	-3.34510		
284.7425	377.4493	115.0734	35.56180	81.61679	97.39	1263.6725	-3.34511		
291.3644	370.8274	115.1118	35.53649	81.55066	97.53	1241.5215	-3.34512		
297.9863	364.2055	115.1502	35.51114	81.48456	97.68	1219.3704	-3.34513		
304.6083	357.5836	115.1886	35.48576	81.41851	97.83	1197.2192	-3.34514		
311.2302	350.9617	115.2269	35.46034	81.35250	97.98	1175.0680	-3.34516		
317.8521	344.3398	115.2651	35.43488	81.28653	98.13	1152.9166	-3.34517		
324.4740	337.7178	115.3033	35.40939	81.22060	98.29	1130.7651	-3.34519		
331.0959	331.0959	115.3415	35.38386	81.15471	98.45	1108.6136	-3.34520		
337.7178	324.4740	115.3796	35.35830	81.08887	98.60	1086.4619	-3.34522		
344.3398	317.8521	115.4177	35.33270	81.02306	98.77	1064.3102	-3.34524		
350.9617	311.2302	115.4557	35.30706	80.95730	98.93	1042.1583	-3.34525		
357.5836	304.6083	115.4937	35.28139	80.89158	99.09	1020.0063	-3.34527		
364.2055	297.9863	115.5316	35.25568	80.82590	99.26	997.8542	-3.34529		
370.8274	291.3644	115.5695	35.22993	80.76026	99.43	975.7020	-3.34531		
377.4494	284.7425	115.6073	35.20415	80.69467	99.61	953.5495	-3.34534		
384.0713	278.1206	115.6451	35.17834	80.62911	99.79	931.3970	-3.34536		
390.6932	271.4986	115.6828	35.15249	80.56360	99.97	909.2443	-3.34539		

Table 9. (Continued)

DISTANCE IN KILOMETERS TO ORIGIN DESTINATION		AZIMUTH TO DESTINATION DEGREES		COORDINATES OF PATH LATITUDE DEGREES LONGITUDE DEGREES		FIELD STRENGTH IN DB RELATIVE TO 1 MICROVOLT/M		LOCATION OF MASTER (CAPE FEAR)		TIME DIFFERENCE MICROSECONDS		GRADIENT ALONG THE GEODETIC LINE MICROSECONDS/KM	
LAT=N36.615D		LAT=N34D 3.76M		LON=W77D 54.787M		MASTER		LON=W77D 54.787M		LON=W77D 54.787M			
N. CAROLINA-TENN. FLIGHT PLAN		N. CAROLINA-TENN. FLIGHT PLAN		N. CAROLINA-TENN. FLIGHT PLAN		N. CAROLINA-TENN. FLIGHT PLAN		N. CAROLINA-TENN. FLIGHT PLAN		N. CAROLINA-TENN. FLIGHT PLAN		N. CAROLINA-TENN. FLIGHT PLAN	
TO CAROLINA BEACH		TO CAROLINA BEACH		TO CAROLINA BEACH		TO CAROLINA BEACH		TO CAROLINA BEACH		TO CAROLINA BEACH		TO CAROLINA BEACH	
LON=W84.5000D		LON=W84.5000D		LON=W84.5000D		LON=W84.5000D		LON=W84.5000D		LON=W84.5000D		LON=W84.5000D	
RADIATED POWER (KILOWATTS)		RADIATED POWER (KILOWATTS)		RADIATED POWER (KILOWATTS)		RADIATED POWER (KILOWATTS)		RADIATED POWER (KILOWATTS)		RADIATED POWER (KILOWATTS)		RADIATED POWER (KILOWATTS)	
DIPOLE CURRENT MOMENT (AMPERE-METERS)		DIPOLE CURRENT MOMENT (AMPERE-METERS)		DIPOLE CURRENT MOMENT (AMPERE-METERS)		DIPOLE CURRENT MOMENT (AMPERE-METERS)		DIPOLE CURRENT MOMENT (AMPERE-METERS)		DIPOLE CURRENT MOMENT (AMPERE-METERS)		DIPOLE CURRENT MOMENT (AMPERE-METERS)	
403.9370		115.7205		35.12660		80.49813		100.15		887.0914		-3.34655	
410.5589		115.7581		35.10068		80.43270		100.34		864.9384		-3.34655	
423.8028		115.8333		35.04873		80.36731		100.53		842.7851		-3.34655	
430.4247		115.8708		35.02270		80.30196		100.92		798.4780		-3.34655	
443.6685		115.9082		34.99664		80.17139		101.13		776.3241		-3.34655	
450.2905		115.9456		34.97054		80.10617		101.34		754.1701		-3.34655	
456.9124		115.9829		34.94441		80.04099		101.55		732.0156		-3.34655	
470.1562		116.0202		34.91824		79.97585		101.77		709.8610		-3.34655	
476.7781		116.0575		34.89204		79.91075		101.99		687.7051		-3.34655	
483.4000		116.0947		34.86580		79.84569		102.22		665.5509		-3.34655	
490.0220		116.1319		34.83952		79.78067		102.46		643.3953		-3.34655	
496.6439		116.1690		34.81322		79.71570		102.71		621.2394		-3.34655	
503.2658		116.2060		34.78687		79.65076		102.96		599.0831		-3.34655	
509.8877		116.2430		34.76050		79.58587		103.22		576.9264		-3.34655	
516.5096		116.2800		34.73408		79.52102		103.49		554.7692		-3.34655	
523.1316		116.3169		34.70764		79.45621		103.78		532.6116		-3.34655	
529.7535		116.3538		34.68116		79.39144		104.07		510.4535		-3.34655	
536.3754		116.3906		34.65464		79.32671		104.37		488.2948		-3.34655	
549.6192		116.4274		34.62809		79.26203		104.69		466.1356		-3.34655	
556.2412		116.4641		34.60150		79.19738		105.03		443.9757		-3.34655	
562.8631		116.5008		34.57488		79.13278		105.37		421.8151		-3.34655	
569.4850		116.5374		34.54823		79.06822		105.74		399.6537		-3.34655	
576.1069		116.5740		34.52154		79.00369		106.13		377.4915		-3.34655	
582.7288		116.6105		34.49482		78.93921		106.55		355.3283		-3.34655	
589.3507		116.6470		34.46807		78.87478		106.99		333.1641		-3.34655	
		116.6834		34.44127		78.81038		107.46		310.9988		-3.34655	
		116.7198		34.41445		78.74602		107.96		288.8322		-3.34655	
		116.7561		34.38759		78.68170		108.51		266.6642		-3.34655	
		116.7924		34.36070		78.61743		109.11		244.4946		-3.34655	

Table 9. (Continued)

N. CAROLINA-TENNESSEE END POINT LAT=N36.615D LON=W84.5000D		NO. CAROLINA-TENN. FLIGHT PLAN TO CAROLINA BEACH LAT=N34D 3.76M LON=W77D 54.787M		LOCATION OF MASTER (CAPE FEAR)	
LAT=N34D 3.76M LON=W77D 54.787M		MASTER			
RADIATED POWER (KILOWATTS) DIPOLE CURRENT MOMENT (AMPERE-METERS)		400.000 9.7697+004			
DISTANCE IN KILOMETERS TO ORIGIN DESTINATION	AZIMUTH TO DESTINATION DEGREES	COORDINATES OF PATH LATITUDE DEGREES LONGITUDE DEGREES	FIELD STRENGTH IN DB RELATIVE TO 1 MICROVOLT/M	TIME DIFFERENCE MICROSECONDS	GRADIENT ALONG THE GEODETIC LINE MICROSECONDS/KM
595.9727	66.2192	34.33377	109.77	222.3231	-3.34851
602.5946	116.8287	34.30682	110.51	200.1496	-3.34887
609.2165	116.8648	34.27982	111.33	177.9737	-3.35513
615.8384	116.9010	34.25279	112.30	155.7563	-3.34933
622.4603	116.9371	34.22573	113.38	133.5772	-3.35011
629.0823	117.0091	34.19864	114.67	111.3931	-3.35108
635.7042	117.0451	34.17151	116.28	89.2025	-3.35226
642.3261	117.0810	34.14435	118.40	67.0041	-3.35358
648.9480	117.1169	34.11716	121.46	44.7969	-3.35312
655.5699	117.1527	34.08993	126.85	22.5928	-2.65675
662.1918	0.0000	34.06267	550.91	5.0000	0.00000

Table 10.

HOMOGENEOUS CASE
KDEL= 0
F= 1.00000000+002 KHZ
SIGMA= 5.00000000+000
E2= 9.00000000+001
ALFA= 1.00000000+000
ETA= 1.00010000+000
BORA= 0.00000000+000
AVN= 0.00000000+000
H2= 0.00000000+000

Table 10. (Continued)

N. CAROLINA-TENN. FLIGHT PLAN TO CAROLINA REACH		LOCATION OF MASTER (CAPE FEAR)		GRADIENT ALONG THE GEODETIC LINE MICROSECONDS/KM			
LAT=N34.6150	LON=W77D 54.787M	LAT=N34D 3.76M	LON=W77D 54.787M				
NO. CAROLINA-TENN. FLIGHT PLAN TO CAROLINA REACH		LOCATION OF MASTER (CAPE FEAR)		GRADIENT ALONG THE GEODETIC LINE MICROSECONDS/KM			
LAT=N34.6150	LON=W77D 54.787M	LAT=N34D 3.76M	LON=W77D 54.787M				
DISTANCE IN KILOMETERS TO ORIGIN DESTINATION	AZIMUTH TO DESTINATION DEGREES	COORDINATES OF PATH LATITUDE DEGREES	LONGITUDE DEGREES	FIELD STRENGTH IN DB RELATIVE TO 1 MICROVOLT/M	TIME DIFFERENCE MICROSECONDS		
RADIATED POWER (KILOWATTS) DIPOLE CURRENT MOMENT (AMPERE-METERS)		MASTER 400.000 9.7687+004					
0.0000	662.1918	113.3747	36.61500	84.50000	78.11	2210.3290	-3.33838
6.6219	655.5699	113.4152	36.59131	84.43207	78.30	2188.2224	-3.33838
13.2438	648.9480	113.4557	36.56757	84.36419	78.49	2166.1160	-3.33838
19.8658	642.3261	113.4961	36.54380	84.29635	78.69	2144.0096	-3.33837
26.4877	635.7042	113.5365	36.51999	84.22855	78.88	2121.9031	-3.33837
33.1096	629.0823	113.5768	36.49614	84.16079	79.07	2099.7967	-3.33836
39.7315	622.4603	113.6170	36.47225	84.09317	79.27	2077.6903	-3.33836
46.3534	615.8384	113.6573	36.44832	84.02540	79.46	2055.5840	-3.33836
52.9754	609.2165	113.6974	36.42436	83.95776	79.66	2033.4777	-3.33835
59.5973	602.5946	113.7375	36.40036	83.89017	79.86	2011.3714	-3.33835
66.2192	595.9727	113.7776	36.37631	83.82262	80.05	1989.2651	-3.33834
72.8411	589.3507	113.8176	36.35223	83.75511	80.25	1967.1588	-3.33834
79.4630	582.7288	113.8576	36.32812	83.68765	80.45	1945.0527	-3.33834
86.0849	576.1069	113.8976	36.30396	83.62022	80.65	1922.9465	-3.33833
92.7069	569.4850	113.9374	36.27976	83.55284	80.85	1900.8403	-3.33833
99.3288	562.8631	113.9773	36.25553	83.48549	81.05	1878.7342	-3.33832
105.9507	556.2412	114.0171	36.23126	83.41819	81.25	1856.6281	-3.33832
112.5726	549.6192	114.0568	36.20695	83.35093	81.45	1834.5221	-3.33831
119.1945	542.9973	114.0965	36.18261	83.28371	81.66	1812.4160	-3.33830
125.8165	536.3754	114.1362	36.15822	83.21654	81.86	1790.3101	-3.33830
132.4384	529.7535	114.1758	36.13380	83.14940	82.07	1768.2041	-3.33829
139.0603	523.1316	114.2153	36.10934	83.08231	82.27	1746.0982	-3.33829
145.6822	516.5096	114.2548	36.08484	83.01526	82.48	1723.9923	-3.33828
152.3041	509.8877	114.2943	36.06031	82.94826	82.68	1701.8865	-3.33827
158.9260	503.2658	114.3337	36.03574	82.88128	82.89	1679.7808	-3.33827
165.5480	496.6439	114.3730	36.01113	82.81435	83.10	1657.6750	-3.33826
172.1699	490.0220	114.4123	35.98668	82.74747	83.31	1635.5692	-3.33825
178.7918	483.4001	114.4516	35.96179	82.68063	83.52	1613.4637	-3.33825
185.4137	476.7781	114.4908	35.93707	82.61382	83.73	1591.3581	-3.33824
192.0356	470.1562	114.5300	35.91231	82.54706	83.95	1569.2525	-3.33823

Table 10. (Continued)

DISTANCE IN KILOMETERS TO ORIGIN DESTINATION		AZIMUTH TO DESTINATION DEGREES		COORDINATES OF PATH LATITUDE LONGITUDE DEGREES		FIELD STRENGTH IN DB RELATIVE TO 1 MICROVOLT/M		TIME DIFFERENCE MICROSECONDS		GRADIENT ALONG THE GEODETIC LINE MICROSECONDS/KM	
N. CAROLINA-TENN. FLIGHT PLAN TO CAROLINA BEACH LAT=N36.615D LON=W86.5000D		LAT=N34D 3.76M		LON=W77D 54.787M		LOCATION OF MASTER (CAPE FEAR)		LON=W77D 54.787M			
RADIATED POWER (KILOWATTS) DIPOL CURRENT MOMENT (AMPERE-METERS)		MASTER 400.000 9.7687+004									
19A.6576	463.5343	114.5691	35.88752	82.48035	84.16	1547.1470	-3.33822				
205.2795	456.9124	114.6042	35.86258	82.41367	84.38	1525.0416	-3.33822				
211.9014	450.2905	114.6472	35.83781	82.34703	84.59	1502.9362	-3.33821				
218.5233	443.6685	114.6862	35.81290	82.28044	84.81	1480.8309	-3.33820				
225.1452	437.0466	114.7251	35.78796	82.21389	85.03	1458.7256	-3.33819				
231.7671	430.4247	114.7640	35.76298	82.14738	85.25	1436.6204	-3.33818				
238.3891	423.8028	114.8028	35.73796	82.08091	85.47	1414.5152	-3.33817				
245.0110	417.1809	114.8416	35.71290	82.01448	85.70	1392.4101	-3.33816				
251.6329	410.5590	114.8804	35.68781	81.94810	85.92	1370.3051	-3.33815				
258.2548	403.9370	114.9191	35.66268	81.88175	86.15	1348.2000	-3.33814				
264.8767	397.3151	114.9577	35.63752	81.81545	86.38	1326.0952	-3.33813				
271.4997	390.6932	114.9963	35.61231	81.74919	86.61	1303.9903	-3.33812				
278.1266	384.0713	115.0349	35.58708	81.68297	86.84	1281.8856	-3.33811				
284.7455	377.4493	115.0734	35.56180	81.61679	87.08	1259.7808	-3.33810				
291.3644	370.8274	115.1118	35.53649	81.55056	87.31	1237.6762	-3.33809				
297.9843	364.2055	115.1502	35.51114	81.48456	87.55	1215.5716	-3.33808				
304.6043	357.5836	115.1886	35.48576	81.41851	87.79	1193.4672	-3.33806				
311.2362	350.9617	115.2269	35.46034	81.35250	88.03	1171.3628	-3.33805				
317.8521	344.3398	115.2651	35.43488	81.28653	88.28	1149.2585	-3.33804				
324.4740	337.7178	115.3033	35.40939	81.22060	88.53	1127.1542	-3.33803				
331.0959	331.0959	115.3415	35.38386	81.15471	88.78	1105.0501	-3.33801				
337.7178	324.4740	115.3796	35.35830	81.08847	89.03	1082.9460	-3.33800				
344.3398	317.8521	115.4177	35.33270	81.02306	89.28	1060.8421	-3.33799				
350.9617	311.2362	115.4557	35.30706	80.95730	89.54	1038.7382	-3.33797				
357.5836	304.6043	115.4937	35.28139	80.89158	89.81	1016.6344	-3.33796				
364.2055	297.9843	115.5316	35.25568	80.82590	90.07	994.5308	-3.33794				
370.8274	291.3644	115.5695	35.22993	80.76026	90.34	972.4272	-3.33793				
377.4494	284.7425	115.6073	35.20415	80.69467	90.61	950.3237	-3.33791				
384.0713	278.1266	115.6451	35.17834	80.62911	90.89	928.2203	-3.33789				
390.6932	271.4986	115.6828	35.15249	80.56360	91.17	906.1171	-3.33788				

Table 10. (Continued)

DISTANCE IN KILOMETERS TO ORIGIN DESTINATION		AZIMUTH TO DESTINATION DEGREES		COORDINATES OF PATH LATITUDE LONGITUDE DEGREES		FIELD STRENGTH IN DB RELATIVE TO 1 MICROVOLT/M		TIME DIFFERENCE MICROSECONDS		GRADIENT ALONG THE GEODETIC LINE MICROSECONDS/KM	
N. CAROLINA-TENN. FLIGHT PLAN TO CAROLINA BEACH N. CAROLINA-TENNESSEE END POINT TO LAT=N34D 3.76M LAT=N36.615D LON=W84.5000D LON=W77D 54.787M LOCATION OF MASTER (CAPE FEAR) MASTER 400,000 RADIATED POWER (KILOWATTS) 9.7687+004 DIPOL CURRENT MOMENT (AMPERE-METERS)											
397.3151	264.8767	115.7205	80.49813	91.45	884.0139	-3.33786					
403.9370	258.2548	115.7581	80.43270	91.74	861.9110	-3.33784					
410.5599	251.6329	115.7957	80.36731	92.04	839.8080	-3.33782					
417.1850	245.0110	115.8333	80.30196	92.34	817.7052	-3.33780					
423.8028	238.3891	115.8708	80.23666	92.64	795.6026	-3.33778					
430.4247	231.7671	115.9082	80.17139	92.95	773.5000	-3.33776					
437.0466	225.1452	115.9456	80.10617	93.27	751.3977	-3.33774					
443.6695	218.5233	115.9829	80.04099	93.59	729.2954	-3.33772					
450.2905	211.9014	116.0202	79.97545	93.92	707.1933	-3.33770					
456.9124	205.2795	116.0575	79.91075	94.26	685.0914	-3.33767					
463.5343	198.6576	116.0947	79.84569	94.61	662.9896	-3.33765					
470.1562	192.0356	116.1319	79.78067	94.96	640.8879	-3.33762					
476.7781	185.4137	116.1690	79.71570	95.32	618.7865	-3.33760					
483.4000	178.7918	116.2060	79.65076	95.70	596.6852	-3.33757					
490.0220	172.1699	116.2430	79.58587	96.08	574.5840	-3.33754					
496.6439	165.5480	116.2800	79.52102	96.48	552.4831	-3.33752					
503.2658	158.9260	116.3169	79.45621	96.89	530.3823	-3.33748					
509.8877	152.3041	116.3538	79.39144	97.31	508.2818	-3.33745					
516.5096	145.6822	116.3906	79.32671	97.75	486.1814	-3.33742					
523.1316	139.0603	116.4274	79.26203	98.21	464.0813	-3.33738					
529.7535	132.4384	116.4641	79.19738	98.68	441.9814	-3.33735					
536.3754	125.8164	116.5008	79.13278	99.18	419.8818	-3.33731					
542.9973	119.1945	116.5374	79.06822	99.69	397.7824	-3.33726					
549.6192	112.5726	116.5740	79.00369	100.24	375.6833	-3.33722					
556.2412	105.9507	116.6105	78.93921	100.81	353.5845	-3.33717					
562.8631	99.3288	116.6470	78.87478	101.41	331.4861	-3.33711					
569.4850	92.7069	116.6834	78.81038	102.05	309.3880	-3.33705					
576.1069	86.0849	116.7198	78.74602	102.74	287.2903	-3.33698					
582.7288	79.4630	116.7561	78.68170	103.47	265.1931	-3.33690					
589.3507	72.8411	116.7924	78.61743	104.27	243.0964	-3.33680					

Table 10. (Continued)

N. CAROLINA-TENNESSEE END POINT		NO. CAROLINA-TENN. FLIGHT PLAN		TO CAROLINA BEACH		LOCATION OF MASTER (CAPE FEAR)	
LAT=N36.6150		LAT=N34D 3.764		LOE=W77D 54.787M		LOE=W77D 54.787M	
LON=W84.5000D		LAT=N34D 3.764		LOE=W77D 54.787M		LOE=W77D 54.787M	
RADIATED POWER (KILOWATTS)		MASTFR		TIME DIFFERENCE		GRAIENT ALONG	
DIPOLF CURRENT MOMENT (AMPERE-METERS)		400.000		MICROSECONDS		THE GEODETIC LINE	
9.7687+004		9.7687+004		MICROSECONDS		MICROSECONDS/KM	
DISTANCE IN	COORDINATES OF PATH	FIELD STRENGTH IN	TIME	GRAIENT ALONG	TIME	GRAIENT ALONG	TIME
KILOMETERS TO	LATITUDE LONGITUDE	OR RELATIVE TO	DIFFERENCE	THE GEODETIC LINE	DIFFERENCE	THE GEODETIC LINE	DIFFERENCE
ORIGIN DESTINATION	DEGREES	1 MICROVOLT/M	MICROSECONDS	MICROSECONDS/KM	MICROSECONDS	MICROSECONDS/KM	MICROSECONDS
595.9727	116.6247	78.55320	105.13	221.0004	-3.33669	221.0004	-3.33669
602.5946	116.8648	78.48900	106.08	198.9051	-3.33654	198.9051	-3.33654
609.2165	116.7010	78.42485	107.13	176.2108	-3.34342	176.2108	-3.34342
615.8384	116.9371	78.36074	108.46	154.6710	-3.33579	154.6710	-3.33579
622.4673	116.4731	78.29667	109.80	132.5816	-3.33565	132.5816	-3.33565
629.0823	117.0091	78.19864	111.38	110.4932	-3.33539	110.4932	-3.33539
635.7042	117.0451	78.17151	113.32	88.4065	-3.33485	88.4065	-3.33485
642.3261	117.0810	78.14435	115.82	66.3235	-3.33346	66.3235	-3.33346
648.9480	117.1169	78.11716	119.33	44.2496	-3.32775	44.2496	-3.32775
655.5699	117.1527	77.97694	125.34	22.2134	-2.59947	22.2134	-2.59947
662.1918	117.1884	77.91312	550.91	5.0000	0.00000	5.0000	0.00000

Table II.

HOMOGENEOUS CASE

KDEL= 1
 F= 1.000000000+002 KHZ
 SIGMA= 5.000000000+000
 EP= 8.000000000+001
 ALFA= 1.000000000+000
 ETA= 1.000100000+000
 BORA= 3.000000000+002
 ANNE= 3.000000000-007
 H2= 0.000000000+000

Table II. (Continued)

N. CAROLINA-TENNESSEE END POINT		NO. CAROLINA-TE-IN. FLIGHT PLAN TO CAROLINA BEACH		LOCATION OF MASTER (CAPE FEAR)			
LAT=N36.6150		LON=W77D 56.787M		LAT=N34D 3.76M		LON=W77D 54.787M	
DISTANCE IN KILOMETERS TO ORIGIN DESTINATION		AZIMUTH TO DESTINATION DEGREES		COORDINATES OF PATH LATITUDE DEGREES LONGITUDE DEGREES		FIELD STRENGTH IN DB RELATIVE TO 1 MICROVOLT/M	
				DEGREES		MICROSECONDS	
				LONGITUDE DEGREES		DIFFERENCE THE GEODETIC LINE MICROSECONDS/KM	
				DEGREES		MICROSECONDS	
				DEGREES		DIFFERENCE THE GEODETIC LINE MICROSECONDS/KM	
0.0000	652.1918	113.3747	84.50000	95.60	2214.8004	-3.34341	
6.6219	555.5699	113.4152	84.43287	95.67	2192.6605	-3.34341	
13.2434	548.9480	113.4557	84.36419	95.75	2170.5208	-3.34341	
19.8658	542.3291	113.4961	84.29635	95.82	2148.3811	-3.34341	
26.4877	535.7062	113.5365	84.22855	95.89	2126.2413	-3.34341	
33.1096	529.0823	113.5768	84.16079	95.96	2104.1015	-3.34341	
39.7315	522.4603	113.6170	84.09387	96.04	2081.9617	-3.34341	
46.3534	515.8384	113.6573	84.02540	96.11	2059.8220	-3.34341	
52.9754	509.2165	113.6974	83.95776	96.18	2037.6821	-3.34341	
50.5971	502.5946	113.7375	83.89017	96.26	2015.5423	-3.34341	
66.2192	595.9727	113.7776	83.82262	96.33	1993.4025	-3.34341	
72.8411	589.3507	113.8176	83.75511	96.41	1971.2627	-3.34342	
79.4630	582.7288	113.8576	83.68765	96.49	1949.1229	-3.34342	
86.0849	576.1069	113.8976	83.62022	96.57	1926.9830	-3.34342	
92.7069	569.4850	113.9374	83.55284	96.64	1904.8432	-3.34342	
99.3288	562.8631	113.9773	83.48549	96.72	1882.7034	-3.34342	
105.9507	556.2412	114.0171	83.41819	96.80	1860.5635	-3.34342	
112.5726	549.6192	114.0568	83.35083	96.88	1838.4236	-3.34342	
119.1945	542.9973	114.0965	83.28371	96.96	1816.2837	-3.34343	
125.8165	536.3754	114.1362	83.21654	97.04	1794.1438	-3.34343	
132.4384	529.7535	114.1758	83.14946	97.13	1772.0040	-3.34343	
139.0603	523.1316	114.2153	83.08231	97.21	1749.8640	-3.34343	
145.6822	516.5096	114.2548	83.01526	97.29	1727.7241	-3.34343	
152.3041	509.8877	114.2943	82.94825	97.38	1705.5841	-3.34344	
158.9260	503.2658	114.3337	82.88128	97.46	1683.4442	-3.34344	
165.5480	496.6439	114.3730	82.81435	97.55	1661.3042	-3.34344	
172.1699	490.0220	114.4123	82.74747	97.64	1639.1642	-3.34344	
178.7918	483.4001	114.4516	82.68053	97.72	1617.0242	-3.34345	
185.4137	476.7781	114.4908	82.61382	97.81	1594.8842	-3.34345	
192.0356	470.1562	114.5300	82.54706	97.90	1572.7441	-3.34345	

Table 11. (Continued)

N. CAROLINA-TEMPESSEE END POINT LAT=N36.615D LON=W84.5000D		NO. CAROLINA-TENN. FLIGHT PLAN TO CAROLINA BEACH TO LAT=N34D 3.76M LON=W77D 54.787M		LOCATION OF MASTER (CAPE FEAR)		GRADIENT ALONG THE GEODETIC LINE MICROSECONDS/KM	
LAT=N34D 3.76M LON=W77D 54.787M		MASTER 400.000 9.7687+004		TIME DIFFERENCE MICROSECONDS		TIME DIFFERENCE MICROSECONDS	
RADIATED POWER (KILOWATTS) DIPOLE CURRENT MOMENT (AMPERE-METERS)		COORDINATES OF PATH LATITUDE LONGITUDE DEGREES DEGREES		FIELD STRENGTH IN DB RELATIVE TO 1 MICROVOLT/M		TIME DIFFERENCE MICROSECONDS	
DISTANCE IN KILOMETERS TO ORIGIN DESTINATION		AZIMUTH TO DESTINATION DEGREES		COORDINATES OF PATH LATITUDE LONGITUDE DEGREES DEGREES		TIME DIFFERENCE MICROSECONDS	
198.6576	463.5343	114.5691	82.48035	97.99	1550.4040	-3.34346	
205.2795	456.9124	114.6082	82.41367	98.09	1528.4640	-3.34346	
211.9014	450.2905	114.6472	82.34703	98.18	1506.3238	-3.34346	
218.5233	443.6685	114.6862	82.28044	98.27	1484.1837	-3.34347	
225.1452	437.0466	114.7251	82.21389	98.37	1462.0436	-3.34347	
231.7671	430.4247	114.7640	82.14734	98.46	1439.9034	-3.34347	
238.3901	423.8024	114.8028	82.08091	98.56	1417.7631	-3.34348	
245.0110	417.1809	114.8416	82.01448	98.66	1395.6229	-3.34348	
251.6329	410.5590	114.8804	81.94810	98.76	1373.4827	-3.34349	
258.2548	403.9370	114.9191	81.88175	98.86	1351.3423	-3.34349	
264.8767	397.3151	114.9577	81.81545	98.97	1329.2021	-3.34350	
271.4987	390.6932	114.9963	81.74919	99.07	1307.0616	-3.34350	
278.1206	384.0713	115.0349	81.68297	99.18	1284.9213	-3.34351	
284.7425	377.4493	115.0734	81.61679	99.28	1262.7808	-3.34352	
291.3644	370.8274	115.1118	81.55066	99.39	1240.6403	-3.34352	
297.9863	364.2055	115.1502	81.48456	99.50	1218.4997	-3.34353	
304.6083	357.5836	115.1886	81.41851	99.62	1196.3592	-3.34354	
311.2302	350.9617	115.2269	81.35250	99.73	1174.2185	-3.34354	
317.8521	344.3398	115.2653	81.28653	99.85	1152.0778	-3.34355	
324.4740	337.7178	115.3033	81.22050	99.97	1129.9371	-3.34356	
331.0959	331.0959	115.3415	81.15471	100.09	1107.7963	-3.34357	
337.7178	324.4740	115.3796	81.08887	100.21	1085.6554	-3.34358	
344.3398	317.8521	115.4177	81.02306	100.33	1063.5145	-3.34359	
350.9617	311.2302	115.4557	80.95730	100.46	1041.3735	-3.34360	
357.5836	304.6083	115.4937	80.89158	100.59	1019.2325	-3.34362	
364.2055	297.9863	115.5316	80.82508	100.72	997.0913	-3.34363	
370.8274	291.3644	115.5695	80.76026	100.86	974.9501	-3.34364	
377.4493	284.7425	115.6073	80.69467	101.00	952.8088	-3.34366	
384.0713	278.1206	115.6451	80.62911	101.14	930.6673	-3.34367	
390.6932	271.4986	115.6828	80.56360	101.28	908.5259	-3.34369	

Table 11. (Continued)

N. CAROLINA-TENNESSEE FLIGHT PLAN
TO CAROLINA BEACH
LAT=N36.6150 LON=W84.5000

N. CAROLINA-TENNESSEE END POINT
TO LAT=N34 3.76M
LON=W77 54.787M

LOCATION OF MASTER (CAPF FEAR)
MASTER
400.000
9.7687+004

DISTANCE IN KILOMETERS TO ORIGIN DESTINATION	AZIMUTH TO DESTINATION DEGREES	COORDINATES OF PATH		FIELD STRENGTH IN DB RELATIVE TO 1 MICROVOLT/M	TIME DIFFERENCE MICROSECONDS	GRADIENT ALONG THE GEODETIC LINE MICROSECONDS/KM
		LATITUDE DEGREES	LONGITUDE DEGREES			
397.3151	264.8767	35.12660	80.49813	101.43	886.3842	-3.34370
403.9370	258.2548	35.10068	80.43270	101.58	864.2425	-3.34372
410.5589	251.4329	35.07472	80.36791	101.74	842.1007	-3.34374
417.1809	245.0110	35.04873	80.30196	101.90	819.9587	-3.34376
423.8028	238.3891	35.02270	80.23666	102.06	797.8166	-3.34378
430.4247	231.7671	34.99664	80.17139	102.23	775.6743	-3.34381
437.0466	225.1452	34.97054	80.10617	102.40	753.5320	-3.34383
443.6685	218.5233	34.94441	80.04049	102.58	731.3894	-3.34386
450.2905	211.9014	34.91824	79.97585	102.77	709.2466	-3.34389
456.9124	205.2795	34.89204	79.91075	102.95	687.1037	-3.34392
463.5343	198.6576	34.86580	79.84569	103.15	664.9605	-3.34395
470.1562	192.0356	34.83952	79.78067	103.36	642.8172	-3.34398
476.7791	185.4137	34.81322	79.71570	103.57	620.6736	-3.34402
483.4020	178.7918	34.78687	79.65076	103.79	598.5298	-3.34406
490.0220	172.1699	34.76050	79.58587	104.01	576.3856	-3.34411
496.6439	165.5480	34.73408	79.52102	104.25	554.2412	-3.34415
503.2658	158.9260	34.70764	79.45621	104.50	532.0965	-3.34421
509.8877	152.3041	34.68116	79.39144	104.76	509.9515	-3.34426
516.5096	145.6822	34.65464	79.32671	105.03	487.8060	-3.34432
523.1316	139.0603	34.62809	79.26203	105.31	465.6602	-3.34439
529.7535	132.4384	34.60150	79.19738	105.61	443.5139	-3.34446
536.3754	125.8164	34.57488	79.13278	105.93	421.3671	-3.34454
542.9973	119.1945	34.54823	79.06822	106.26	399.2198	-3.34463
549.6192	112.5726	34.52154	79.00369	106.62	377.0719	-3.34473
556.2412	105.9507	34.49482	78.93921	107.00	354.9234	-3.34484
562.8631	99.3288	34.46807	78.87478	107.41	332.7741	-3.34496
569.4850	92.7069	34.44127	78.81038	107.85	310.6261	-3.34509
576.1069	86.0849	34.41445	78.74602	108.32	288.4732	-3.34524
582.7288	79.4630	34.38759	78.68170	108.84	266.3213	-3.34541
589.3507	72.8411	34.36070	78.61743	109.41	244.1683	-3.34559

Table II. (Continued)

LAT=N36.615D		N. CAROLINA- TENNESSEE END POINT		NO. CAROLINA- TENN. FLIGHT PLAN		TO CAROLINA REACH		LON=W77D 54.787M	
LAT=N34D 3.76M		LON=W77D 54.787M		LOCATION OF MASTER (CAPE FEAR)		MASTER			
RADIATED POWER (KILOWATTS)		DIPOLF CURRENT MOMENT (AMPERE-METERS)		FIELD STRENGTH IN DB RELATIVE TO 1 MICROVOLT/M		TIME DIFFERENCE MICROSECONDS		GRADIENT ALONG THE GEODETIC LINE MICROSECONDS/KM	
DISTANCE IN KILOMETERS TO ORIGIN	DISTANCE IN KILOMETERS TO DESTINATION	AZIMUTH TO DESTINATION DEGREES	COORDINATES OF PATH LATITUDE DEGREES	LONGITUDE DEGREES	FIELD STRENGTH IN DB RELATIVE TO 1 MICROVOLT/M	TIME DIFFERENCE MICROSECONDS	GRADIENT ALONG THE GEODETIC LINE MICROSECONDS/KM		
595.9727	66.2192	116.8287	34.33377	78.55320	110.04	222.0141	-3.34581		
602.5946	59.5973	116.8648	34.30682	78.48970	110.74	199.8584	-3.34605		
609.2145	52.9753	116.9010	34.27982	78.42485	111.53	177.7011	-3.35195		
615.8384	46.3534	116.9371	34.25279	78.36074	112.49	155.5048	-3.34623		
622.4603	39.7315	116.9731	34.22573	78.29667	113.54	133.3463	-3.34679		
629.0823	33.1096	117.0091	34.19864	78.23264	114.80	111.1841	-3.34746		
635.7042	26.4877	117.0451	34.17151	78.16866	116.38	89.0175	-3.34824		
642.3261	19.8658	117.0810	34.14435	78.10471	118.47	66.8457	-3.34892		
648.9480	13.2434	117.1169	34.11716	78.04081	121.50	44.6694	-3.34722		
655.5699	6.6219	117.1527	34.08993	77.97694	126.87	22.5043	-2.64339		
662.1918	0.0000	117.1884	34.06267	77.91312	550.91	5.0000	0.00000		

Table 12.

HOMOGENEOUS CASE

KDEL= 0
F= 1.000000000+002 KHZ
SIGMA= 5.000000000-003
E2= 1.500000000+001
ALFA= 1.000000000+000
ETA= 1.000100000+000
BORR= 0.000000000+000
ANN= 0.000000000+000
H2= 0.000000000+000

Table 12. (Continued)

PENNSYLVANIA END POINT LAT=N42.000D LON=W77.965D		PENNSYLVANIA FLIGHT PLAN TO CAROLINA BFACH TO LAT=N34D 3.76M LON=W77D 54.787M		LOCATION OF MASTER (CAPE FEAR)		GRADIENT ALONG THE GEODETIC LINE MICROSECONDS/KM	
LAT=N34D 3M 45.61S LON=W77D 54M 47.20S		MASTER 400.000 9.7687+004		FIELD STRENGTH IN DB RELATIVE TO 1 MICROVOLT/M		DIFFERENCE MICROSECONDS	
DISTANCE IN KILOMETERS TO ORIGIN DESTINATION	AZIMUTH TO DESTINATION DEGREES	COORDINATES OF PATH LATITUDE DEGREES	LONGITUDE DEGREES	DIFFERENCE IN DB RELATIVE TO 1 MICROVOLT/M	FIELD STRENGTH IN DB RELATIVE TO 1 MICROVOLT/M	DIFFERENCE MICROSECONDS	GRADIENT ALONG THE GEODETIC LINE MICROSECONDS/KM
0.0000	881.0159	42.00000	77.96500	70.09	2944.0444	-3.34099	-3.34099
8.8102	872.2058	41.92068	77.96443	70.34	2914.6098	-3.34099	-3.34099
17.6203	863.3956	41.84136	77.96384	70.59	2885.1752	-3.34098	-3.34098
26.4305	854.5855	41.76204	77.96327	70.84	2855.7406	-3.34098	-3.34098
35.2406	845.7753	41.68272	77.96269	71.09	2826.3060	-3.34098	-3.34098
44.0508	836.9651	41.60340	77.96212	71.34	2796.8714	-3.34098	-3.34098
52.8610	828.1550	41.52407	77.96155	71.59	2767.4368	-3.34098	-3.34098
61.6711	819.3448	41.44474	77.96098	71.84	2738.0023	-3.34098	-3.34098
70.4813	810.5347	41.36542	77.96041	72.09	2708.5677	-3.34098	-3.34098
79.2914	801.7245	41.28609	77.95984	72.35	2679.1332	-3.34098	-3.34098
88.1016	792.9143	41.20676	77.95927	72.60	2649.6987	-3.34097	-3.34097
96.9118	784.1042	41.12743	77.95871	72.85	2620.2641	-3.34097	-3.34097
105.7219	775.2940	41.04810	77.95814	73.11	2590.8296	-3.34097	-3.34097
114.5321	766.4839	40.96877	77.95758	73.36	2561.3951	-3.34097	-3.34097
123.3422	757.6737	40.88943	77.95702	73.62	2531.9607	-3.34097	-3.34097
132.1524	748.8635	40.81010	77.95646	73.88	2502.5262	-3.34097	-3.34097
140.9625	740.0534	40.73076	77.95590	74.13	2473.0918	-3.34096	-3.34096
149.7727	731.2432	40.65143	77.95534	74.39	2443.6573	-3.34096	-3.34096
158.5829	722.4331	40.57209	77.95479	74.65	2414.2229	-3.34096	-3.34096
167.3930	713.6229	40.49275	77.95423	74.91	2384.7885	-3.34096	-3.34096
176.2032	704.8128	40.41341	77.95368	75.17	2355.3541	-3.34096	-3.34096
185.0133	696.0026	40.33407	77.95313	75.43	2325.9197	-3.34096	-3.34096
193.8235	687.1924	40.25472	77.95258	75.69	2296.4854	-3.34095	-3.34095
202.6337	678.3823	40.17538	77.95203	75.95	2267.0510	-3.34095	-3.34095
211.4438	669.5721	40.09604	77.95148	76.22	2237.6167	-3.34095	-3.34095
220.2540	660.7620	40.01669	77.95093	76.49	2208.1824	-3.34095	-3.34095
229.0641	651.9518	39.93734	77.95039	76.75	2178.7481	-3.34095	-3.34095
237.8743	643.1416	39.85800	77.94984	77.02	2149.3138	-3.34095	-3.34095
246.6845	634.3315	39.77865	77.94930	77.29	2119.8796	-3.34094	-3.34094
255.4946	625.5213	39.69930	77.94875	77.56	2090.4453	-3.34094	-3.34094

Table 12. (Continued)

LAT=N42.000D		PENNSYLVANIA END POINT LON=W77.965D		PENNSYLVANIA FLIGHT PLAN TO CAROLINA BFACH TO LAT=N34D 3.76M		LOCATION OF MASTER (CAPE FEAR)		LON=W77D 54.787M	
LAT=N34D 3M 45.61S		LON=W77D 54M 47.20S		MASTER		LOCATION OF MASTER (CAPE FEAR)			
RADIATED POWER (KILOWATTS)		DIPOLE CURRENT MOMENT (AMPERE-METERS)		9.7687+004					
DISTANCE IN KILOMETERS TO ORIGIN DESTINATION	AZIMUTH TO DESTINATION DEGREES	COORDINATES OF PATH LATITUDE DEGREES	LONGITUDE DEGREES	FIELD STRENGTH IN DB RELATIVE TO 1 MICROVOLT/M	TIME DIFFERENCE MICROSECONDS	GRADIENT ALONG THE GEODETIC LINE MICROSECONDS/KM			
264.3048	179.6985	39.61995	77.94829	77.83	2061.0111	-3.34094			
273.1149	179.6988	39.54059	77.9476A	78.10	2031.5769	-3.34094			
281.9251	179.6992	39.46124	77.94714	78.37	2002.1427	-3.34094			
290.7353	179.6995	39.38189	77.94660	78.65	1972.7085	-3.34093			
299.5454	179.6998	39.30253	77.94607	78.93	1943.2744	-3.34093			
308.3556	179.7002	39.22317	77.94553	79.20	1913.8402	-3.34093			
317.1657	179.7005	39.14382	77.94500	79.48	1884.4061	-3.34093			
325.9759	179.7009	39.06446	77.94447	79.76	1854.9720	-3.34093			
334.7861	179.7012	38.98510	77.94394	80.04	1825.5379	-3.34092			
343.5962	179.7015	38.90574	77.94341	80.33	1794.1038	-3.34092			
352.4064	179.7019	38.82637	77.9428A	80.61	1764.6698	-3.34092			
361.2165	179.7022	38.74701	77.94235	80.90	1737.2357	-3.34092			
370.0267	179.7025	38.66765	77.94182	81.19	1707.9017	-3.34092			
378.8369	179.7028	38.58828	77.94130	81.48	1679.3677	-3.34092			
387.6470	179.7032	38.50891	77.94078	81.77	1649.9336	-3.34091			
396.4572	179.7035	38.42955	77.94025	82.06	1619.4997	-3.34091			
405.2673	179.7038	38.35018	77.93973	82.36	1590.0657	-3.34091			
414.0775	179.7041	38.27081	77.93921	82.66	1560.6317	-3.34091			
422.8877	179.7045	38.19144	77.93869	82.96	1531.1977	-3.34091			
431.6978	179.7048	38.11206	77.93817	83.27	1501.7638	-3.34091			
440.5080	179.7051	38.03269	77.9376A	83.57	1472.3298	-3.34091			
449.3181	179.7054	37.95332	77.93714	83.88	1442.8959	-3.34091			
458.1283	179.7057	37.87394	77.93663	84.19	1413.4619	-3.34091			
466.9384	179.7060	37.79457	77.93611	84.51	1384.0280	-3.34091			
475.7486	179.7064	37.71519	77.93560	84.83	1354.5941	-3.34091			
484.5588	179.7067	37.63581	77.93509	85.15	1325.1601	-3.34091			
493.3689	179.7070	37.55643	77.9345A	85.47	1295.7261	-3.34091			
502.1791	179.7073	37.47705	77.93404	85.80	1266.2922	-3.34091			
510.9892	179.7076	37.39767	77.9335A	86.13	1236.8582	-3.34092			
519.7994	179.7079	37.31828	77.93305	86.47	1207.4242	-3.34092			

Table 12. (Continued)

DISTANCE IN KILOMETERS TO ORIGIN DESTINATION		AZIMUTH TO DESTINATION DEGREES		COORDINATES OF PATH LATITUDE LONGITUDE DEGREES		FIELD STRENGTH IN DB RELATIVE TO 1 MICROVOLT/M		TIME DIFFERENCE MICROSECONDS		GRADIENT ALONG THE GEODETIC LINE MICROSECONDS/KM	
PENNSYLVANIA FLIGHT PLAN TO CAROLINA BFACH PENNSYLVANIA END POINT TO LAT=N340 3.76M LON=W77D 54.787M LAT=N42.000D LAT=N34D 3M 45.61S LON=W77D 54M 47.20S LOCATION OF MASTER (CAPE FEAR) MASTER 400.000 RADIATED POWER (KILOWATTS) 400.000 DIPOLE CURRENT MOMENT (AMPERE-METERS) 9.7687+004											
528.6096	352.4064	179.7082	37.23890	77.93255	86.81	1177.9902	-3.34092				
537.4197	343.5962	179.7085	37.15952	77.93204	87.16	1148.5561	-3.34093				
546.2299	334.7861	179.7088	37.08013	77.93154	87.51	1119.1220	-3.34093				
555.0400	325.9759	179.7091	37.00074	77.93103	87.86	1089.4879	-3.34094				
563.8502	317.1657	179.7094	36.92135	77.93053	88.23	1060.2537	-3.34095				
572.6604	308.3556	179.7097	36.84197	77.93003	88.59	1030.8195	-3.34096				
581.4705	299.5454	179.7100	36.76257	77.92953	88.96	1001.9852	-3.34098				
590.2807	290.7353	179.7103	36.68318	77.92903	89.34	971.9508	-3.34099				
599.0908	281.9251	179.7106	36.60379	77.92853	89.73	942.6164	-3.34121				
607.9010	273.1149	179.7109	36.52440	77.92804	90.13	913.0819					
616.7112	264.3044	179.7112	36.44500	77.92754	90.53	883.6473					
625.5213	255.4946	179.7115	36.36561	77.92705	90.94	854.2125					
634.3315	246.6845	179.7118	36.28621	77.92655	91.36	824.7776					
643.1416	237.8743	179.7121	36.20681	77.92606	91.79	795.3426					
651.9518	229.0641	179.7124	36.12741	77.92557	92.23	765.9075					
660.7620	220.2540	179.7127	36.04801	77.92508	92.68	736.4721					
669.5721	211.4438	179.7130	35.96861	77.92459	93.15	707.0365					
678.3823	202.6337	179.7133	35.88921	77.92410	93.63	677.6008					
687.1924	193.8235	179.7135	35.80981	77.92361	94.12	648.1647					
696.0026	185.0133	179.7138	35.73040	77.92313	94.53	618.7284					
704.8128	176.2032	179.7141	35.65100	77.92264	95.16	589.2918					
713.6229	167.3930	179.7144	35.57159	77.92215	95.71	559.9548					
722.4331	158.5829	179.7147	35.49218	77.92167	96.28	530.6174					
731.2432	149.7727	179.7149	35.41277	77.92119	96.88	501.2795					
740.0534	140.9626	179.7152	35.33336	77.92071	97.51	471.9412					
748.8636	132.1524	179.7155	35.25395	77.92022	98.17	442.6022					
757.6737	123.3422	179.7158	35.17454	77.91974	98.86	413.2626					
766.4839	114.5321	179.7161	35.09513	77.91926	99.60	383.9222					
775.2940	105.7219	179.7163	35.01572	77.91879	100.39	354.5810					
784.1042	96.9118	179.7166	34.93630	77.91831	101.24	324.3388					

Table 12. (Continued)

PENNSYLVANIA FLIGHT PLAN TO CAROLINA BFACH		PENNSYLVANIA END POINT TO LAT=N34D 3.76M		PENNSYLVANIA FLIGHT PLAN TO CAROLINA BFACH		PENNSYLVANIA END POINT TO LAT=N34D 3.76M	
LAT=N42.0000D		LAI=N34D 3M 45.61S		LON=W77D 54M 47.20S		LON=W77D 54.787M	
RADIATED POWER (KILOWATTS) DIPOLE CURRENT MOMENT (AMPERE-METERS)		COORDINATES OF PATH LATITUDE DEGREES		FIELD STRENGTH IN DB RELATIVE TO 1 MICROVOLT/M		TIME DIFFERENCE MICROSECONDS	
DISTANCE IN KILOMETERS TO ORIGIN DESTINATION		AZIMUTH TO DESTINATION DEGREES		FIELD STRENGTH IN DB RELATIVE TO 1 MICROVOLT/M		TIME DIFFERENCE MICROSECONDS	
792.9143	88.1016	179.7169	34.85688	77.91783	102.16	294.4954	-3.34213
801.7245	79.2914	179.7171	34.77747	77.91734	103.16	265.4507	-3.34230
810.5347	70.4813	179.7174	34.69805	77.91688	104.28	234.0045	-3.34251
819.3448	61.6711	179.7177	34.61863	77.91641	105.52	204.5565	-3.34274
828.1550	52.8610	179.7180	34.53921	77.91594	106.94	177.1064	-3.34849
836.9651	44.0508	179.7182	34.45979	77.91546	108.68	147.4057	-3.34308
845.7753	35.2406	179.7185	34.38037	77.91499	110.65	114.1526	-3.34380
854.5855	26.4305	179.7188	34.30094	77.91452	113.20	84.4932	-3.34461
863.3956	17.6203	179.7190	34.22152	77.91405	116.76	59.2267	-3.34447
872.2058	8.8102	179.7193	34.14209	77.91358	122.82	29.7615	-2.81029
881.0159	0.0000	179.7195	34.06267	77.91312	322.32	5.0024	0.00000

Table 13.

HOMOGENEOUS CASE

KDEL= 1
F= 1.000000000+002 KHZ
SIGMA= 5.000000000-003
E2= 1.500000000+001
ALFA= 1.000000000+000
ETA= 1.000100000+000
BORA= 3.000000000+002
ANN= 3.000000000-007
H2= 0.000000000+000

Table 13. (Continued)

DISTANCE IN KILOMETERS TO ORIGIN DESTINATION		AZIMUTH TO DESTINATION DEGREES		COORDINATES OF PATH LATITUDE LONGITUDE DEGREES DEGREES		FIELD STRENGTH IN DB RELATIVE TO 1 MICROVOLT/M		TIME DIFFERENCE MICROSECONDS		GRADIENT ALONG THE GEODETIC LINE MICROSECONDS/KM	
0-0000	881.0159	179.44975	77.96500	88.73	2944.0653	-3.34487					
8-8102	872.2058	179.4879	77.96442	88.86	2918.5965	-3.34487					
17-6203	863.3956	179.6883	77.96384	88.99	2889.1277	-3.34487					
26-4305	854.5855	179.6887	77.96327	89.12	2859.6589	-3.34487					
35-2406	845.7753	179.6890	77.96269	89.25	2830.1900	-3.34487					
44-0508	836.9651	179.6894	77.96212	89.38	2800.7212	-3.34487					
52-8610	828.1550	179.6898	77.96155	89.51	2771.2524	-3.34487					
61-6711	819.3448	179.6902	77.96098	89.65	2741.7836	-3.34487					
70-4813	810.5347	179.6906	77.96041	89.78	2712.3147	-3.34487					
79-2914	801.7245	179.6909	77.95984	89.91	2682.8459	-3.34487					
88-1016	792.9143	179.6913	77.95927	90.05	2653.3770	-3.34487					
96-9118	784.1042	179.6917	77.95871	90.18	2623.9082	-3.34487					
105-7219	775.2940	179.6921	77.95814	90.32	2594.4393	-3.34488					
114-5321	766.4839	179.6924	77.95758	90.45	2564.9704	-3.34488					
123-3422	757.6737	179.6928	77.95702	90.59	2535.5015	-3.34488					
132-1524	748.8635	179.6932	77.95646	90.72	2504.0326	-3.34488					
140-9625	740.0534	179.6935	77.95590	90.86	2474.5637	-3.34488					
149-7727	731.2432	179.6939	77.95534	91.00	2447.0948	-3.34488					
158-5829	722.4331	179.6942	77.95479	91.14	2417.6258	-3.34488					
167-3930	713.6229	179.6946	77.95423	91.28	2388.1569	-3.34488					
176-2032	704.8128	179.6950	77.95368	91.42	2358.6879	-3.34489					
185-0133	696.0026	179.6953	77.95313	91.56	2329.2189	-3.34489					
193-8235	687.1924	179.6957	77.95258	91.70	2299.7499	-3.34489					
202-6337	678.3823	179.6960	77.95203	91.84	2270.2809	-3.34489					
211-4438	669.5721	179.6964	77.95148	91.98	2240.8119	-3.34489					
220-2540	660.7620	179.6967	77.95093	92.13	2211.3429	-3.34490					
229-0641	651.9518	179.6971	77.95039	92.27	2181.8738	-3.34490					
237-8743	643.1416	179.6974	77.94984	92.42	2152.4047	-3.34490					
246-6845	634.3315	179.6978	77.94930	92.56	2122.9356	-3.34490					
255-4946	625.5213	179.6981	77.94876	92.71	2093.4664	-3.34491					

Table 13. (Continued)

DISTANCE IN KILOMETERS TO ORIGIN DESTINATION		AZIMUTH TO DESTINATION DEGREES		COORDINATES OF PATH LATITUDE LONGITUDE DEGREES		FIELD STRENGTH IN DB RELATIVE TO 1 MICROVOLT/M		TIME DIFFERENCE MICROSECONDS		GRADIENT ALONG THE GEODETIC LINE MICROSECONDS/KM	
264.3048	616.7112	179.6985	39.61905	77.94822	92.86	2067.9973	-3.34491				
273.1149	607.9010	179.6988	39.54059	77.94768	93.01	2034.5281	-3.34491				
281.9251	599.0908	179.6992	39.46124	77.94714	93.16	2005.0589	-3.34492				
290.7353	590.2807	179.6995	39.38189	77.94660	93.31	1975.5897	-3.34492				
299.5454	581.4705	179.6998	39.30253	77.94607	93.46	1946.1204	-3.34492				
308.3556	572.6604	179.7002	39.22317	77.94553	93.77	1914.6511	-3.34493				
317.1657	563.8502	179.7005	39.14382	77.94500	93.77	1887.1818	-3.34493				
325.9759	555.0400	179.7009	39.06446	77.94447	93.92	1857.7124	-3.34493				
334.7861	546.2299	179.7012	38.98510	77.94394	94.08	1828.2430	-3.34494				
343.5962	537.4197	179.7015	38.90574	77.94341	94.24	1799.7735	-3.34494				
352.4064	528.6096	179.7019	38.82637	77.94288	94.40	1769.3041	-3.34495				
361.2165	519.7994	179.7022	38.74701	77.94235	94.56	1739.8345	-3.34495				
370.0267	510.9892	179.7025	38.66765	77.94182	94.72	1710.3649	-3.34496				
378.8369	502.1791	179.7028	38.58828	77.94130	94.88	1680.8953	-3.34497				
387.6470	493.3689	179.7032	38.50891	77.94078	95.05	1651.4256	-3.34497				
396.4572	484.5588	179.7035	38.42955	77.94025	95.21	1621.9559	-3.34498				
405.2673	475.7486	179.7038	38.35018	77.93973	95.38	1592.4861	-3.34499				
414.0775	466.9384	179.7041	38.27081	77.93921	95.55	1563.0162	-3.34500				
422.8877	458.1283	179.7045	38.19144	77.93869	95.72	1533.5462	-3.34500				
431.6978	449.3181	179.7048	38.11206	77.93817	95.90	1504.0762	-3.34501				
440.5080	440.5080	179.7051	38.03269	77.93766	96.07	1474.6061	-3.34502				
449.3181	431.6978	179.7054	37.95332	77.93714	96.25	1445.1360	-3.34503				
458.1283	422.8877	179.7057	37.87395	77.93663	96.43	1415.6657	-3.34504				
466.9384	414.0775	179.7060	37.79457	77.93611	96.61	1386.1953	-3.34505				
475.7486	405.2673	179.7064	37.71519	77.93560	96.79	1356.7249	-3.34507				
484.5588	396.4572	179.7067	37.63581	77.93509	96.98	1327.2543	-3.34508				
493.3689	387.6470	179.7070	37.55643	77.93458	97.17	1297.7836	-3.34509				
502.1791	378.8368	179.7073	37.47705	77.93407	97.36	1268.3129	-3.34511				
510.9892	370.0267	179.7076	37.39767	77.93356	97.55	1239.8419	-3.34512				
519.7994	361.2165	179.7079	37.31828	77.93305	97.75	1209.3709	-3.34514				

Table 13. (Continued)

LAT=N42.0000		PENNSYLVANIA END POINT LAT=N34D 3M 45.61S		PENNSYLVANIA FLIGHT PLAN TO CAROLINA BEACH TO LAT=N34D 3.76M		LOCATION OF MASTER (CAPE FEAR)		LON=W77D 54.787M	
DISTANCE IN KILOMETERS TO ORIGIN DESTINATION	AZIMUTH TO DESTINATION DEGREES	RADIATED POWER (KILOWATTS) DIPOLE CURRENT MOMENT (AMPERE-METERS)	COORDINATES OF PATH LATITUDE LONGITUDE DEGREES	FIELD STRENGTH IN DB RELATIVE TO 1 MICROVOLT/M	TIME DIFFERENCE MICROSECONDS	GRADIENT ALONG THE GEODETIC LINE MICROSECONDS/KM	MASTER 400.000 9.7687+004		
528.6096	352.4064	179.7082	37.23890	77.93255	97.95	1179.8997		-3.34516	
537.4197	343.5962	179.7085	37.15952	77.93204	98.15	1150.4283		-3.34517	
546.2299	334.7861	179.7088	37.08013	77.93154	98.34	1120.9568		-3.34520	
555.0400	325.9759	179.7091	37.00074	77.93103	98.57	1091.4851		-3.34522	
563.8502	317.1657	179.7094	36.92135	77.93053	98.78	1062.0132		-3.34524	
572.6604	308.3556	179.7097	36.84197	77.93003	99.00	1032.5411		-3.34526	
581.4705	299.5454	179.7100	36.76257	77.92953	99.22	1003.0688		-3.34529	
590.2807	290.7353	179.7103	36.68318	77.92903	99.45	973.5962		-3.34532	
599.0908	281.9251	179.7106	36.60379	77.92853	99.68	944.1234		-3.34535	
607.9010	273.1149	179.7109	36.52440	77.92804	99.92	914.6503		-3.34538	
616.7112	264.3049	179.7112	36.44500	77.92754	100.17	885.1770		-3.34542	
625.5213	255.4946	179.7115	36.36561	77.92705	100.42	855.7033		-3.34546	
634.3315	246.6845	179.7118	36.28621	77.92655	100.67	826.2293		-3.34550	
643.1416	237.8743	179.7121	36.20681	77.92604	100.94	796.7549		-3.34555	
651.9518	229.0641	179.7124	36.12741	77.92557	101.21	767.2801		-3.34560	
660.7620	220.2540	179.7127	36.04801	77.92509	101.49	737.8048		-3.34565	
669.5721	211.4438	179.7130	35.96861	77.92459	101.78	708.3291		-3.34571	
678.3823	202.6337	179.7132	35.88921	77.92410	102.08	679.8529		-3.34577	
687.1924	193.8235	179.7135	35.80981	77.92361	102.40	649.3761		-3.34584	
696.0026	185.0133	179.7138	35.73040	77.92313	102.72	619.8988		-3.34592	
704.8128	176.2032	179.7141	35.65100	77.92264	103.06	590.4207		-3.34600	
713.6229	167.3930	179.7144	35.57159	77.92215	103.42	560.9419		-3.34609	
722.4331	158.5829	179.7147	35.49218	77.92167	103.79	531.4623		-3.34619	
731.2432	149.7727	179.7149	35.41277	77.92119	104.18	501.9818		-3.34631	
740.0534	140.9626	179.7152	35.33336	77.92071	104.60	472.5003		-3.34644	
748.8636	132.1524	179.7155	35.25395	77.92022	105.04	443.0176		-3.34658	
757.6737	123.3422	179.7158	35.17454	77.91974	105.51	413.5338		-3.34674	
766.4839	114.5321	179.7161	35.09513	77.91924	106.02	384.0485		-3.34692	
775.2940	105.7219	179.7163	35.01572	77.91879	106.56	354.5616		-3.34713	
784.1042	96.9118	179.7166	34.93630	77.91831	107.15	325.0728		-3.34737	

Table 13. (Continued)

PENNYSYLVANIA FLIGHT PLAN TO CAROLINA BFACH		PENNSYLVANIA END POINT		LOCATION OF MASTER (CAPE FEAR)		
LAT=N42.0000		LAT=N34D 3M 45.61S		LAT=N34D 3.76M		
LON=W77.965D		LON=W77D 54M 47.20S		LON=W77D 54.787M		
RADIATED POWER (KILOWATTS) DIPOLE CURRENT MOMENT (AMPERE-METERS)		MASTER 400.000 9.7687+004				
DISTANCE IN KILOMETERS TO ORIGIN DESTINATION	AZIMUTH TO DESTINATION DEGMFES	COORDINATES OF PATH LATITUDE DEGREES	LONGITUDE DEGREES	FIELD STRENGTH IN DB RELATIVE TO 1 MICROVOLT/M	TIME DIFFERENCE MICROSECONDS	GRADIENT ALONG THE GEODETIC LINE MICROSECONDS/KM
792.9143	88.1016	179.7169	77.91783	107.81	295.5820	-3.34764
801.7245	79.2914	179.7171	34.85688	108.53	264.0887	-3.34797
810.5347	70.4813	179.7174	34.77747	109.34	234.5926	-3.34835
819.3448	61.6711	179.7177	34.69805	110.27	207.0931	-3.34881
828.1550	52.8610	179.7180	34.61863	111.35	177.5895	-3.35363
836.9651	44.0508	179.7182	34.53921	112.66	148.0435	-3.34972
845.7753	35.2406	179.7185	34.45979	114.22	118.5319	-3.35092
854.5855	26.4305	179.7188	34.38037	116.29	89.0098	-3.35250
863.3956	17.6203	179.7190	34.30094	119.29	59.4737	-3.35386
872.2058	8.8102	179.7193	34.22152	124.61	29.9257	-2.82880
881.0159	0.0000	179.7195	34.14209	322.34	5.0035	0.00000
			77.9131P			

Table 14.

HOMOGENEOUS CASE
KDEL= 0
F= 1.00000000+002 KHZ
SIGMA= 5.00000000+000
E2= R.00000000+001
ALFA= 1.00000000+000
ETA= 1.00010000+000
BORAA= 0.00000000+000
ANN= 0.00000000+000
H2= 0.00000000+000

Table 14. (Continued)

DISTANCE IN KILOMETERS TO ORIGIN DESTINATION		AZIMUTH TO DESTINATION DEGREES		COORDINATES OF PATH LATITUDE LONGITUDE DEGREES		FIELD STRENGTH IN DB RELATIVE TO 1 MICROVOLT/M		TIME DIFFERENCE MICROSECONDS		LOCATION OF MASTER (CAPE FEAR)		GRADIENT ALONG THE GEODETIC LINE MICROSECONDS/KM	
0.0000	881.0159	179.6875	77.96500	42.00000	77.96500	71.96	2940.8557	-3.33844					
8.8102	872.2058	179.6879	77.96442	41.92068	77.96442	72.20	2911.4435	-3.33844					
17.6203	863.3956	179.6883	77.96384	41.84136	77.96384	72.44	2882.0313	-3.33844					
26.4305	854.5855	179.6887	77.96327	41.76204	77.96327	72.69	2852.6191	-3.33844					
35.2406	845.7753	179.6890	77.96272	41.68272	77.96272	72.93	2823.2069	-3.33844					
44.0508	836.9651	179.6894	77.96212	41.60339	77.96212	73.17	2793.7947	-3.33844					
52.8610	828.1550	179.6898	77.96155	41.52407	77.96155	73.42	2764.3825	-3.33843					
61.6711	819.3448	179.6902	77.96098	41.44474	77.96098	73.66	2734.9704	-3.33843					
70.4813	810.5347	179.6906	77.96041	41.36542	77.96041	73.90	2705.5583	-3.33843					
79.2914	801.7245	179.6909	77.95984	41.28609	77.95984	74.15	2676.1462	-3.33843					
88.1016	792.9143	179.6913	77.95927	41.20676	77.95927	74.39	2646.7341	-3.33843					
96.9118	784.1042	179.6917	77.95871	41.12743	77.95871	74.64	2617.3220	-3.33842					
105.7219	775.2940	179.6921	77.95814	41.04810	77.95814	74.89	2587.9099	-3.33842					
114.5321	766.4839	179.6924	77.95758	40.96877	77.95758	75.13	2558.4979	-3.33842					
123.3422	757.6737	179.6928	77.95702	40.88943	77.95702	75.38	2529.0859	-3.33842					
132.1524	748.8635	179.6932	77.95646	40.81010	77.95646	75.63	2499.6739	-3.33842					
140.9625	740.0534	179.6935	77.95590	40.73076	77.95590	75.88	2470.2619	-3.33841					
149.7727	731.2432	179.6939	77.95534	40.65143	77.95534	76.13	2440.8500	-3.33841					
158.5829	722.4331	179.6942	77.95479	40.57209	77.95479	76.38	2411.4381	-3.33841					
167.3930	713.6229	179.6946	77.95423	40.49275	77.95423	76.63	2382.0262	-3.33840					
176.2032	704.8128	179.6950	77.95368	40.41341	77.95368	76.88	2352.6143	-3.33840					
185.0133	696.0026	179.6953	77.95313	40.33407	77.95313	77.13	2323.2025	-3.33840					
193.8235	687.1924	179.6957	77.95258	40.25472	77.95258	77.39	2293.7907	-3.33839					
202.6337	678.3823	179.6960	77.95203	40.17538	77.95203	77.64	2264.3789	-3.33839					
211.4438	669.5721	179.6964	77.95148	40.09604	77.95148	77.89	2234.9671	-3.33838					
220.2540	660.7620	179.6967	77.95093	40.01669	77.95093	78.15	2205.5555	-3.33838					
229.0641	651.9518	179.6971	77.95039	39.93734	77.95039	78.41	2176.1438	-3.33838					
237.8743	643.1416	179.6974	77.94984	39.85800	77.94984	78.66	2146.7322	-3.33837					
246.6845	634.3315	179.6978	77.94930	39.77865	77.94930	78.92	2117.3206	-3.33837					
255.4946	625.5213	179.6981	77.94876	39.69930	77.94876	79.18	2087.9090	-3.33836					

Table 14. (Continued)

DISTANCE IN KILOMETERS TO ORIGIN DESTINATION		AZIMUTH TO DESTINATION DEGREES		COORDINATES OF PATH LATITUDE DEGREES		LONGITUDE DEGREES		FIELD STRENGTH IN DB RELATIVE TO 1 MICROVOLT/M		TIME DIFFERENCE MICROSECONDS		GRADIENT ALONG THE GEODETIC LINE MICROSECONDS/KM	
PENNSYLVANIA FLIGHT PLAN TO CAROLINA BEACH		PENNSYLVANIA END POINT		LAT=N42.000D		LAT=N34D 3.76M		LON=W77D 54.787M		LOCATION OF MASTER (CAPE FEAR)		LON=W77D 54.787M	
RADIATED POWER (KILOWATTS)		DIPOL CURRENT MOMENT (AMPERE-METERS)		MASTER		400.000		9.7687+004					
264.3048	616.7112	179.6985	39.61995	77.94822	79.44	2058.4975	-3.33836						
273.1149	607.9010	179.6988	39.54059	77.94768	79.70	2029.0861	-3.33835						
281.9251	599.0908	179.6992	39.46124	77.94714	79.96	1999.6747	-3.33835						
290.7353	590.2807	179.6995	39.38189	77.94660	80.23	1970.2633	-3.33834						
299.5454	581.4705	179.6998	39.30253	77.94607	80.49	1940.8520	-3.33833						
308.3556	572.6604	179.7002	39.22317	77.94553	80.75	1911.4407	-3.33833						
317.1657	563.8502	179.7005	39.14382	77.94500	81.02	1882.0296	-3.33832						
325.9759	555.0400	179.7009	39.06446	77.94447	81.29	1852.6184	-3.33831						
334.7861	546.2299	179.7012	38.98510	77.94394	81.56	1823.2074	-3.33831						
343.5962	537.4197	179.7015	38.90574	77.94341	81.83	1793.7963	-3.33830						
352.4064	528.6096	179.7019	38.82637	77.94288	82.10	1764.3854	-3.33829						
361.2165	519.7994	179.7022	38.74701	77.94235	82.37	1734.9745	-3.33828						
370.0267	510.9892	179.7025	38.66765	77.94182	82.65	1705.5637	-3.33827						
378.8369	502.1791	179.7028	38.58828	77.94130	82.93	1676.1530	-3.33827						
387.6470	493.3689	179.7032	38.50891	77.94078	83.20	1646.7423	-3.33826						
396.4572	484.5588	179.7035	38.42955	77.94025	83.48	1617.3318	-3.33825						
405.2673	475.7486	179.7038	38.35018	77.93973	83.77	1587.9213	-3.33824						
414.0775	466.9384	179.7041	38.27081	77.93921	84.05	1558.5109	-3.33823						
422.8877	458.1283	179.7045	38.19144	77.93869	84.34	1529.1006	-3.33822						
431.6978	449.3181	179.7048	38.11206	77.93817	84.63	1499.6904	-3.33820						
440.5080	440.5080	179.7051	38.03269	77.93766	84.92	1470.2802	-3.33819						
449.3181	431.6978	179.7054	37.95332	77.93714	85.21	1440.8702	-3.33818						
458.1283	422.8877	179.7057	37.87394	77.93663	85.51	1411.4603	-3.33817						
466.9384	414.0775	179.7060	37.79457	77.93611	85.80	1382.0505	-3.33816						
475.7486	405.2673	179.7064	37.71519	77.93560	86.10	1352.6408	-3.33814						
484.5588	396.4572	179.7067	37.63581	77.93509	86.41	1323.2312	-3.33813						
493.3689	387.6470	179.7070	37.55643	77.93458	86.72	1293.8218	-3.33812						
502.1791	378.8368	179.7073	37.47705	77.93407	87.03	1264.4125	-3.33810						
510.9892	370.0267	179.7076	37.39767	77.93356	87.34	1235.0033	-3.33809						
519.7994	361.2165	179.7079	37.31828	77.93305	87.66	1205.5942	-3.33807						

Table 14. (Continued)

DISTANCE IN KILOMETERS TO ORIGIN DESTINATION		AZIMUTH TO DESTINATION DEGREES		COORDINATES OF PATH LATITUDE DEGREES LONGITUDE DEGREES		FIELD STRENGTH IN DB RELATIVE TO 1 MICROVOLT/M		TIME DIFFERENCE MICROSECONDS		GRADIENT ALONG THE GEODETIC LINE MICROSECONDS/KM	
PENNSYLVANIA FLIGHT PLAN TO CAROLINA BEACH PENNSYLVANIA END POINT TO LAT=N34N 3.76M LON=W77D 54.787M LAT=N42.000D LON=W77.965D											
MASTER LOCATION OF MASTER (CAPE FEAR) RADIATED POWER (KILOWATTS) 400.000 DIPOLE CURRENT MOMENT (AMPERE-METERS) 9.7687+004											
528.6096	352.4064	179.7082	77.93255	37.23990	77.93255	87.98	1176.1853	-3.33805			
537.4197	343.5962	179.7085	77.93204	37.15952	77.93204	88.31	1146.7765	-3.33804			
546.2290	334.7861	179.7088	77.93154	37.08013	77.93154	88.64	1117.3678	-3.33802			
555.0400	325.9759	179.7091	77.93103	37.00074	77.93103	88.97	1087.9594	-3.33800			
563.8502	317.1657	179.7094	77.93053	36.92135	77.93053	89.31	1058.5510	-3.33798			
572.6604	308.3556	179.7097	77.93003	36.84197	77.93003	89.66	1029.1429	-3.33796			
581.4705	299.5454	179.7100	77.92953	36.76257	77.92953	90.01	999.7349	-3.33794			
590.2807	290.7353	179.7103	77.92903	36.68318	77.92903	90.37	970.3271	-3.33792			
599.0908	281.9251	179.7106	77.92853	36.60379	77.92853	90.73	940.9195	-3.33790			
607.9010	273.1149	179.7109	77.92804	36.52440	77.92804	91.10	911.5121	-3.33788			
616.7112	264.3048	179.7112	77.92754	36.44500	77.92754	91.48	882.1048	-3.33785			
625.5213	255.4946	179.7115	77.92705	36.36561	77.92705	91.86	852.6978	-3.33783			
634.3315	246.6845	179.7118	77.92655	36.28621	77.92655	92.26	823.2910	-3.33780			
643.1416	237.8743	179.7121	77.92606	36.20681	77.92606	92.67	793.8844	-3.33778			
651.9518	229.0641	179.7124	77.92557	36.12741	77.92557	93.08	764.4781	-3.33775			
660.7620	220.2540	179.7127	77.92508	36.04801	77.92508	93.51	735.0720	-3.33772			
669.5721	211.4438	179.7130	77.92459	35.96861	77.92459	93.95	705.6661	-3.33769			
678.3823	202.6337	179.7132	77.92410	35.88921	77.92410	94.40	676.2605	-3.33766			
687.1924	193.8235	179.7135	77.92361	35.80981	77.92361	94.86	646.8552	-3.33763			
696.0026	185.0133	179.7138	77.92313	35.73040	77.92313	95.35	617.4502	-3.33759			
704.8128	176.2032	179.7141	77.92264	35.65100	77.92264	95.85	588.0455	-3.33756			
713.6229	167.3930	179.7144	77.92215	35.57159	77.92215	96.37	558.6411	-3.33752			
722.4331	158.5829	179.7147	77.92167	35.49218	77.92167	96.91	529.2370	-3.33748			
731.2432	149.7727	179.7149	77.92119	35.41277	77.92119	97.48	499.8333	-3.33744			
740.0534	140.9626	179.7152	77.92071	35.33336	77.92071	98.07	470.4300	-3.33739			
748.8636	132.1524	179.7155	77.92022	35.25395	77.92022	98.70	441.0270	-3.33734			
757.6737	123.3422	179.7158	77.91974	35.17454	77.91974	99.37	411.6245	-3.33728			
766.4839	114.5321	179.7161	77.91926	35.09513	77.91926	100.07	382.2225	-3.33722			
775.2940	105.7219	179.7163	77.91879	35.01572	77.91879	100.83	352.8211	-3.33716			
784.1042	96.9118	179.7166	77.91831	34.93630	77.91831	101.64	323.4202	-3.33708			

Table 14. (Continued)

LAT=N42.000		PENNSYLVANIA END POINT LON=W77.9650		PENNSYLVANIA FLIGHT PLAN TO CAROLINA REACH TO LAT=N34D 3.76M		LON=W77D 54.787M	
LAT=N34D 3.76M		LON=W77D 54.787M		LOCATION OF MASTER (CAPE FEAR)		MASTER	
RADIATED POWER (KILOWATTS)		DIPOL CURRENT MOMENT (AMPERE-METFPS)		FIELD STRENGTH IN DB RELATIVE TO 1 MICROVOLT/M		TIME DIFFERENCE MICROSECONDS	
DIPOL CURRENT MOMENT (AMPERE-METFPS)		9.7687+004		400.000		9.7687+004	
DISTANCE IN KILOMETERS TO ORIGIN DESTINATION		AZIMUTH TO DESTINATION DEGREES		COORDINATES OF PATH LATITUDE DEGREES		LONGITUDE DEGREES	
792.9143	86.1016	179.7169	77.91783	34.85688	77.91783	102.52	294.0200
801.7245	79.2914	179.7171	77.91736	34.77747	77.91736	103.49	264.6205
810.5347	70.4813	179.7174	77.91688	34.59805	77.91688	104.56	235.2220
819.3448	61.6711	179.7177	77.91641	34.51863	77.91641	105.77	205.8248
828.1550	52.8610	179.7180	77.91594	34.53921	77.91594	107.15	176.4291
834.9651	44.0508	179.7182	77.91546	34.45979	77.91546	108.90	146.9898
845.7753	35.2406	179.7185	77.91499	34.38037	77.91499	110.84	117.6015
854.5855	26.4305	179.7188	77.91452	34.30094	77.91452	113.34	88.2158
863.3956	17.6203	179.7190	77.91405	34.22152	77.91405	116.86	58.8368
872.2058	8.8102	179.7193	77.91358	34.14209	77.91358	122.87	29.4859
881.0159	0.0000	179.7195	77.91312	34.06267	77.91312	550.91	5.0000
							0.0000

Table 15.

HOMOGENEOUS CASE

KDEL= 1
 F= 1.000000000+002 KHZ
 SIGMA= 5.000000000+000
 E2= 8.000000000+001
 ALFA= 1.000000000+000
 ETA= 1.000100000+000
 BORA= 3.000000000+002
 ANNE= 3.000000000-007
 H2= 0.000000000+000

Table 15. (Continued)

LAT=42.0700		PENNSYLVANIA END POINT		PENNSYLVANIA FLIGHT PLAN		TO CAROLINA REACH		LON=77.9850		LON=77D 54.787M	
LAT=N34D 3.76M		LON=W77D 54.787M		MASTER		LOCATION OF MASTER (CAPE FEAR)					
RADIATED POWER (KILOWATTS)		MOMENT (AMPERE-METERS)		400.000		9.7687+004					
DIPOL CURRENT											
AZIMUTH TO DESTINATION DEGREES		COORDINATES OF PATH		FIELD STRENGTH IN DB RELATIVE TO 1 MICROVOLT/M		TIME DIFFERENCE MICROSECONDS		GRADIENT ALONG THE GEODETIC LINE MICROSECONDS/KM			
DISTANCE IN KILOMETERS TO ORIGIN DESTINATION		LATITUDE DEGREES		LONGITUDE DEGREES							
0.0000	881.0159	179.6875	42.00000	77.98500	93.48	2946.4164	-3.34339				
8.8102	872.7058	179.6879	41.92068	77.96442	93.56	2916.9605	-3.34339				
17.6204	863.3956	179.6883	41.84136	77.96384	93.64	2887.5047	-3.34339				
26.4306	854.0855	179.6887	41.76204	77.96327	93.72	2858.0489	-3.34339				
35.2408	845.7753	179.6890	41.68272	77.96269	93.80	2828.5930	-3.34339				
44.0508	836.4651	179.6894	41.60339	77.96212	93.88	2799.1372	-3.34339				
52.8610	828.1550	179.6898	41.52407	77.96155	93.96	2769.6813	-3.34340				
61.6711	819.8448	179.6902	41.44474	77.96098	94.04	2740.2255	-3.34340				
70.4813	811.5347	179.6906	41.36542	77.96041	94.12	2710.7697	-3.34340				
79.2914	803.2245	179.6909	41.28609	77.95984	94.21	2681.3138	-3.34340				
88.1016	794.9143	179.6913	41.20676	77.95927	94.29	2651.8579	-3.34340				
96.9118	786.6042	179.6917	41.12743	77.95871	94.37	2622.4021	-3.34340				
105.7219	778.2940	179.6921	41.04810	77.95814	94.46	2592.9462	-3.34340				
114.5321	769.9838	179.6924	40.96877	77.95758	94.54	2563.4904	-3.34340				
123.3422	761.6737	179.6928	40.88943	77.95702	94.63	2534.0345	-3.34340				
132.1524	753.3635	179.6932	40.81010	77.95646	94.72	2504.5786	-3.34340				
140.9625	745.0534	179.6935	40.73076	77.95590	94.80	2475.1228	-3.34340				
149.7727	736.7432	179.6939	40.65143	77.95534	94.89	2445.6669	-3.34340				
158.5829	728.4331	179.6942	40.57209	77.95479	94.98	2416.2110	-3.34340				
167.3930	720.1229	179.6946	40.49275	77.95423	95.07	2386.7551	-3.34340				
176.2032	711.8128	179.6950	40.41341	77.95368	95.16	2357.2992	-3.34340				
185.0133	703.5026	179.6953	40.33407	77.95313	95.25	2327.8433	-3.34340				
193.8235	695.1924	179.6957	40.25472	77.95258	95.34	2298.3874	-3.34340				
202.6337	686.8823	179.6960	40.17538	77.95203	95.43	2268.9315	-3.34340				
211.4438	678.5721	179.6964	40.09604	77.95148	95.52	2239.4756	-3.34340				
220.2540	670.2620	179.6967	40.01669	77.95093	95.62	2210.0196	-3.34341				
229.0641	661.9518	179.6971	39.93734	77.95039	95.71	2180.5637	-3.34341				
237.8743	653.6416	179.6974	39.85800	77.94984	95.81	2151.1078	-3.34341				
246.6845	645.3315	179.6978	39.77865	77.94930	95.90	2121.6518	-3.34341				
255.4946	637.0213	179.6981	39.69930	77.94876	96.00	2092.1958	-3.34341				

Table 15. (Continued)

PENNYSYLVANIA FLIGHT PLAN TO CAROLINA BEACH		PENNYSYLVANIA END POINT TO LAT=N34D 3.76M		PENNYSYLVANIA END POINT TO LAT=N34D 3.76M		PENNYSYLVANIA END POINT TO LAT=N34D 3.76M		PENNYSYLVANIA END POINT TO LAT=N34D 3.76M	
LAT=N42.000D		LAT=N34D 3.76M		LAT=N34D 3.76M		LAT=N34D 3.76M		LAT=N34D 3.76M	
ORIGIN	DESTINATION	DIPOLE CURRENT MOMENT (AMPERE-METERS)	RADIATED POWER (KILOWATTS)	ANGLE TO DESTINATION DEGREES	COORDINATES OF PATH DEGREES	LONGITUDE DEGREES	FIELD STRENGTH IN DB RELATIVE TO 1 MICROVOLT/M	TIME DIFFERENCE MICROSECONDS	GRADIENT ALONG THE GEODETIC LINE MICROSECONDS/KM
264.3048	616.7112	179.6985	39.61995	77.94822	77.94822	96.10	2062.7399	-3.34341	
273.1149	607.9010	179.6988	39.54059	77.94768	77.94768	96.20	2033.2839	-3.34341	
281.9251	599.0908	179.6992	39.46124	77.94714	77.94714	96.30	2003.8279	-3.34341	
290.7353	590.2807	179.6995	39.38189	77.94660	77.94660	96.40	1974.3719	-3.34342	
298.5454	581.4705	179.6998	39.30253	77.94607	77.94607	96.50	1944.9158	-3.34342	
308.3556	572.6604	179.7002	39.22317	77.94553	77.94553	96.61	1915.4598	-3.34342	
317.1657	563.8502	179.7005	39.14382	77.94500	77.94500	96.71	1886.0038	-3.34342	
325.9759	555.0400	179.7009	39.06446	77.94447	77.94447	96.82	1856.5477	-3.34342	
334.7861	546.2299	179.7012	38.98510	77.94394	77.94394	96.92	1827.0916	-3.34343	
343.5962	537.4197	179.7015	38.90574	77.94341	77.94341	97.03	1797.6355	-3.34343	
352.4064	528.6096	179.7019	38.82637	77.94288	77.94288	97.14	1768.1794	-3.34343	
361.2165	519.7994	179.7022	38.74701	77.94235	77.94235	97.25	1738.7232	-3.34343	
370.0267	510.9892	179.7025	38.66765	77.94182	77.94182	97.36	1709.2670	-3.34344	
378.8369	502.1791	179.7028	38.58828	77.94130	77.94130	97.48	1679.8108	-3.34344	
387.6470	493.3689	179.7032	38.50891	77.94078	77.94078	97.59	1650.3546	-3.34344	
396.4572	484.5588	179.7035	38.42955	77.94025	77.94025	97.71	1620.8983	-3.34345	
405.2673	475.7486	179.7038	38.35018	77.93973	77.93973	97.83	1591.4420	-3.34345	
414.0775	466.9384	179.7041	38.27081	77.93921	77.93921	97.95	1561.9857	-3.34345	
422.8877	458.1283	179.7045	38.19144	77.93869	77.93869	98.07	1532.5293	-3.34346	
431.6978	449.3181	179.7048	38.11206	77.93817	77.93817	98.19	1503.0729	-3.34346	
440.5080	440.5080	179.7051	38.03269	77.93766	77.93766	98.32	1473.6164	-3.34347	
449.3181	431.6978	179.7054	37.95332	77.93714	77.93714	98.45	1444.1600	-3.34347	
458.1283	422.8877	179.7057	37.87394	77.93663	77.93663	98.58	1414.7034	-3.34348	
466.9384	414.0775	179.7060	37.79457	77.93611	77.93611	98.71	1385.2469	-3.34349	
475.7486	405.2673	179.7064	37.71519	77.93560	77.93560	98.84	1355.7902	-3.34349	
484.5588	396.4572	179.7067	37.63581	77.93509	77.93509	98.98	1326.3335	-3.34350	
493.3689	387.6470	179.7070	37.55643	77.93458	77.93458	99.12	1296.8767	-3.34351	
502.1791	378.8368	179.7073	37.47705	77.93407	77.93407	99.26	1267.4199	-3.34352	
510.9892	370.0267	179.7076	37.39767	77.93356	77.93356	99.41	1237.9630	-3.34352	
519.7994	361.2165	179.7079	37.31828	77.93305	77.93305	99.55	1208.5060	-3.34353	

Table 15. (Continued)

				PENNSYLVANIA FLIGHT PLAN			TO CAROLINA BEACH		LOCATION OF MASTER (CAPE FEAR)						
				PFNNSYLVANIA END POINT			TO		LON=77D 54.787M						
				LAT=N42.000D			LON=77.965D		LAT=N34D 3.76M						
				LAT=N34D 3.76M			LON=77D 54.787M		LON=77D 54.787M						
				ADIATED POWER (KILOWATTS)			MASTER								
				DIPOLE CURRENT MOMENT (AMPERE-METERS)			400.000								
				9.7687+004											
				DISTANCE IN KILOMETERS TO ORIGIN DESTINATION			COORDINATES OF PATH			FIELD STRENGTH IN OH RELATIVE TO 1 MICROVOLT/M		TIME DIFFERENCE MICROSECONDS		GRADIENT ALONG THE GEODETIC LINE MICROSECONDS/KM	
				47MUTU TO DESTINATION DEGREES			LATITUDE LONGITUDE DEGREES								
528.6096	352.4064	179.7082	37.23890	77.93255	99.71	1179.0489	-3.34354								
537.4197	343.5962	179.7085	37.15952	77.93204	99.86	1149.5918	-3.34356								
546.2299	334.7861	179.7088	37.08013	77.93154	100.02	1120.1345	-3.34357								
555.0400	325.9759	179.7091	37.00074	77.93103	100.18	1090.6772	-3.34358								
563.8502	317.1657	179.7094	36.92135	77.93053	100.35	1061.2197	-3.34360								
572.6604	308.3556	179.7097	36.84197	77.93003	100.52	1031.7621	-3.34361								
581.4705	299.5454	179.7100	36.76257	77.92953	100.69	1002.3043	-3.34363								
590.2807	290.7353	179.7103	36.68318	77.92903	100.87	972.8464	-3.34364								
599.0909	281.9251	179.7106	36.60379	77.92853	101.06	943.3884	-3.34366								
607.9010	273.1149	179.7109	36.52440	77.92804	101.25	913.9302	-3.34368								
616.7112	264.3048	179.7112	36.44500	77.92754	101.44	884.4718	-3.34371								
625.5213	255.4946	179.7115	36.36561	77.92705	101.65	855.0132	-3.34373								
634.3315	246.6845	179.7118	36.28621	77.92655	101.86	825.5544	-3.34376								
643.1416	237.8743	179.7121	36.20681	77.92606	102.07	796.0953	-3.34379								
651.9519	229.0641	179.7124	36.12741	77.92557	102.30	766.6360	-3.34382								
660.7620	220.2540	179.7127	36.04801	77.92508	102.54	737.1765	-3.34385								
669.5721	211.4438	179.7130	35.96861	77.92459	102.78	707.7166	-3.34389								
678.3823	202.6337	179.7132	35.88921	77.92410	103.03	678.2564	-3.34393								
687.1924	193.8235	179.7135	35.80981	77.92361	103.30	648.7958	-3.34398								
696.0026	185.0133	179.7138	35.73040	77.92313	103.58	619.3348	-3.34403								
704.8128	176.2032	179.7141	35.65100	77.92264	103.87	589.8733	-3.34409								
713.6229	167.3930	179.7144	35.57159	77.92215	104.18	560.4114	-3.34415								
722.4331	158.5829	179.7147	35.49218	77.92167	104.51	530.9489	-3.34422								
731.2432	149.7727	179.7149	35.41277	77.92119	104.86	501.4858	-3.34430								
740.0534	140.9626	179.7152	35.33336	77.92071	105.23	472.0220	-3.34438								
748.8636	132.1524	179.7155	35.25395	77.92022	105.63	442.5574	-3.34448								
757.6737	123.3422	179.7158	35.17454	77.91974	106.05	413.0920	-3.34459								
766.4839	114.5321	179.7161	35.09513	77.91926	106.51	383.6256	-3.34472								
775.2940	105.7219	179.7163	35.01572	77.91879	107.01	354.1582	-3.34486								
784.1042	96.9118	179.7166	34.93630	77.91831	107.56	324.6894	-3.34503								